# ENVIRONMENT AND SOCIAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT - ENVIRONMENT AND SOCIAL MANAGEMENT PLAN REPORT FOR FIVE SUBSTATIONS

(JAKHLABANDHA, NAGAON-2, CHHAYGAON, BURHIGAON AND SHANKARDEV NAGAR)

# ASSAM INTRA-STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

## SUBMITTED TO ASIAN INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENT BANK



# SUBMITTED BY ASSAM ELECTRICITY GRID CORPORATION LIMITED PREPARED BY: PT FEEDBACK INFRA CONSORTIUM



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ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

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#### **ABBREVIATIONS**

AH Affected Household

AIIB Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank
AEGCL Assam Electricity Grid Corporation Limited

AIS Air Insulated Substation

AISTSEP Assam Intra-State Transmission System Enhancement Project

APCB Assam Pollution Control Board
AGM Assistant General Manager

BOQ Bill of Quantity

CEA Central Electricity Authority

CESMP Contractor's Environmental and Social Management Plan
CPCB Central Pollution Control Board, Government of India

CBO Community Based Organization

DisCom Distribution Company
DPR Detailed Project Report

DC or D/C Double Circuit

EA Executing Agency

EHV Extra High Voltage

EIA Environmental Impact Assessment

EPC Engineering, Procurement And Construction Management

E&S Environment and Social

E&S officer Environment and Social Officer
E&S Specialist Environment and Social Specialist

ESIA Environmental and Social Impact Assessment

ESMPF Environmental and Social Management and Planning Framework

ESMP Environmental and Social Management Plan

ESP Environmental and Social Policy
ESS Environmental and Social Standard

FGD Focus Group Discussion
GoA Government of Assam
Gol Government of India
GHG Greenhouse Gas

GIS Gas Insulated Substation

GSS Grid Sub-station

GRC Grievance Redress Committee
GRM Grievance Redress Mechanism
HTLS High Temperature Low Sag
IA Implementing Agency

IGC Industrial Growth Centre

IMD Indian Meteorological Department

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INR Indian Rupee

IPP Indigenous People Plan

IPPF Indigenous People Planning Framework

IP Indigenous Peoples
LA Land Acquisition

MoEF&CC Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change

NWBL National Wildlife Board

NGO Non-Government Organization
OPGW Optical Power Ground Wire
PAPs Project Affected Persons

PFA Power for All

PIU Project Implementation Unit
PMC Project Management Consultancy

PMU Project Management Unit

RP Resettlement Plan

RPF Resettlement Planning Framework

RoW Right of Way

RFCLARRA Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition Rehabilitation

and Resettlement Act, 2013

SBWL State Wildlife Board

SC or S/C Single Circuit

SF6 Sulphur Hexafluoride

S/S Substation (s)
ST Scheduled Tribe

STU State Transmission Utility

TL Transmission Line

T&T Tower and Transmission

#### **WEIGHTS AND MEASURES**

GW Gigawatt

Ha. (hectare) 10,000 sq. m = 2.47105 Acre

km (kilometer) 1,000 meters

kV kilovolt (1,000 volts) kW kilowatt (1,000 watts) MVA Megavolt Ampere

MW Megawatt

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#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

To support the implementation of Power for All (PFA) plan, Government of Assam (GoA) has requested the Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB), through Government of India (GOI), for financial and technical assistance to upgrade and strengthen the power transmission network in the state of Assam. AIIB has considered supporting enhancement of power transmission to improve the reliability of power supply through "Assam Intra-State Transmission System Enhancement Project" (The Project) in two phases.

AEGCL, the State Transmission Utility (STU) of Assam, owns and operates intra-state Transmission system of Assam and is responsible for transmission of electricity to the distribution entity of Assam from the Generating Plants of the State as well as from Central Sector Generating Utilities and the power contracted from other sources. AEGCL is the implementing agency of the project. PT Feedback Infra Limited, Indonesia in Association with Jade Consult Nepal and NIPSA, Spain has been engaged by AEGCL as Project Management Consultant (PMC).

The Project under Phase I includes the construction of 10 new substation in 400kV, 220kV and 132kV voltage level along with the associated (332.945 km) transmission lines (TL), Conversion of one no. of existing AEGCL S/S (132/33kV Gohpur) from AIS to GIS; Augmentation of 14 existing substations (replacement of old transformers with new transformers); Augmentation of 186 km of transmission line (restringing of One Single Circuit (S/C) line and two Double Circuit (D/C) line) by High Temperature Low Sag (HTLS) conductors; Replacement of ground wire to Optical Power Ground Wire (OPGW) for 636 km of transmission lines and substation equipment at substations.

Power transmission projects including the construction of substations have not been listed in the list of environmentally sensitive projects and hence, no environmental clearance is required, as per the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) notification of 2006 and its subsequent amendments by the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC). However, project associated activity like quarry operation (if any) for the project may require prior Environmental Clearance. Clearance from the Assam Forest Department is required only in cases where a project is constructed on forest land or requires cutting of forest trees. Clearance from the National Wildlife Board (NWBL) / State Wildlife Board (SBWL) is required only in cases where a project is constructed on Notified Wildlife area or within the Eco-sensitive Zone of Wildlife area. Clearance from the Wetland authority is required only in cases where a project is constructed on Notified Wetland or within the Eco-sensitive Zone of Wetland. Based on the screening, forest, wildlife and wetland clearances are not applicable for substation locations.

As the Project is funded through the AIIB, the Bank's Environmental and Social Policy (ESP) applies. The Project has been assigned to "Category B" as per the ESP, as substations are not located in sensitive areas.

The present Environmental and Social Impact Assessment (ESIA) and Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP) report focuses on the five numbers of substations (S/S) namely Jakhlabandha, Nagaon-2, Chhaygaon, Burhigaon and Shankardevnagar.

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**ESS 1** will be applicable to the Project as civil works may cause a limited number of potentially adverse environmental and social impacts. These impacts are not unprecedented and are limited to the Project area.

**ESS 2 and ESS 3** does not trigger in five substations namely Jakhlabandha, Nagaon-2, Chhaygaon, Burhigaon and Shankardevnagar.

ESIA-ESMP of remaining S/S and the associated transmission lines for all the substations of the project will be prepared separately.

The detail of the various regulatory frameworks pertaining to the project has already been discussed / considered in ESMPF.

AEGCL's working operation safety manual also serves as its commitment towards fulfilling the E&S responsibilities including occupation health and safety.

A baseline study to assess the environmental and socio-economic conditions within the five substations premises and adjoining areas has been conducted on 3<sup>rd</sup>, 4<sup>th</sup>, 6<sup>th</sup> and 7<sup>th</sup> May 2021 to gather baseline information of the environmental and social profile. The detail of the baseline conditions of substations are provided in main report.

Environmental sensitive sites are away from the proposed substation sites. Environmental conditions of most of the substation sites are quite good except Chhaygaon substation which is located in industrial area.

As assessed from the baseline condition, the impacts are manageable as no major environmental issues have been recorded during site visit. Details of impact and mitigation measures are discussed in the main report. ESMP cost to implement the key environmental & social measures and environmental & social monitoring plan which a part of Engineering Procurement Construction (EPC) Contractor's contract as included in Bill Of Quantity (BOQ) item and as part of their good Engineering practice. An amount of INR 1,48,36,500 is estimated to be required for implementation of ESMP.

The land for construction for five S/S namely Jakhlabandha, Chhaygaon, Nagaon-2, Burhigaon and Shankardevnagar are AEGCL / transferred from APDCL and IGC, AIIDC.

Public consultations were conducted with local habitants (30 participants in four S/S namely Jakhlabandha, Chhaygaon, Nagaon-2 and Burhigaon) like economically poor communities, women, vulnerable groups and other local community leaders nearby substation location on 3<sup>rd</sup>, 4<sup>th</sup>, 6<sup>th</sup> and 7<sup>th</sup> May 2021. Consultation with 7 numbers of participants of Shankardevnagar S/S was conducted on 01.02.2022. The consultation followed strict protocols to prevent the spread of Covid-19 and to reiterate awareness about safe behavior.

The transcript of these discussions will help AEGCL and the EPC contractor to conduct a proper needs assessment to ensure the issues raised by people are addressed appropriately. Consultation will be carried out on an on-going basis throughout the sub-project cycle.

Community welcomed the construction of proposed sub- stations and associated activities. No major environmental issues were raised during the consultation process, except in Chhaygaon substation which is located within industrial area, where it was said by the villagers that the alcohol factory

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releases stingy gases in the evening time and the smell of the gas is awkward. The intensity of smell is more during the rainy season. A few of the affected families has shown their interest on unskilled works on temporary basis when the civil works are initiated.

Local people are waiting eagerly for the implementation to start, so they could receive better power and hoped for some employment generation.

This draft ESIA - ESMP will be disclosed online on the website of AIIB and AEGCL. Their hardcopies in English are available at the following locations:

1. PMU: Project Director,

Address: 1<sup>st</sup> Floor, AEGCL, Bijulee Bhawan,

Contact No.: 0361-2739520 Website: www.aegcl.co.in,

Contact Person: Mr. Lokhnath Choudhury

#### 2. PIU:

Name of the T&T Circle	Name of the Project Districts	Package	Sub-Projects	Focal point / Nominated Official	Contact number (Mobile and WhatsApp)*	Communication Address
		А	Jakhlabandha S/S	Sri Bitupawan Muktiar, AM	9101200875	O/o The DGM, AEGCL, Near Dhanua Nagar
Tezpur	Nagaon	В	Nagaon S/S	Sri Bikash Joshi, JM	7085845022	SBI ATM, Dhanua Nagar, Tezpur, 784001
Mirza	Kamrup (R)	В	Chhaygaon S/S	Mr. Priyam Das, AM	7002176019	O/o The DGM, 400kV Kukurmara Grid, AEGCL, Mirza 781125
	Darang	С	Burhigaon S/S	Sri Debopriyo Dey, AM	8638666021	O/o The DGM, AEGCL, Near Dhanua Nagar
Tezpur	and Hojai	Е	Shankardevnagar S/S	Sri Rahul Das Boruah, RE	8638691764	SBI ATM, Dhanua Nagar, Tezpur, 784001

This executive summary in English and Assamese can be found at the following locations:

1. PMU: Project Director,

Address: 1st Floor, AEGCL, Bijulee Bhawan,

Contact No.: 0361-2739520 Website: www.aegcl.co.in,

Contact Person: Mr. Lokhnath Choudhury

2. PIU: As mentioned in table above.

#### 3. GRC

#### Tier 2:

(i) Chief General Manager (CGM, PP&D), AEGCL Address: 1<sup>st</sup> Floor, AEGCL, Bijulee Bhawan,

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Contact No.: 0361-2739520 Website: www.aegcl.co.in

Contact Person: Mr. Lokhnath Choudhury

(ii) PMU: Project Director,

Address: 1st Floor, AEGCL, Bijulee Bhawan,

Contact No.: 0361-2739520 Website: www.aegcl.co.in,

Contact Person: Mr. Lokhnath Choudhury

**Tier 1:** As mentioned in table above Page no. 3.

The Project provides for the establishment of a Grievance Redress Mechanism (GRM). The GRM is a free system that registers and attempts to resolve concerns or complaints by Project-affected people (PAPs) or construction workers. This process aims to quickly resolve disputes and avoid litigation, thus ensuring the smooth implementation of the project activities.

At all levels of the project Grievance Redress Mechanism, the Grievance Redress Committee members should uphold the objectives of the GRM and strive to achieve them. The primary objectives of GRM are:

- Provide an accessible, transparent, efficient and predictable mechanism for resolution of grievances to all project by:
  - o Popularizing the GRM and how it can be accessed for free.
  - Receiving grievances in various possible forms (Written, Verbal, Electronic, Email, Social Media, Telephone, Fax, Suggestion Box)
  - Establishing clear procedures for redress that covers:
    - Registrations in the GRM log all grievances (including minor and verbal).
    - Acknowledgement to the complainant, explaining expected duration for resolution.
    - Investigation of the grievance, proposing a solution to the complainant and if acceptable closure of the complaint. OR
    - Escalation of the grievance to Tier II which should be communicated to the complaint.
    - Investigation of the grievance, proposing a solution to the complainant
    - Provision of feedback and closure of the grievance in the GRM Log.
  - Complaint should be made aware that:
    - There is no retribution or intimidation for complainants.
    - Access of the GRM is free for the complainants.
    - The GRM does not replace the judicial system.
- Observe for any repeated complaints and inform PMU of such for their systemic resolution.
- Providing an environment that fosters free and honest exchange of information, views, and ideas.

The GRM can be accessed through the following channels:

- Project Sign board
- Display in PIU office/T&T Circle office
- To be upload in the AEGCL web site

The Project-affected People's Mechanism (PPM) has been established by AIIB to provide an opportunity for the independent and impartial review of submissions from Project-affected people

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who believe they have been or are likely to be adversely affected by the AIIB's failure to implement its ESP in situations when their concerns cannot be addressed satisfactorily through the Project-level GRM or the AIIB's management processes. Information about the PPM is available at: https://www.aiib.org/en/policies-strategies/operational-policies/policy-on-the-project-affected-mechanism.html

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

#### 1 INTRODUCTION

Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB) extends financial assistance for "Assam Intra-State Transmission System Enhancement Project" (AISTSEP) to Assam Electricity Grid Corporation Limited (AEGCL), the Implementing Agency (IA), to support the implementation of Power for AII (PFA) plan. PT Feedback Infra Limited, Indonesia in Association with Jade Consult Nepal and NIPSA, Spain has been engaged by AEGCL as Project Management Consultant (PMC). The Project under Phase I includes the construction of 10 new substation in 400kV, 220kV and 132kV voltage level along with the associated (332.945 km) transmission lines (TL), Conversion of one no. of existing AEGCL S/S (132/33kV Gohpur) from AIS to GIS; Augmentation of 14 existing substations (replacement of old transformers with new transformers); Augmentation of 186 km of transmission line (restringing of One Single Circuit (S/C) line and two Double Circuit (D/C) line) by High Temperature Low Sag (HTLS) conductors; Replacement of ground wire to Optical Power Ground Wire (OPGW) for 636 km of transmission lines and substation equipment at substations.

The present Environmental and Social Impact Assessment (ESIA) and Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP) report focuses on the five numbers of substations (S/S) namely Jakhlabandha, Chhaygaon, Nagaon-2, Burhigaon and Shankardevnagar.

ESIA-ESMP of remaining S/S and the associated transmission lines for all the substations of the project will be prepared separately.

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#### 2 DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT AND SUB-PROJECT

#### 2.1 Description of Project

AEGCL, the State Transmission Utility (STU) of Assam, has planned to execute "Assam Intra-State Transmission System Enhancement Project" to materialize the vision of Govt. of India to provide "Power for All" (PFA) and evacuate power from Generating Plants of the State as well as from Central Sector Generating Utilities and other sources as well as strengthen the Grid Infrastructure of the State reducing the transmission losses. AEGCL is responsible for transmission of electricity to the Distribution Company (DisCom) of Assam.

The project scope involves construction of substations and associated transmission lines, augmentation, up gradation and installation of equipment of substations.

#### 2.2 Project component features

The sub-projects are located in different areas of Assam. The location maps of substations are depicted in Figure below.

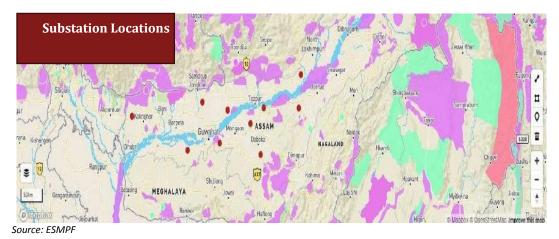


Figure – 1A: Location of Proposed Substations

Figure - 1B: Location of Jakhlabandha Substation



Figure – 1C: Location of Nagaon-2 Substation



Figure – 1D: Location of Chhaygaon Substation

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Figure – 1E: Location of Burhigaon Substation



Figure – 1F: Location of Shankardevnagar Substation

Details of sub-project component features are discussed below.

#### 2.2.1 Establishment of new 220/33kV (2 X 100 MVA) GIS Substation at Jakhlabandha

**a. Logistics:** The Substation is approx. 177 km from Guwahati City via NH-27 up to Nagaon, then SH-3 and NH-715 up to Jakhlabandha. The nearest railway station is Jakhlabandha railway station which is approx. 2 km from Substation.

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- **b. Substation:** The scheme provides for a 220/33kV GIS Substation having 2 nos. 100 MVA Transformers.
- 2.2.2 Establishment of New 220/33kV (2 X 100 MVA) GIS Substation at Nagaon-2
- **a.** Logistics: The Substation is approx. 123 Km from Guwahati City via NH-27 up to Nagaon and then taking Morigaon Nagaon Road to Old AT road up to Teliagaon Chariali. The road condition is good. The nearest railway station Haibargaon which is around 4 km from S/S.
- **b. Substation:** The scheme provides for a GIS Substation having 2 no's 100 MVA 220/33 MVA Transformers. The existing 33kV & 11kV lines to be diverted.
- 2.2.3 Establishment of new 220/33kV (2 X 100 MVA) GIS Substation at Chhaygaon
- **a.** Logistics: The substation is Approx. 57 km from Guwahati City. The road condition from Guwahati to Lampara is good being National Highway (NH-17). From Lampara to Substation it is a single road. Nearest Railway Station is Bamunigaon which is 5km from S/S.
- **b. Substation:** The scheme provides for a 220/33kV GIS Substation having 2 nos. 100 MVA Transformers.
- 2.2.4 Establishment of new 132/33 KV 2 X 50 MVA GIS Substation at Burhigaon
- **a.** Logistics: The substation is approx. 93 Km from Guwahati City via Guwahati Mangaldai National Highway (NH-15) road. Nearest Railway Station is Rowta which is approx. 20 km from S/S.
- b. Substation: The Scheme involves a 132/33kV GIS Substation having 2 nos. 50 MVA Transformers.
- 2.2.5 Establishment of new 220/33kV (2 X 160 MVA) GIS Substation at Shankardevnagar
- **a.** Logistics: The Substation is approx. 170 km from Guwahati City via NH-27. Nearest railway station is at Hojai which is around 9 km from S/S.
- **b. Substation:** The Scheme provides for a GIS Substation having 2 nos. 160 MVA 220/132 KVA Transformers.

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#### 2.3 Detailed Description of Sub-Project

Table - 1: Details of the proposed substations and the land ownership

SI. No.	Scope of Work	GPS coordinates of Substation locations	Location / Village / Town / Tehsil / District	•	Area as per ESMPF (in Hectare)	Area at present (In Hectare)	Slope/ Plain	Type of Land	Ownership
1	Establishment of new 220/33kV (2X100 MVA), GIS substation at Jakhlabandha	26°34'22.32"N 92°59'47.50"E	Jakhlabandha / Nagaon	AGM, 220kV Samaguri GSS, AEGCL	2.5	1.91	Plain	Barren	AEGCL (transferred from APDCL)
2	Establishment of new 220/33kV (2X100 MVA), GIS substation at Nagaon-2	26°22'43.31"N 92°41'45.98"E	Nagaon	AGM, Nagaon T&T Division	2.63	2.00	Plain low land	AEGCL land (transferred from APDCL) used for Agriculture by villagers under mutual understanding with APDCL Circle office	AEGCL (transferred from APDCL)
3	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	26°2'58.10"N 91°16'33.09"E	Chhaygaon / Kamrup (R)	AGM, Mirza Division AEGCL	1.33	1.33	Plain	IGC, AIIDC land with some plants	AEGCL (transferred from IGC, AIIDC)
4	Establishment of new 132/33kV (2X50MVA), GIS substation at Burhigaon	26°32'39.84"N 92°10'40.71"E	Burhigaon / Darrang	AGM 132kV (GSS) Grid Substation, Depota, AEGCL Tezpur	0.79	0.79	Plain	Barren	AEGCL (transferred from APDCL)
5	Establishment of new 220/132kV (2X160 MVA), GIS substation at Shankardevnagar	25°59'13.70"N 92°55'31.56"E	Shankardevnag ar / Hojai	AGM, 220kV Samaguri GSS, AEGCL	2	2	Plain	Barren	AEGCL

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#### 3 REVIEW OF LEGAL & POLICY FRAMEWORK

The laws, regulations and policies of Government of India (GoI), Government of Assam (GoA), International conventions and the AIIB pertaining to E&S risks and impacts need to be considered for effective management of environmental aspects.

As a sequel to the UN Conference on the Human Environment (1972), Indian Parliament in 1976 amended the Constitution of India by introducing articles 48A and 51A. These articles incorporated environmental concerns into the Directive Principles of state policy and postulated as a fundamental duty of all citizens to preserve and protect the environment.

Power transmission projects including the construction of substations have not been listed in the list of environmentally sensitive projects and hence, no environmental clearance is required, as per the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) notification of 2006 and its subsequent amendments by the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC). However, project associated activity like quarry operation (if any) for the project may require prior Environmental Clearance. Clearance from the Assam Forest Department is required only in cases where a project is constructed on forest land or requires cutting of forest trees.

Based on the screening, forest, wildlife and wetland clearances are not applicable for substation locations.

The Project has been assigned to "Category B" as per AIIB's categorization, as AEGCL is not sitting the substations in sensitive areas. **ESS 1** will be applicable to the Project as civil works may cause a limited number of potentially adverse environmental and social impacts. These impacts are not unprecedented and are limited to the Project area.

**ESS 2 and ESS 3** does not trigger in five proposed substations namely Jakhlabandha, Nagaon-2, Chhaygaon, Burhigaon and Shankardevnagar.

The detail of the various regulatory frameworks pertaining to the project has already been discussed / considered in ESMPF.

AEGCL's working operation safety manual also serves as its commitment towards fulfilling the E&S responsibilities including occupation health and safety.

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#### 4 DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENTAL & SOCIAL BASELINE CONDITIONS

### 4.1 E&S baseline and primary data pertinent to the potential E&S risks of Sub-project activities for S/S

Site visits were conducted for five New Substations sites. The ambient air quality monitoring data was collected from secondary sources including EIA reports, data of Star cement factory, AccuWeather.com, etc. of nearby area of proposed substation locations are presented in Table below. The monitoring data generated in pre-construction phase for ambient air quality, water quality, soil quality and noise level by respective EPC contractors for each substation location before start of construction work is provided in Contractor's Environmental and Social Management Plan (CESMP) report and should be considered as baseline data.

Based on the secondary information acquired through consultation with local populace and the site reconnaissance survey it was observed that baseline air quality and ambient noise appeared to be within acceptable limits and air or noise pollution poses insignificant threat currently in almost all the sites except Chhaygaon S/S, which is within industrial area.

Table-2: Air Quality Monitoring Data of nearby area of proposed sub- stations

Name of Monitoring Station	Source		PM10 (μg/m³)		Nitrogen Dioxide ) NO <sub>2</sub> (μg/m³)	Sulphur Dioxide SO <sub>2</sub> (µg/m³)	Remarks
National (NAAQS)	Ambient Air Qual	ity Standards	100	60	80	80	24-hours average
National (NAAQS)	Ambient Air Qual	ity Standards	60	40	40	50	Annual
	AccuWeather.com	28 May 2021	16	5	6	1	Approx. 2 km (aerial) from proposed Jakhlabandha substation location
Bijoynagar	Draft Environmental Impact Assessment/ Environmental Management Plan (EIA/EMP) Report	Dec 2016 – Jan 2017	43.8	14.7	10.7	8.5	Approx. 15 km (aerial) from proposed Chhaygaon substation location
Nagaon	AccuWeather.com	28 May 2021	13	5	6	1	Approx. 2 km (aerial) from proposed Nagaon – 2 and approx. 50km from Shankardevnagar substation location

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Name of Monitoring Station	Source	Sampling Period/Da		PM10 (μg/m³)	PM2.5	Nitrogen Dioxide NO <sub>2</sub> (μg/m³)	Sulphur Dioxide SO <sub>2</sub> (µg/m³)	Remarks		
Burhigaon	AccuWeather.com	28 I 2021	May	16	6	4	1	Approx. (aerial)	2	km from
								proposed Burhigaon		
								substation	loc	ation

#### 4.2 District and location wise social profile of proposed substation locations

Table -3: Social profile of proposed substation locations

SI.	Name of Substation	Particulars	Social profile of proposed substation locations
No			
1.	Establishment of new 220/33 kV (2 X 100 MVA) GIS	Population	Nagaon district: 28,23,768 (male – 14,39,112 female – 13,84,656) as per the Census 2011.  Kaliabor Circle: 1,97,470 as per the Census 2011
	Substation at		(males – 1,00,013, females – 97,457)
	Jakhlabandha	Schedule Caste (SC) and	Nagaon district: SC-2,66,350, ST-1,15,153
		Schedule Tribe (ST) Population	Kaliabor circle: ST-5,286; SC-20,505
		Literacy rate	Nagaon district: 69.59%
			Kaliabor circle: 69.59%
		Sex ratio	Nagaon district: 962
			Kaliabor circle: 974
2.	Establishment of	Population	Nagaon district: 28,23,768 (male – 14,39,112 female
	New 220/33 kV (2 X		– 13,84,656) as per the Census 2011.
	100 MVA) GIS		Nagaon Sadar Circle: 4,06,840 (male –2,06,894
	Substation at		female – 1,99,946) as per the Census 2011.
	Nagaon-2	Schedule Caste (SC) and	Nagaon district: SC-266350, ST-115153
		Schedule Tribe (ST) Population	Nagaon Sadar Circle: ST-14,617; SC-34,460
		Literacy rate	Nagaon district: 69.59%
			Nagaon Sadar Circle: 73.2%
		Sex ratio	Nagaon district: 962
			Nagaon Sadar Circle: 966
3.	Establishment of	Population	Kamrup (Rural) - 1,517,542 (male -7,78,461, female –
	new 220/33kV (2 X		7,39,081) as per the Census 2011.
	100 MVA)GIS		Chhaygaon circle - 1,21,628 (male - 61,741, female
	Substation at		<b>-</b> 59,887)
	Chhaygaon	Schedule Caste (SC) and	Kamrup (Rural) – SC-1,07,827, ST-1,82,038
		Schedule Tribe (ST)	Chhaygaon circle – SC-5,663, ST-46,426
		Population	
		Literacy rate	Kamrup (Rural) – 75.55%
			Chhaygaon circle - 78.68%
		Sex ratio	Kamrup (Rural) – 949/1000 male
			Chhaygaon circle - 970

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_	Name of Substation	Particulars	Social profile of proposed substation locations
No			
4.	Establishment of	Population	Darrang district – 9,28,500 (male – 4,75,273, female
	new 132/33 KV		- 4,53,227) as per the Census 2011.
	2X50 MVA GIS		Dalgaon circle – 55,627 (male – 26,808; female –
	Substation at		25,819)
	Burhigaon	Schedule Caste (SC) and	Darrang district – SC-40,260, ST- 8,419
		Schedule Tribe (ST)	Dalgaon circle - SC-1,644; ST- 22,952
		Population	
		Literacy rate	Darrang district – 63.08%
			Dalgaon circle - 63.2%
		Sex ratio	Darrang district – 954
			Dalgaon circle - 963
5.	Establishment of	Population	Hojai district – 9,31,218 (male – 4,76,480; female –
	new 220/132 kV (2		4,54,738)
	X 160 MVA) GIS		Hojai Circle – 2,28,530 (male – 1,16,852; female –
	Substation at		1,11,678)
	Shankardevnagar	Schedule Caste (SC) and	Hojai district – SC- 39,055; ST- 5,147
		Schedule Tribe (ST)	Hojai Circle – SC – 39,055; ST- 5,147
		Population	
		Literacy rate	Hojai district – SC-39,055; ST- 5,147
			Hojai Circle – 78.93%
		Sex ratio	Hojai district –956
			Hojai Circle –956

#### 4.3 E&S profile of Five substations

The E&S profiling and public consultation has been conducted for five substations on 3<sup>rd</sup>, 4<sup>th</sup>, 6<sup>th</sup> and 7<sup>th</sup> May 2021 to gather firsthand information of the environmental and social profile and public consultation with local people of Shankardevnagar S/S was conducted on 01.02.2022. The team for the E&S assessment comprises of Senior Environmental Safeguard Expert, Senior Social Safeguard Expert, and Environmental Engineer, member from the execution team of PMC and Environmental and Social Safeguard Specialist of PMU. The team was supported by officials from PIU's.

#### **Selection of Site**

Site visit was carried out at five substations to establish the E&S profile along with consultations in S/S locations.

#### **Adopted Methodology**

The adopted methodology for establishing the E&S data involves collection of data for existing conditions on physical, ecological, economic and social aspects, together with the anticipated environmental and social impacts and proposed mitigation measures. The assessment of physical, biological and social features along the proposed substations also involved data collection from secondary sources and has been done to support the findings of the field survey.

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The data generation was supplemented with field observations, survey reports and interaction with the community and project personnel of PIU's.

A baseline study was conducted to assess the environmental and socio-economic conditions within the five substations premises and adjoining areas. The baseline data generation was supplemented with field observations, survey reports and interaction with the community and project personnel. The detail of the baseline conditions of substation is presented in the Table below.

Table - 4: E&S profile of the proposed substation sites visited

	Noveraf			·
SI. No.	Name of Proposed Substation	Location (District)	Status of Land	Detail of Proposed Site and E&S Conditions
1.	Establishment of new 220 / 33kV (2X100 MVA) GIS Substation at Jakhlabandha	Jakhlabandha, Nagaon	(transferred from APDCL)	<ul> <li>The proposed substation is located in 26°34'22.32"N 92°59'47.50"E.</li> <li>The proposed substation is located adjacent to existing 33/11kV Jakhlabandha S/S. 1.91 ha land owned by AEGCL (transferred from APDCL) is available for construction of proposed S/S.</li> <li>Approx. 33,000 Cu.m land filling is required in the S/S. Likely earth quantity required including compaction 50,000 Cu.m.</li> <li>9,061 Cu.m sand and 18,123 Cu.m aggregate are required to be procured phase wise as per Implementation Schedule in the entire construction period of S/S.</li> <li>16 numbers of trees has been recorded in the proposed substation (refer Annexure III).</li> <li>Laokhuwa Wildlife Sanctuary is approx. 20km from the substation.</li> <li>Kaziranga Nation Park is approx. 20km from the substation.</li> <li>Secunee Pahar (Hill) is approx. 5km from the proposed substation.</li> <li>Elephants occasionally come nearby village before harvesting of rice.</li> <li>No Air, Water and Noise pollution observed during site visit.</li> <li>Abandoned structures and utilities has been found during the site visit at 220/33 KV GIS substation at Jakhlabandha.</li> <li>Land parcel is completely free of habitation or cultivation.</li> <li>The local inhabitants belong to General/ Most Other Backward Caste (MOBC). No cultural heritage site nearby proposed substation.</li> <li>One (1) Secondary school is located next to the</li> </ul>
				proposed S/S site (26 <sup>0</sup> 34'18.26'' N 92 <sup>0</sup> 59'40.59'' E).

SI. No.	Name of Proposed Substation	Location (District)	Status of Land	Detail of Proposed Site and E&S Conditions
	Proposed		Land  AEGCL (transferred	<ul> <li>One (1) Crematorium is located next to the proposed S/S site (26°34′25.28″ N 92°59′50.96″ E)</li> <li>The proposed substation is located in 26°22′43.31"N</li> </ul>
				<ul> <li>No Air and Noise pollution observed during site visit.</li> <li>The land is used for temporary cultivation by squatters staying near to the proposed substation under mutual understanding with APDCL Circle office. The cultivators vacated the land parcel on October 2021.</li> <li>As per the provision of entitlement matrix of ESMPF, one time financial assistance of Rs. 25,000 has been paid to the seven numbers of nontitle-holders (squatters) on 4<sup>th</sup> March 2022 who lose access to the land.</li> <li>The local inhabitants belong to General/MOBC Caste.</li> <li>No cultural heritage site nearby proposed substation.</li> <li>One old Mosque (Solmari Jame Mazjid- is 26<sup>0</sup>23'04" N 92<sup>0</sup>41'36" E) and Eildgah field (an open-air enclosure reserved for Eid prayers - 26<sup>0</sup>23'10" N 92<sup>0</sup>41'47" E) are within approx. 2km radius of the sub- station., as reported by local inhabitants during public consultation.</li> <li>Hospital (26°21'24.8" N 92°41'21.0"E) is approx. – 3.1 KM from project site</li> </ul>

SI. No.	Name of Proposed Substation	Location (District)	Status of Land	Detail of Proposed Site and E&S Conditions
3.	Establishment of new 220/33kV (2 X 100 MVA) GIS Substation at Chhaygaon	Chhaygaon, Kamrup Rural	AEGCL (transferred from IGC, AIIDC)	<ul> <li>The proposed substation is located in 26°2'58.10"N 91°16'33.09"E.</li> <li>Transferred 1.33 ha of land from IGC, AIIDC to AEGCL.</li> <li>17,500 Cu.m land filling is required in the S/S (10,000 Cu.m in S/S and 7,500 Cu.m in residential Colony). Likely earth quantity required including compaction 24,500 Cu.m.</li> <li>9,061 Cu.m sand and 18,123 Cu.m aggregate are required to be procured phase wise as per Implementation Schedule in the entire construction period of S/S.</li> <li>The proposed site is an industrial area and therefore air, noise, soil and water pollution are exist.</li> <li>There are three factories adjacent to it viz: <ol> <li>Brahmaputra Biochemicals Pvt. Ltd.</li> <li>Poultry Feed factory.</li> <li>Also, in the proposed residential area of the substation there is a WaiWai factory opposite to the site.</li> <li>It was complained by the villagers near substation location of Chhaygaon site that the alcohol factory (Brahmaputra Biochemicals Pvt. Ltd.) releases stingy gases in the evening time. The intensity of smell is more during the rainy season.</li> <li>There is a constructed drainage system outside the substation area which can be used for storm water drainage.</li> <li>79 trees of different species and girth size have been enumerated by Forest Department for the need of permission for cutting. (refer Annexure – III)</li> <li>The local inhabitants belong to General/MOBC Caste.</li> <li>No cultural heritage site nearby proposed substation.</li> <li>Jambari Madrassa (26°03'08" N 91°16'47" E) is approx. – 1KM from project site</li> <li>Jambari PHC (26°03'16.1" N 91°17'16.3"E) is approx. – 2.3KM from project site</li> <li>Jambari Eidgah (26°03'04" N 91°16'37"E) is approx. – 150m from project site.</li> </ol></li></ul>
4.	Establishment of new 132/33 kV 2X50 MVA GIS	Burhigaon, Darrang	(transferred	<ul> <li>The proposed substation is located in 26°32'39.84"N 92°10'40.71"E</li> <li>0.79 ha land owned by AEGCL (transferred from</li> </ul>

SI. No.	Name of Proposed Substation	Location (District)	Status of Land	Detail of Proposed Site and E&S Conditions
	Substation at Burhigaon			<ul> <li>APDCL) is available for construction of proposed S/S.</li> <li>12,000 Cu.m land filling is required in the S/S. Likely earth quantity required including compaction 16,800 Cu.m.</li> <li>9,061 Cu.m sand and 18,123 Cu.m aggregate are required to be procured phase wise as per Implementation Schedule in the entire construction period of S/S.</li> <li>There is no tree and vegetation in the proposed substation site.</li> <li>Moderate Air and Noise pollution observed during site visit from existing National Highway near the proposed substation.</li> <li>No Water pollution observed during site visit.</li> <li>The proposed substation site is approx. 15km away from Orang National Park.</li> <li>The identified land at new 132/33 kV GIS substation in Burhigaon is having abandoned structures.</li> <li>The local inhabitants belong to General/MOBC Caste.</li> <li>No cultural heritage site nearby proposed substation.</li> <li>Burhigaon Primary School (60°32′44″ N 92°10′ 41″E) is approx. 160m away from the S/S site.</li> <li>Abdul Gani Masjid (26° 32′ 33″ N 92° 10′ 43″ E) is Next to S/S site</li> </ul>
	Establishment of new 220/ 132 kV (2 X 160 MVA) GIS Substation at Shankardevnagar	Shankardevnaga r, Hojai	AEGCL	<ul> <li>The proposed substation is located in 25°59'13.70"N 92°55'31.56"E.</li> <li>The Construction of Shankardevnagar substation location having 2 ha land belongs to AEGCL near NH-27.</li> <li>The proposed land is within the existing boundary of 132/33kV AEGCL substation.</li> <li>31,000 Cu.m land filling is required in the S/S. Likely earth quantity required including compaction 43,400 Cu.m.</li> <li>9,061 Cu.m sand and 18,123 Cu.m aggregate are required to be procured phase wise as per Implementation Schedule in the entire construction period of S/S.</li> <li>64 numbers of trees has been enumerated by Forest Department for the need of permission for cutting in the proposed substation and proposed residential Colony (refer Annexure III).</li> </ul>

SI. No.	Name of Proposed Substation	Location (District)	Status of Land	Detail of Proposed Site and E&S Conditions
				<ul> <li>No Air, Water and Noise pollution observed during site visit.</li> <li>The local inhabitants belong to General/Scheduled Caste (SC)/Other Backward Class (OBC)/MOBC Caste.</li> <li>No cultural heritage site nearby proposed substation.</li> <li>District Civil Hospital is approx. 500 m away from Sankardevnagar S/S site.</li> <li>Abandoned structure to be demolished from the proposed S/S site.</li> </ul>

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#### **5** ANALYSIS OF ALTERNATIVES

Most of the land for construction of proposed substations are AEGCL as well as transferred from APDCL and IGC, AIIDC. Therefore, there is no need for alternative site for above substations. The details of land ownership and justification of non-requirement of alternate locations are tabulated in Table below.

**Table - 5: Justification for alternatives** 

SI. No.	Scope of Work	Area as per Appendix- 11 of ESMPF (in Hectare)	(In	Plain	Type of Land	Ownership	Alternate (Required/Not Required)
1	Establishment of new 220/33kV (2X100 MVA), GIS substation at Jakhlabandha	2.5	1.91	Plain	Barren	AEGCL (transferred from APDCL)	Not Required
2	Establishment of new 220/33kV (2X100 MVA), GIS substation at Nagaon-2	2.63	2.00	Plain low land	AEGCL land (transferred from APDCL) which was used for temporary cultivation by villagers under mutual understanding with APDCL Circle office	AEGCL (transferred from APDCL)	Not Required
3	Establishment of new 220/33kV (2X100 MVA), GIS substation at Chhaygaon.	1.33	1.33	Plain	IGC, AIIDC land with some plants	AEGCL (transferred from IGC, AIIDC)	Not Required
4	Establishment of new 132/33kV (2X50MVA), GIS substation at Burhigaon	0.79	0.79	Plain	Barren	AEGCL (transferred from APDCL)	Not Required
5	Establishment of new 220/132kV (2X160 MVA), GIS substation at Shankardevnagar	2	2	Plain	Barren	AEGCL	Not Required

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#### **6 ENVIRONMENT & SOCIAL AUDIT**

The key environmental and social baseline conditions are tabulated as under and the detail of the baseline conditions of substation is presented in **Chapter** – **7: Specific E&S Impacts** of this report.

Table - 6: E&S Audit of substations

SI.	Name of Proposed	Location	Status of	Detail of Proposed Site and E&S Condition	E&S risks noticed
No.	Substation	(District)	Land		
1.	Establishment of	Jakhlabandha,	AEGCL	• The proposed substation is located in 26°34'22.32"N	• Temporary alteration / deterioration of
	new 220 / 33 kV	Nagaon	(transferred	92°59'47.50"E.	surface water quality due to silt runoff from
	(2X100 MVA)GIS		from APDCL)	<ul> <li>The proposed substation is located adjacent to existing</li> </ul>	land filling for construction of substation and
	Substation at			33/11kV Jakhlabandha S/S. 1.91 ha land owned by AEGCL	associated facilities may occur.
	Jakhlabandha			(transferred from APDCL) is available for construction of	<ul> <li>Inconvenience may be caused to local</li> </ul>
				proposed S/S.	residents and road users from the
				• Approx. 33,000 Cu.m land filling is required in the S/S. Likely	transportation of construction material
				earth quantity required including compaction 50,000 Cu.m.	including transportation of earth for filling in
				• 9,061 Cu.m sand and 18,123 Cu.m aggregate are required to	S/S.
				be procured phase wise as per Implementation Schedule in	16 numbers of trees which may require to be
				the entire construction period of S/S.	fallen is recorded in the proposed substation.
				• 16 numbers of trees has been recorded in the proposed	Elephants occasionally come nearby village
				substation (refer Annexure III).	before harvesting of rice may enter in the S/S
				• Laokhuwa Wildlife Sanctuary is approx. 20km from the sub-	area and damage property.
				station.	Moderate air pollution, noise and vibration
				• Kaziranga Nation Park is approx. 20km from the sub- station.	may takes place during construction of
				• Secunee Pahar (Hill) is approx. 5km from the proposed	substation.
				substation.	Construction and demolition waste from
				• Elephants occasionally come nearby village before harvesting	demolition of abandoned structures (if
				of rice.	required) may arise.
				<ul> <li>No Air, Water and Noise pollution observed during site visit.</li> </ul>	There may be some disturbances and safety
				Abandoned structures and utilities has been found during the	issues may arise to students during
				site visit at 220/33 KV GIS substation at Jakhlabandha.	construction of the proposed S/S.

SI.	Name of Proposed	Location	Status of	Detail of Proposed Site and E&S Condition	E&S risks noticed
No.	Substation	(District)	Land		
				<ul> <li>Land parcel is completely free of habitation or cultivation.</li> <li>The local inhabitants belong to General/ Most Other Backward Caste (MOBC).No cultural heritage site nearby proposed substation.</li> <li>One (1) Secondary school is located next to the proposed S/S site (26°34′18.26″ N 92° 59′40.59″ E).</li> <li>One (1) Crematorium is located next to the proposed S/S site (26°34′25.28″ N 92°59′50.96″ E)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Any intervention in S/S safety will be taken care by implementing proper precautionary measures as per safety procedures and use of PPEs during construction and operation of substation.</li> <li>Social conflict with local people and labours hired from outside by contractor may arise during construction period.</li> </ul>
2.	Establishment of New 220/33 kV (2 X 100 MVA) GIS Substation at Nagaon-2	Nagaon	AEGCL (transferred from APDCL)	<ul> <li>The proposed substation is located in 26°22'43.31"N 92°41'45.98"E.</li> <li>2.00 ha land owned by AEGCL (transferred from APDCL) is available for construction of proposed S/S.</li> <li>The proposed substation is located adjacent to APDCL abandoned 33/11 KV S/S premises.</li> <li>41,000 Cu.m land filling is required in the S/S. Likely earth quantity required including compaction 57,400 Cu.m.</li> <li>9,061 Cu.m sand and 18,123 Cu.m aggregate are required to be procured phase wise as per Implementation Schedule in the entire construction period of S/S.</li> <li>Protected areas including Wetland were at a distance of more than 2.5km away (Rowmari beel is approx. 2.5km, Gurguri beel is approx. 4km and Laokhuwa Wildlife Sanctuary is approx. 15km) from the proposed sub-stations.</li> <li>No Air and Noise pollution observed during site visit.</li> <li>The land is used for temporary cultivation by villagers staying near to the proposed substation under mutual understanding with APDCL Circle office. The cultivators vacated the land</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Inconvenience may be caused to local residents and road users from the transportation of construction material including transportation of earth for filling in S/S.</li> <li>Temporary deterioration of surface water quality due to runoff from land filling area.</li> <li>Social conflict with local people and labours hired from outside by contractor may arise during construction period.</li> </ul>

SI.	Name of Proposed	Location	Status of	Detail of Proposed Site and E&S Condition	E&S risks noticed
No.	Substation	(District)	Land		
				<ul> <li>parcel on October 2021.</li> <li>As per the provision of entitlement matrix of ESMPF, one time financial assistance of Rs. 25,000 has been paid to the seven numbers of nontitle-holders (cultivators) who lose access to the land on 4th March 2022.</li> <li>The local inhabitants belong to General/MOBC Caste.</li> <li>No cultural heritage site nearby proposed substation.</li> <li>One old Mosque (Solmari Jame Mazjid- is 26°23′04″ N 92°41′36″ E) and Eildgah field (an open-air enclosure reserved for Eid prayers - 26°23′10″ N 92°41′47″ E) are within approx. 2km radius of the sub- station., as reported by local inhabitants during public consultation.</li> <li>Hospital (26°21′24.8″ N 92°41′21.0″E) is approx. – 3.1 KM from project site</li> </ul>	
3	Establishment of new 220 / 33 kV (2 X 100 MVA)GIS Substation at Chhaygaon	Chhaygaon, Kamrup Rural	AEGCL (transferred from IGC, AIIDC)	<ul> <li>The proposed substation is located in 26°2'58.10"N 91°16'33.09"E.</li> <li>Transferred 1.33 ha of land from IGC, AIIDC to AEGCL.</li> <li>17,500 Cu.M land filling is required in the S/S (10,000 Cu.m in S/S and 7,500 Cu. M in residential Colony). Likely earth quantity required including compaction 24,500 Cu.m.</li> <li>9061 Cu.m sand and 18,123 Cu.m aggregate are required to be procured phase wise as per Implementation Schedule in the entire construction period of S/S.</li> <li>The proposed site is an industrial area and therefore air, noise, soil and water pollution are exist.</li> <li>There are three factories adjacent to it viz: <ol> <li>Brahmaputra Biochemicals Pvt. Ltd.</li> <li>Poultry Feed factory.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Inconvenience may be caused to local residents and road users from the transportation of construction material including transportation of earth for filling in S/S.</li> <li>Health hazard from air, noise, soil and water pollution (as the proposed site is an industrial area, especially from the alcohol factory - Brahmaputra Biochemicals Pvt. Ltd.) may face during construction period.</li> <li>Release of stingy gases from alcohol factory (Brahmaputra Biochemicals Pvt. Ltd.) in the evening time, which may disturb construction workers and local community.</li> </ul>

SI.	Name of Proposed	Location	Status of	Detail of Proposed Site and E&S Condition	E&S risks noticed
No.	Substation	(District)	Land		
				<ul> <li>3) Also, in the proposed residential area of the substation there is a WaiWai factory opposite to the site.</li> <li>It was complained by the villagers near substation location of Chhaygaon site that the alcohol factory (Brahmaputra Biochemicals Pvt. Ltd.) releases stingy gases in the evening time. The intensity of smell is more during the rainy season.</li> <li>There is a constructed drainage system outside the substation area which can be used for storm water drainage.</li> <li>79 trees of different species and girth size have been enumerated by Forest Department for the need of permission for cutting.</li> <li>The local inhabitants belong to General/MOBC Caste.</li> <li>No cultural heritage site nearby proposed substation.</li> <li>Jambari Madrassa (26°03′08″ N 91°16′47″ E) is approx 1KM from project site</li> <li>Jambari PHC (26°03′16.1″ N 91°17′16.3″E) is approx 2.3KM from project site</li> <li>Jambari Eidgah (26°03′04″ N 91°16′37″E) is approx 150m from project site.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The drainage system outside the substation area which can be used for storm water drainage may block.</li> <li>Temporary deterioration of surface water quality due to runoff from land filling area may arise.</li> <li>Falling (if required) of 79 trees of different species and girth size has been enumerated by Forest Department for the need of permission for cutting.</li> <li>Social conflict with local people and labours hired from outside by contractor may arise during construction period.</li> </ul>
4.	Establishment of new 132/33 KV 2X50 MVA GIS Substation at Burhigaon	Burhigaon, Darrang	AEGCL (transferred from APDCL)	<ul> <li>The proposed substation is located in 26°32'39.84"N 92°10'40.71"E</li> <li>0.79 ha land owned by AEGCL (transferred from APDCL) is available for construction of proposed S/S.</li> <li>12,000 Cu.m land filling is required in the S/S. Likely earth quantity required including compaction 16,800 Cu.m.</li> <li>9,061 Cu.m sand and 18,123 Cu.m aggregate are required to</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Inconvenience may be caused to local residents and road users from the transportation of construction material including transportation of earth for filling in S/S.</li> <li>There may be impact of Air and Noise pollution to labours of proposed S/S</li> </ul>
				be procured phase wise as per Implementation Schedule in the entire construction period of S/S.	construction from existing National Highway near the proposed substation.

SI.	Name of Proposed	Location	Status of	Detail of Proposed Site and E&S Condition	E&S risks noticed
No.	Substation	(District)	Land		
				<ul> <li>There is no tree and vegetation in the proposed substation site.</li> <li>Moderate Air and Noise pollution observed during site visit from existing National Highway near the proposed substation.</li> <li>No Water pollution observed during site visit.</li> <li>The proposed substation site is approx. 15km away from Orang National Park.</li> <li>The identified land at new 132/33 kV GIS substation in Burhigaon is having abandoned structures.</li> <li>The local inhabitants belong to General/MOBC Caste.</li> <li>No cultural heritage site nearby proposed substation.</li> <li>Burhigaon Primary School (60°32'44" N 92°10' 41"E)is approx. 160m away from the S/S site.</li> <li>Abdul Gani Masjid (26° 32' 33" N 92° 10' 43" E) is Next to S/S site</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Temporary deterioration of surface water quality due to runoff from land filling area may arise.</li> <li>Construction and demolition waste from demolition of abandoned structures (if required) may arise.</li> <li>Social conflict with local people and labours hired from outside by contractor may arise during construction period.</li> </ul>
5.	Establishment of new 220/ 132 kV (2 X 160 MVA) GIS Substation at Shankardevnagar	Shankardevnagar , Hojai	AEGCL	<ul> <li>The proposed substation is located in 25°59'13.70"N 92°55'31.56"E.</li> <li>The Construction of Shankardevnagar substation location having 2 ha land belongs to AEGCL near NH-27.</li> <li>The proposed land is within the existing boundary of 132/33kV AEGCL substation.</li> <li>31,000 Cu.m land filling is required in the S/S. Likely earth quantity required including compaction 43,400 Cu.m.</li> <li>9061 Cu.m sand and 18, 123 Cu.m aggregate are required to be procured phase wise as per Implementation Schedule in the entire construction period of S/S.</li> <li>64 numbers of trees has been enumerated by Forest Department for the need of permission for cutting in the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Inconvenience may be caused to local residents and road users from the transportation of construction material including transportation of earth for filling in S/S.</li> <li>Falling (if required) of 64 numbers of trees has been enumerated by Forest Department for the need of permission for cutting in the proposed substation and proposed residential Colony.</li> <li>Temporary deterioration of surface water quality due to runoff from land filling area may arise.</li> </ul>

SI.	Name of Proposed	Location	Status of	Detail of Proposed Site and E&S Condition	E&S risks noticed
No.	Substation	(District)	Land		
		(Civilization)		proposed substation and proposed residential Colony (refer Annexure III).  No Air, Water and Noise pollution observed during site visit.  The local inhabitants belong to General/Scheduled Caste (SC)/Other Backward Class (OBC)/MOBC Caste.  No cultural heritage site nearby proposed substation.  District Civil Hospital is approx. 500 m away from Sankardevnagar S/S site.  Abandoned structure to be demolished from the proposed	<ul> <li>Construction and demolition waste from demolition of abandoned structures (if required) may arise.</li> <li>Social conflict with local people and labours hired from outside by contractor may arise during construction period.</li> </ul>
				S/S site.	

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#### 7 SPECIFIC E&S IMPACTS OF SUBSTATION

Details of specific E&S impacts of S/S are given the following section.

#### A. Jakhlabandha substation

#### **Checklist for identification of Environmental Impacts**

Screening Checklist	Yes	No	Remarks
A. Project Siting: Is the Project area adjacent			
to or within any of the following			
environmentally sensitive areas?			
1. Cultural heritage site		No	No cultural heritage site nearby proposed
			substation.
			One Secondary school and one crematorium
			are next to the proposed substation.
2. Legally protected Area (core zone or buffer		No	Laokhuwa Wildlife Sanctuary is approx. 20km
zone)			from the sub- station.
			Kaziranga Nation Park is approx. 20km from
			the sub- station.
			Secunee Pahar (Hill) is approx. 5km from the
			proposed substation.
3. Wetland/ Mangrove/ Estuarine		No	No Wetland observed/reported nearby the S/S.
			There is no Mangrove / Estuarine nearby the
			Project site.
4. Special area for protecting biodiversity		No	Laokhuwa Wildlife Sanctuary is approx. 20km
			from the sub- station.
			Kaziranga Nation Park is approx. 20km from
			the sub- station.
			Secunee Pahar (Hill) is approx. 5km from the
			proposed substation.
B. Potential Environmental Impacts: Will the			
Project cause		NI -	16 marshaue of three base base are assembled in the
1. Impairment of historical/cultural areas;		No	16 numbers of trees has been recorded in the
disfiguration of landscape or potential			proposed substation.
loss/damage to physical cultural resources?			Noise and dust pollution are envisaged from
			the proposed construction of substation.
			Since, the proposed site is near residential area and a school so there may be some
			-
			disturbances due to the proposed construction of substation.
2. Disturbance to precious ecology (e.g.	-	No	Secunee Pahar (Hill) is approx. 5km from the
sensitive or protected areas)?		INU	Proposed substation.
sensitive or protected dreasy:			Elephant's occasionally come nearby village
			before harvesting of rice.
3. Alteration of surface water hydrology of	Yes		Temporary alteration of surface water
waterways resulting in increased sediment in			hydrology may occur due to silt runoff from
streams affected by increased soil erosion at			land filling for construction of substation and
construction site?			associated facilities.
	<u> </u>		

Screening Checklist	Yes	No	Remarks
4. Deterioration of surface water quality due	Yes		Temporary deterioration of surface water
to silt runoff and sanitary wastes from			quality may takes place due to silt runoff from
worker-based camps and chemicals used in			land filling for construction of substation and
Construction?			associated facilities.
5. Increased air pollution due to project	Yes		Moderate air pollution may takes place during
construction and operation?	163		construction of substation.
	Voc		
	Yes		Moderate noise and vibration may occur
construction or operation?			during construction of substation.
7. Involuntary resettlement of people?		No	There is no such Involuntary
(physical displacement and/or economic			Resettlement and physical & economic
displacement)			relocation took place as the land belongs to
			AEGCL (transferred from APDCL).
8. Disproportionate impacts on the poor,		No	There is no material impact on poor, women,
women and children, Indigenous Peoples or			children and indigenous Peoples or any other
other vulnerable groups?			vulnerable groups.
9. Poor sanitation and solid waste disposal in		No	Contractor will hire local labour to extent
construction camps and work sites, and			possible and provide adequate facility to
possible transmission of communicable			labour camp and work site for those hired
diseases (such as STI's and HIV/AIDS) from			from outside.
workers to local populations?			Regular health checkup and an awareness
			camp regarding transmission of
			communicable diseases (such as Covid 19,
			STI's and HIV/AIDS) will be provided by
			contractor.
10. Creation of temporary breeding habitats		No	No temporary breeding habitat for diseases
for diseases such as those transmitted by			such as those transmitted by mosquitoes and
mosquitoes and rodents?			rodents is envisaged.
·			EPC has to be informed at the time of
			implementation to take sufficient measure so
			that the possibility of such contamination
			does not arise.
11. Social conflicts if workers from other		No	Contractor will hire local labour to extent
regions or countries are hired?			possible. EPC Contractor will establish the
regions of countries are fined.			labour camp (s) for those hired from outside,
			as per the rules within the site premises and
			provide adequate facility to the labour to stay
			within camp site. Labourers should be
			informed by the EPC project officials to avoid
			to keep relation with the local people and do
			not go inside the nearby residential area
			without prior permission. Strict observance of
			the code of conduct as specified in Annexure-
			IV.
12. Large population influx during project		No	The Contractor shall be overall responsible for
construction and operation that causes			supply of water within switch yard for
increased burden on social infrastructure and			firefighting, drinking purposes, construction

Screening Checklist	Yes	No	Remarks
services (such as water supply and sanitation systems)?			purpose and other miscellaneous purposes. The scope is also inclusive of installation of deep tube well, construction of slow sand filter and ground storage tank, supply and installation of distribution network pipelines, supply and erection of all overhead tanks, staging for OH tank wherever necessary, pipes, fittings etc. required for the water supply to be taken from the terminal point to the respective buildings. A scheme shall be prepared by the contractor indicating the layout and details of water supply which shall subject to the approval of EMPLOYER before actual start of work. Any extra bore required shall be within the scope of the contractor.
13. Risks and vulnerabilities related to occupational health and safety due to physical, chemical, biological, and radiological hazards during project construction and operation?	Yes		shall be within the scope of the contractor.  Any intervention in safety at S/S will be taken care by implementing proper precautionary measures as per safety procedures. Use of PPEs during construction and operation of substation will also be ensured.
14. Risks to community health and safety due to the transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of materials such as explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation?		No	Risks to community health and safety due to the transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of materials such as explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation is not envisaged.  Local community to be informed by the EPC contractors and the concerned Circle officials regarding the vehicle movement and maintain the material store in such manner so that the risks to community health do not arise.
15. Community safety risks due to both accidental and natural causes, especially where the structural elements or components of the project are accessible to members of the affected community or where their failure could result in injury to the community throughout project construction, operation and decommissioning?		No	During construction work EPC contractors should maintain the safety measures and maintain the same to keep community safety throughout the construction phase.
16. Generation of solid waste and/or hazardous waste?	Yes		Solid waste and/or hazardous waste will be generated during construction and operation of substation.
17. Use of chemicals?	Yes		Chemicals will be used in the execution of the project.
18. Generation of waste water during construction or operation?	Yes		Waste water from Septic Tank will be generated during construction and operation of substation.

#### Checklist for identification of Social Impacts (Jakhlabandha S/S)

Partic	ulars	Observation
A. Pro	posed Site Location	
1.	Land requirement for the project (GPS parcel border	Land Available,
	for Substation)	GPS (Longitude, Latitude)
		26°34'22.32"N92°59'47.50"E
2.	Landownership of the project area: Govt. / Private	1.913 ha AEGCL
	lands	(transferred from APDCL)
	Does the project require acquisition of land or	The Project does not require land
3.	transfer of Govt. land/structures?	acquisition. The land belongs to AEGCL
	If yes please mention the area of land, number of	(transferred from APDCL).
	affected structures, Households	
	Present usage of the land parcels is for:	Barren Land
	Agricultural purposes	
4.	Residential purposes	
	Commercial purposes	
	Other purposes (Indicate)	
5.	Will the project lead to loss of housing?	Abandoned structures to be demolished
		during execution of Project.
6.	Will the project lead to loss of agricultural land?	Not applicable
7.	Will the project cause damage to private	Not applicable
	property/assets? (Structures, crops, trees, etc.)	
8.	Will the project lead to loss of common property	The Project will not lead to loss of common
	resources?	property resources. There is a Primary
		School situated next to the Project site.
9.	Will the project lead to loss of livelihood – directly or	Not applicable.
	indirectly?	
10.	Does the project require relocation of	The land belongs to AEGCL (transferred
	encroachers/squatters? If yes, please elaborate	from APDCL). The Project does not require
	number, gender and nature, if possible.	relocation of encroachers/squatters.
4.4	Does the project require relocation of community	Not Applicable
11.	facilities/Govt. establishment or any object that are	
	of religious, cultural and historical significance.	Not Applicable
12.	Is the proposed project site encountering any site of archaeological/historical value?	Not Applicable
12.	Cultural/Symbolic value?	
	Proposed project onsite/off-site support	Majority Mainstream (The local inhabitants
13.	infrastructures are located in an area where residents	belong to General/MOBC Caste)
13.	are: All Mainstream / All Indigenous peoples/Majority	belong to deficial/ word caste/
	Mainstream or Non-indigenous peoples/ Majority	
	Indigenous peoples.	
B. Pot	ential Social Impacts- Will the Project cause	L
2	Involuntary resettlement of people? (physical	Not Applicable
1.	displacement and/or economic displacement)	
2.	Impacts on the poor, women and children,	Impacts on student might arise as there is
۷.	impacts on the poor, women and children,	impacts on student might arise as there is

Partic	ulars	Observation
	Indigenous Peoples or other vulnerable groups?	a school, which is next to the proposed substation site. Proper safety measures should be taken during construction. Strict observance of the code of conduct will be followed.
3.	Will community facilities require relocation?	Not Applicable
4.	Poor sanitation and solid waste disposal in construction camps and work sites	May occur at the time of construction
5.	Large population influx during project construction and operation that causes increased burden on social infrastructure and services (such as water supply and sanitation systems)?	May occur at the time of construction
6.	Social conflicts relating to inconveniences in living conditions where construction interferes with pre-existing roads	May occur at the time of construction
7.	Will a Resettlement Plan be required?	Not Required
8.	Impact on local economy – Fisheries, local tourism related businesses, market places, etc.?	Not Applicable
9.	Livelihood- Direct impact due to loss of land and structures?	Not Applicable
10.	Indirect impact due to loss of commercial grounds, market places, places for hawker stalls, etc.?	Not Applicable
11.	Risks and vulnerabilities related to occupational health and safety due to physical, chemical, biological, and radiological hazards during project construction and operation?	Any intervention in safety at S/S will be taken care by implementing proper precautionary measures as per safety procedures. Use of PPEs during construction and operation of substation will also be ensured.
12.	Other social concerns relating to inconveniences in living conditions in the project areas?	May occur at the time of construction
13.	Social concerns relating to local inconveniences associated with project operation, if any? (e.g. increased volume of traffic, greater risk of accidents, GBV/SE communicable disease transmission)	May occur at the time of construction
14.	Does the project related work affect any objects that are of religious and cultural significance to the IPs?	There is no impact on any kind of cultural Property Resources (CPR).
15.	Which are the 3 main economic activities that are conducted by the IP population? Will these be affected by the proposed project development and how?	Not Applicable
16.	Is there a requirement for an in-depth Indigenous people's plan? (IPP)	Not Applicable
17.	Describe any other impacts that have not been covered in this screening form	Not Applicable
18.	Describe alternatives, if any, to avoid or minimize displacement from private and public lands	Not Applicable

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#### **Project Impact Assessment Checklist**

				Remarks (If yes, what is the proposed
	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the			mitigation measures and indicate which
SI.No.	Project cause	Yes	No	Environmental and Social Management
	Troject cause			Standard will be implemented)
1.	Encroachment on historical/cultural areas,		No	Not Applicable
	disfiguration of landscape and increased			
	waste generation?			
2.	Encroachment on precious ecosystem (e.g.		No	Not Applicable
	Sensitive or protected areas)?			
3.	Alteration of surface water hydrology	Yes		Temporary alteration of surface water
				hydrology may occur due to silt runoff
				from land filling for construction of
				substation and associated facilities.
4.	Deterioration of surface water quality due to	Yes		Temporary deterioration of surface water
	silt Runoff, sanitary wastes from worker-			quality due to silt runoff from land filling
	based camps and chemicals used in			for construction of substation and
	construction?			associated facilities may occur.
				To minimize the above impact, land filling
				will be proposed to done in dry season
	lacroscad local air mallution due to rock	Voc		with soil compaction.
5.	Increased local air pollution due to rock	Yes		Crushers (if any) will operate after
	crushing, cutting and filling?			obtaining Consent to Establish (CTE) and Consent to Operate (CTO) from SPCB and
				follows the conditions.
6.	Risks and vulnerabilities related to	Yes		Any intervention in safety at S/S, will be
0.	occupational health and safety due to			taken care by implementing proper
	physical, chemical, biological, and			precautionary measures as per safety
	radiological hazards during project			procedures and use of PPEs during
	construction and operation?			construction and operation of substation.
7.	Chemical pollution resulting from chemical		No	Chemical clearing of vegetation for
	clearing of vegetation for construction site?			construction site is not envisaged.
8.	Noise and vibration due to civil works?	Yes	No	Moderate noise and vibration may occur
				during construction of substation.
				Proper Noise barrier will be installed as
				per requirement to minimize the Noise.
				To minimize noise and vibration from civil
				works, all construction vehicles, and
				machineries and equipments will be
				maintain regularly and with a valid PUC
	Dislocation on involventary results		Ne	certificate.
9.	Dislocation or involuntary resettlement of people?		No	Not applicable
10.	Disproportionate impacts on the poor,		No	Not applicable
	women and children, Indigenous Peoples or			
	other vulnerable groups?			
	Ŭ i		1	<u> </u>

	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the			Remarks (If yes, what is the proposed mitigation measures and indicate which
SI.No.	Project cause	Yes	es No	Environmental and Social Management Standard will be implemented)
11.	Social conflicts relating to inconveniences in living conditions where construction interferes with pre-existing roads?	Yes		Social conflict may arise at the time of vehicle movement through the pre-existing road. To avoid the situation prior information / consultation to be arrange with the local community people before execution of construction work by EPC.
12.	Hazardous driving conditions where construction interferes with pre-existing roads?	Yes		May Occur at the time of movement of construction material vehicle.
13.	Creation of temporary breeding habitats for vectors of disease such as mosquitoes and Rodents?		No	Creation of temporary breeding habitats for vectors of disease such as mosquitoes and Rodents will not envisage.
14.	Dislocation and compulsory resettlement of people living in right-of-way of the power Transmission lines?		No	Not applicable
15.	Environmental disturbances associated with the maintenance of lines (e.g. routine control of vegetative height under the lines)?		No	Not applicable
16.	Facilitation of access to protected areas in case corridors traverse protected areas?		No	Not applicable
17.	Disturbances (e.g. noise and chemical pollutants) if herbicides are used to control vegetative height?		No	Not applicable
18.	Large population influx during project construction and operation that cause increased burden on social infrastructure and services (Such as water supply and sanitation systems)?		No	The Contractor shall be overall responsible for supply of water within switch yard for firefighting, drinking purposes, construction purpose and other miscellaneous purposes. The scope is also inclusive of installation of deep tube well, construction of slow sand filter and ground storage tank, supply and installation of distribution network pipelines, supply and erection of all overhead tanks, staging for OH tank wherever necessary, pipes, fittings etc. required for the water supply to be taken from the terminal point to the respective buildings. A scheme shall be prepared by the contractor indicating the layout and details of water supply which shall subject to the approval of EMPLOYER before actual start of work. Any extra bore required shall be within the scope of the contractor.

	Powerle //f. as what is the respect					
				Remarks (If yes, what is the proposed		
SI.No.	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the	Yes	No	mitigation measures and indicate which		
	Project cause			Environmental and Social Management		
				Standard will be implemented)		
19.	Social conflicts if workers from other regions		No	Contractor will hire local labor to extent		
	or countries are hired?			possible. EPC Contractor will establish the		
				labor camp (s) for those hired from		
				outside, as per the rules within the site		
				premises and provide adequate facility to		
				the labor to stay within camp site.		
				Laborers should be informed by the EPC		
				project officials to avoid to keep relation		
				with the local people and do not go inside		
				the nearby residential area without prior		
				permission.		
20.	Poor sanitation and solid waste disposal in		No	Contractor will hire local labor to extent		
	construction camps and work sites, and			possible and provide adequate facility to		
	possible transmission of communicable			labor camp and work site for those hired		
	diseases from Workers to local populations?			from outside.		
				Regular health checkup and awareness		
				camp regarding transmission of		
				communicable diseases (such as Covid 19,		
				STI's and HIV/AIDS will be provided by		
				contractor.		
21.	Risks to community safety associated with		No	Not applicable		
	maintenance of lines and related facilities?					
22.	Community health hazards due to		No	No Community health hazard is envisaged.		
	electromagnetic fields, land subsidence,			Precautionary measures will be taken by		
	lowered Ground water table and			officials as part standard safety procedure		
	salinization?			during operation phase.		
23.	Risks to community health and safety due to		No	Risks to community health and safety due		
	the transport, storage, and use and/or			to the transport, storage, and use and/or		
	disposal of materials such as explosives, fuel			disposal of materials such as		
	and other Chemicals during construction and			explosives, fuel and other chemicals		
	operation?			during construction and operation is not		
				envisaged.		
				Local community to be informed by the		
				EPC contractors and the concerned Circle		
				officials regarding the vehicle movement		
				and maintain the material store in such		
				manner so that the risks to community		
				health do not arise.		
24.	Community safety risks due to both		No	During construction work EPC		
	accidental and natural hazards, especially			contractors should maintain the safety		
	where the structural elements or			measures and maintain the same to keep		
	components of the project (e.g. high voltage			community safety throughout the		
	wires) are accessible to members of the			construction phase.		
	affected community or where their failure					
L	•	i	l			

				Remarks (If yes, what is the proposed
	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the			mitigation measures and indicate which
SI.No.	Project cause	Yes	No	Environmental and Social Management
	Troject cause			Standard will be implemented)
	could result in injury to the community			Standard will be implemented;
	throughout project construction, operation			
	and decommissioning?			
Inval				
	untary Resettlement Screening	l	NI -	Not continue
1.	Will the activity be undertaken in public land		No	Not applicable
2.	If no 1 is yes, are there any non-titled people		NA	Not applicable
	(squatters) who live at the site or within the			
	public land/RoW?			
	Please provide gender disaggregated			
	number.			
3.	Will the activity be undertaken in private		No	1.91 ha land owned by AEGCL (transferred
	land but acquired			from APDCL) is available for construction
				of proposed S/S.
4.	If no 3 is yes, when the private land was		NA	Not applicable
	acquired, the land acquired legally under GoI			
	law? (unknown =No)			
5.	If no 3 is yes, are there any outstanding		NA	Not applicable
	Complaints about the land acquired?			
6.	Will the activity require new private land		No	Not applicable
	acquisition or use?			
7.	If no 6 is yes, the land will be obtained		NA	Not applicable
	through negotiated settlement or donation?			
8.	If no 6 is yes, will it require compulsory land		NA	Not applicable
	Acquisition?			
9.	If no 6 is yes, then will the activity require		NA	Not applicable
	permanent or temporary			
	relocation or			
	Displacement of any people (titled or non-			
	titled)?			
10.	If no 8 is yes, then will there be any loss		NA	Not applicable
	of housing/accommodation or severely			''
	affected households more than 10% of			
	their productive Asset?			
11.	In all cases, will there be any loss of		No	In all cases crop may be temporarily
	vegetable gardens or agriculture?			damaged. Compensation will be paid as
				per RPF and Government norms.
12.	In all cases, will there be any losses of Trees	Yes		16 trees were recorded at the time of site
	,			visit. (refer Annexure III)
13.	In all cases, will any small or informal		No	Not applicable.
	businesses have to be moved or closed			
	temporarily or Permanently?			
14.	In all cases, will there be temporary or		No	Not applicable.
	permanent loss of employment as a result of			
			1	

Remarks (If yes, what is the propose					
	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the Project cause			, , ,	res and indicate which
SI.No.		Yes	No	Environmental and Social Management	
	Troject cause			Standard will be i	
	the renovation?			Standard Will be	mplemented)
	the renovation.				
15.	In all cases, will there be temporary or		No	Not applicable.	
	permanent impact on women or vulnerable				
	groups?				
Indigen	ous Peoples Screening	Yes	No	Not Known	Remarks
16.	Are the subproject areas located in		No		Not applicable
	scheduled Tribe area?				
17.	Do the applicants belong to scheduled		No		
	tribes?				
18.	Will the project directly or indirectly affect		No		Not applicable
	Indigenous Peoples' traditional socio-cultural				
	and belief practices? (e.g. child-rearing,				
	health, education, arts, and governance)				
19	Will the project affect the livelihood systems		No	Not applicable	
	of Indigenous Peoples? (e.g., food				
	production system, natural resource				
	management, crafts and trade, employment				
	status)				
20.	Commercial development of the cultural			Not Applicable	
	resources and knowledge of Indigenous				
	Peoples?				
21.	Physical displacement from traditional or		No	Not applicable	
	Customary lands?				
22.	Commercial development of natural			Not Applicable	
	resources (such as minerals, hydrocarbons,				
	forests, water, hunting or fishing grounds)				
	within customary lands under use that				
	would impact the livelihoods or the cultural,				
	ceremonial, spiritual uses that define the				
	identity and community of Indigenous				
22	Peoples?		NI -	Not Applicable	
23.	Establishing legal recognition of rights to		No	Not Applicable	
	lands and territories that are traditionally				
	owned or customarily used, occupied or				
24.	claimed by Indigenous peoples?  Acquisition of lands that are traditionally		No	Not applicable	
<b>24.</b>	owned or customarily used occupied or		INO	Not applicable	
	claimed by indigenous peoples?				
	ciaimed by indigenous peoples:				

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#### **B. Nagaon-2 substation**

#### **Checklist for identification of Environmental Impacts**

Screening Checklist	Yes	No	Remarks
A. Project Siting: Is the Project area			
adjacent to or within any of the following			
environmentally sensitive areas?			
1. Cultural heritage site		No	No cultural heritage site nearby proposed substation.  One old Mosque (Solmari Jame Mazjidis 26°23'04" N 92°41'36" E) and Eidgah field (an open-air enclosure reserved for Eid prayers - 26°23'10" N 92°41'47" E) are within approx. 2km radius of the sub- station, as reported by local inhabitants during public consultation.  Hospital (26°21'24.8" N 92°41'21.0"E) is approx. – 3.1 KM from project site
2. Legally protected Area (core zone or		No	Laokhuwa Wildlife Sanctuary is approx. 15km
buffer zone)  3. Wetland/ Mangrove/ Estuarine		No	from the sub- station.  Wetland were at a distance of more than 2.5km away (Rowmari beel is approx. 2.5km, Gurguri beel is approx. 4km and Laokhuwa Wildlife Sanctuary is approx. 15km) from the proposed sub- stations.
4. Special area for protecting biodiversity		No	Laokhuwa Wildlife Sanctuary is approx. 15km) from the sub- stations.
B. Potential Environmental Impacts: Will			
the Project cause			
1. Impairment of historical/cultural areas; disfiguration of landscape or potential loss/damage to physical cultural resources?		No	
Disturbance to precious ecology (e.g. sensitive or protected areas)?   Alternation of purferences budgetors of	W	No	Protected areas including wetland were at a distance of more than 2.5km away (Rowmari beel is approx. 2.5km, Gurguri beel is approx. 4km and Laokhuwa Wildlife Sanctuary is approx. 15km) from the sub- stations.  The riparian areas of the beels provide habitation for many birds.  Flocks of birds might travel in the riparian areas.
3. Alteration of surface water hydrology of waterways resulting in increased sediment in streams affected by increased soil erosion at construction site?	Yes		Temporary alteration of surface water hydrology may occur due to silt runoff from land filling for construction of substation and associated facilities.
4. Deterioration of surface water quality due to silt runoff and sanitary wastes from worker-based camps and chemicals used	Yes		Temporary deterioration of surface water quality may takes place due to silt runoff from land filling for construction of substation.

Screening Checklist	Yes	No	Remarks
in Construction?			
5. Increased air pollution due to project	Yes		Moderate air pollution may takes place during
construction and operation?			construction of substation.
6. Noise and vibration due to project	Yes		Moderate noise and vibration may occur during
construction or operation?			construction of substation.
7. Involuntary resettlement of people?		No	
(physical displacement and/or economic			
displacement)			
8. Disproportionate impacts on the poor,		No	
women and children, Indigenous Peoples			
or other vulnerable groups?			
9. Poor sanitation and solid waste disposal		No	Contractor will hire local labor to extent possible
in construction camps and work sites, and			and provide adequate facility to labor camp and
possible transmission of communicable			work site for those hired from outside.
diseases (such as STI's and HIV/AIDS) from			Regular health checkup and awareness camp
workers to local populations?			regarding transmission of communicable diseases
			(such as COVID 19 STI's and HIV/AIDS will be
			provided by contractor.
10. Creation of temporary breeding		No	
habitats for diseases such as those			
transmitted by mosquitoes and rodents?			
11. Social conflicts if workers from other		No	Contractor will hire local labor to extent possible.
regions or countries are hired?			To avoid social conflict, contractor will provide
			adequate facility to the labor to stay within camp
			site for those hired from outside, as per the rules
			within the site premises and provide adequate
			facility to the labour to stay within camp site.
			Labourers should be informed by the EPC project
			officials to avoid to keep relation with the local
			people and do not go inside the nearby
			residential area without prior permission. Code of
			conduct will also be followed as part of mitigation
			measure.
12. Large population influx during project		No	During construction of substation, contractor will
construction and operation that causes			purchase water through water tankers from
increased burden on social infrastructure			approved vendors or will use water from other
and services (such as water supply and			sources after taking appropriate permission from
sanitation systems)?			competent authority. Filtration water must be
			done for drinking purpose.
13. Risks and vulnerabilities related to	Yes		Any intervention in safety at S/S will be taken
occupational health and safety due to			care by implementing proper precautionary
physical, chemical, biological, and			measures as per safety procedures. Use of PPEs
1	i		•
radiological hazards during project			during construction and operation of substation
construction and operation?			during construction and operation of substation will also be ensured.

Screening Checklist	Yes	No	Remarks
due to the transport, storage, and use			
and/or disposal of materials such as			
explosives, fuel and other chemicals			
during construction and operation?			
15. Community safety risks due to both		No	
accidental and natural causes, especially			
where the structural elements or			
components of the project are			
accessible to members of the affected			
community or where their failure			
could result in injury to the			
community throughout project			
construction, operation and			
decommissioning?			
16. Generation of solid waste and/or	Yes		Solid waste and/or hazardous waste will be
hazardous waste?			generated during construction and operation of
			substation.
17. Use of chemicals?	Yes		
18. Generation of wastewater during	Yes		Wastewater from Septic Tank will be generated
construction or operation?			during construction and operation of substation.

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

#### Checklist for identification of Social Impacts (Nagaon-2 S/S)

Par	ticulars	Observation
A. Prop	oosed Site Location	
1.	Land requirement for the project (GPS parcel border for	Land is available for construction of
	Substation)	substation.
		GPS parcel border for Substation
		26°22'43.31"N 92°41'45.98"E.
2.	Landownership of the project area: Govt. / Private	2.003 ha land is owned by AEGCL
	lands	(transferred from APDCL)
	Does the project require acquisition of land or transfer	Not applicable.
3.	of Govt. land/structures?	
	If yes please mention the area of land, number of	
	affected structures, Households	
	Present usage of the land parcels is for:	AEGCL land (transferred from APDCL) is
	Agricultural purposes	used for temporary agricultural purposes
4.	Residential purposes	under mutual understanding.
	Commercial purposes	The cultivators vacated the land parcel on
	Other purposes (Indicate)	October 2021.
		As per the provision of entitlement
		matrix of ESMPF, one time financial
		assistance of Rs. 25,000 has been paid to
		the seven numbers of nontitle-holders
		(cultivators) who lose access to the land
		on 4th March 2022.
5.	Will the project lead to loss of housing?	Not applicable
6.	Will the project lead to loss of agricultural land?	Not applicable
7.	Will the project cause damage to private	Not applicable.
	property/assets? (Structures, crops, trees, etc.)	
8.	Will the project lead to loss of common property	Not applicable.
	resources?	
9.	Will the project lead to loss of livelihood – directly or	Question does not arise
	indirectly?	
10.	Does the project require relocation of	Not applicable.
	encroachers/squatters? If yes, please elaborate	
	number, gender and nature, if possible.	
	Does the project require relocation of community	Not applicable
11.	facilities/Govt. establishment or any object that are of	
	religious, cultural and historical significance.	
	Is the proposed project site encountering any site of	Not applicable
12.	archaeological/historical value?	
	Cultural/Symbolic value?	
	Proposed project onsite/off-site support infrastructures	Proposed substation is located in an area
13.	are located in an area where residents are: All	where residents are: Majority
	Mainstream / All Indigenous peoples/Majority	Mainstream (The local inhabitants belong
	Mainstream or Non-indigenous peoples/ Majority	to General/MOBC Caste)
	Indigenous peoples.	

Part	iculars	Observation
B. Pote	ntial Social Impacts- Will the Project cause	
1.	Involuntary resettlement of people? (physical displacement and/or economic displacement)	Not Applicable
2.	Impacts on the poor, women and children, Indigenous Peoples or other vulnerable groups?	Not applicable.
3.	Will community facilities require relocation?	Not applicable.
4.	Poor sanitation and solid waste disposal in construction camps and work sites	Contractors will provide appropriate facilities and hygienic condition in Workers camp and work site.
5.	Large population influx during project construction and operation that causes increased burden on social infrastructure and services (such as water supply and sanitation systems)?	During construction of substation, contractor will provide water through water tankers from approved vendors or will use water from other sources after taking appropriate permission from competent authority. Filtration water has to be used for drinking purpose.
6.	Social conflicts relating to inconveniences in living conditions where construction interferes with pre-existing roads	May occur at the time movement of construction vehicle during construction period.
7.	Will a Resettlement Plan be required?	Not applicable
8.	Impact on local economy – Fisheries, local tourism related businesses, market places, etc.?	Not applicable
9.	Livelihood- Direct impact due to loss of land and structures?	Not applicable
10.	Indirect impact due to loss of commercial grounds, market places, places for hawker stalls, etc.?	Not applicable
11.	Risks and vulnerabilities related to occupational health and safety due to physical, chemical, biological, and radiological hazards during project construction and operation?	Any intervention in safety at S/S will be taken care by implementing proper precautionary measures as per safety procedures. Use of PPEs during construction and operation of substation will also be ensured.
12.	Other social concerns relating to inconveniences in living conditions in the project areas?	Not applicable
13.	Social concerns relating to local inconveniences associated with project operation, if any? (e.g. increased volume of traffic, greater risk of accidents, GBV/SE communicable disease transmission)	Increased volume of traffic may occur at the time of construction.  Regular health checkup and awareness camp will be provided by contractor to avoid transmission of communicable diseases (such as COVID 19, STI's and HIV/AIDS).
14.	Does the project related work affect any objects that are of religious and cultural significance to the IPs?  Which are the 3 main economic activities that are	Not applicable.  Not Applicable
15.	conducted by the IP population? Will these be affected by the proposed project development and how?	Not Applicable

Part	ticulars	Observation
16.	Is there a requirement for an in-depth Indigenous	Not applicable.
	people's plan? (IPP)	
17.	Describe any other impacts that have not been covered	Not Applicable
	in this screening form	
18.	Describe alternatives, if any, to avoid or minimize	Not Applicable
	displacement from private and public lands	

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

#### **Project Impact Assessment Checklist**

				Remarks
				(If yes, what is the proposed mitigation
	Potential Environmental Impacts	Yes	No	measures and indicate which Environmental
	Will the Project cause			and Social
				Management Standard will be implemented)
1.	Encroachment on historical/cultural		No	Not Applicable
	areas, disfiguration of landscape and			
	increased waste generation?			
2.	Encroachment on precious ecosystem		No	Not Applicable
	(e.g. Sensitive or protected areas)?			
3.	Alteration of surface water	Yes		Alteration of surface water hydrology may
	hydrology of waterways crossed by			occur due to silt runoff from land filling for
	roads and resulting in increased sediment			construction of substation.
	in streams affected by increased soil			
	erosion at the construction site?			
4.	Deterioration of surface water quality	Yes		Temporary deterioration of surface water
	due to silt Runoff, sanitary wastes from			quality may takes place due to silt runoff
	worker-based camps and chemicals used			from land filling for construction of
	in construction?			substation.
				To minimize the above impact, land filling
				will be proposed to done in dry season with
				soil compaction.
5.	Increased local air pollution due to rock	Yes		Crushers (if any) will operate after
	crushing, cutting and filling?			obtaining Consent to Establish and Consent
				to Operate from SPCB and follows the
				conditions of SPCB.
6.	Risks and vulnerabilities related to	Yes		Any intervention in safety at S/S, will be
	occupational health and safety due to			taken care by implementing proper
	physical, chemical, biological, and			precautionary measures as per safety
	radiological hazards during project			procedures and use of PPEs during
	construction and operation?			construction and operation of substation.
7.	Chemical pollution resulting from			Does not arise.
	chemical clearing of vegetation for			
	construction site?			
8.	Noise and vibration due to civil works?	Yes		Moderate noise and vibration may occur
				during construction of substation.
				Proper Noise barrier will be installed as per
				requirement to minimize the Noise.
				To minimize noise and vibration from civil
				works, all construction vehicles,
				machineries and equipments will be
				maintain regularly and with a valid PUC
				certificate.
9.	Dislocation or involuntary		No	Not applicable
	resettlement of people?			

	Remarks					
	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the Project cause	Yes	No	(If yes, what is the proposed mitigation measures and indicate which Environmental and Social Management Standard will be implemented)		
10.	Disproportionate impacts on the poor,		No	Not applicable.		
	women and children, Indigenous Peoples					
	or other vulnerable groups?					
11.	Social conflicts relating to inconveniences		No	May occur during construction period, it		
	in living conditions where construction			needs consultation with the Local residents.		
	interferes with pre-existing roads?					
12.	Hazardous driving conditions where		No	May occur during construction period, it		
	construction interferes with pre-existing			needs consultation with the Local residents.		
	roads?					
13.	Creation of temporary breeding habitats		No	Measures to be taken by the EPC to avoid		
	for vectors of disease such as mosquitoes			such type of diseases.		
	and Rodents?					
14.	Dislocation and compulsory resettlement		No			
	of people living in right-of-way of the					
	power Transmission lines?					
15.	Environmental disturbances associated		No			
	with the maintenance of lines (e.g.					
	routine control of vegetative height under					
	the lines)?					
16.	Facilitation of access to protected areas in		No			
	case corridors traverse protected areas?					
17.	Disturbances (e.g. noise and chemical		No			
	pollutants) if herbicides are used to					
	control vegetative height?					
18.	Large population influx during project		No			
	construction and operation that cause					
	increased burden on social infrastructure					
	and services (Such as water supply and					
19.	sanitation systems)?  Social conflicts if workers from other		No			
19.	regions or countries are hired?		No			
20.	Poor sanitation and solid waste disposal		No			
20.	in construction camps and work sites, and		110			
	possible transmission of communicable					
	diseases from Workers to local					
	populations?					
21.	Risks to community safety associated		No			
	with maintenance of lines and related					
	facilities?					
22.	Community health hazards due to		No			
	electromagnetic fields, land subsidence,					
	lowered Groundwater table, and					

	AM INTRASTATE TRANSMISSION STSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT						
	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the Project cause	Yes	No	Remarks (If yes, what is the proposed mitigation measures and indicate which Environmental and Social Management Standard will be implemented)			
	salinization?						
23.	Risks to community health and safety due to the transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of materials such as explosives, fuel and other Chemicals during construction and operation?		No				
24.	Community safety risks due to both accidental and natural hazards, especially where the structural elements or components of the project (e.g. high voltage wires, and transmission towers and lines) are accessible to members of the affected community or where their failure could result in injury to the community throughout project construction, operation and decommissioning?		No				
Involu	ntary Resettlement Screening						
1.	Will the activity be undertaken in public land		No	Not Applicable.			
2.	If no 1 is yes, are there any non-titled people (squatters) who live at the site or within the public land/RoW?  Please provide gender disaggregated number.		NA				
3.	Will the activity be undertaken in private land but acquired, and then it has been acquired in the anticipation of the program or in the last three years?		No	Not Applicable			
4.	If no 3 is yes, when the private land was acquired, the land acquired legally under GoI law? (unknown =No)		No	Not Applicable			
5.	If no 3 is yes, are there any outstanding Complaints about the land acquired?		No	Not Applicable			
6.	Will the activity require new private land acquisition or use?		No	Not Applicable			
7.	If no 6 is yes, the land will be obtained through negotiated settlement or donation?		No	Not Applicable			
8.	If no 6 is yes, will it require compulsory land Acquisition?		No	Not Applicable			

				Remarks	
					the proposed mitigation
	Potential Environmental Impacts	Yes	No		cate which Environmental
S.No.	Will the Project cause			and Social	
				Management Stand	lard will be implemented)
9.	If no 6 is yes, then will the activity require		No	Not Applicable	
	permanent or temporary				
	relocation or				
	Displacement of any people (titled or				
	non-titled)?				
10.	If no 8 is yes, then will there be any		No	Not Applicable	
	loss of housing / accommodation or				
	severely affected households more				
	than 10% of their productive Asset?				
11.	In all cases, will there be any loss of		No	In all cases cr	op may be temporarily
	vegetable gardens or agriculture?			damaged. Compe	ensation will be paid as per
				RPF and Governm	ent policy.
12.	In all cases, will there be any losses of		No	Not Applicable	
	crops, fruit Trees or private structures?				
13.	In all cases, will any small or informal		No	Not Applicable	
	businesses have to be moved or closed				
	temporarily or Permanently?				
14.	In all cases, will there be temporary or		No	Not Applicable	
	permanent loss of employment as a				
	result of the renovation?				
15.	In all cases, will there be temporary or		No	Not Applicable	
	permanent impact on women or				
	vulnerable groups?				
	nous Peoples Screening	Yes	No	Not Known	Remarks
16.	Are the subproject areas located in		No		
	scheduled Tribe area?				
17.	Do the applicants belong to scheduled		No		
	tribes?				
18.	Will the project directly or indirectly affect		No		Not Applicable
	Indigenous Peoples' traditional socio-				
	cultural and belief practices? (e.g. child-				
	rearing, health, education, arts, and				
	governance)				
19	Will the project affect the livelihood		No		Not Applicable
	systems of Indigenous Peoples? (e.g.,				
	food production system, natural resource				
	management, crafts and trade,				
20	employment status)				Not Applicable
20.	Commercial development of the cultural				Not Applicable
	resources and knowledge of Indigenous				
21	Peoples?	1	No		
21.	Physical displacement from traditional or	1	No	i	Ī

S.No.	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the Project cause	Yes	No	Remarks (If yes, what is the proposed mitigation measures and indicate which Environmental and Social Management Standard will be implemented)
	Customary lands?			
22.	Commercial development of natural resources (such as minerals, hydrocarbons, forests, water, hunting or fishing grounds) within customary lands under use that would impact the livelihoods or the cultural, ceremonial, spiritual uses that define the identity and community of Indigenous Peoples?			Not Applicable
23.	Establishing legal recognition of rights to lands and territories that are traditionally owned or customarily used, occupied or claimed by Indigenous peoples?			Not Applicable
24.	Acquisition of lands that are traditionally owned or customarily used occupied or claimed by indigenous peoples?		No	

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

#### C. Chhaygaon substation

#### **Checklist for identification of Environmental Impacts**

Screening Checklist	Yes	No	Remarks
A. Project Sitting: Is the Project area adjacent to or within any of the following environmentally sensitive areas?			
1. Cultural heritage site		No	No cultural heritage site nearby proposed substation.  • Jambari Madrassa (26°03′08″ N 91°16′47″ E) is approx 1KM from project site  • Jambari PHC (26°03′16.1″ N 91°17′16.3″E) is approx 2.3KM from project site  • Jambari Eidgah (26°03′04″ N 91°16′37″E) is approx. – 150m from project site.
2. Legally protected Area (core zone or buffer zone)		No	No Legally protected Area (core zone or buffer zone)
3. Wetland/ Mangrove/ Estuarine		No	No Wetland observed/reported nearby the S/S. There is no Mangrove / Estuarine nearby the Project site.
4. Special area for protecting biodiversity		No	No Special area for protecting biodiversity
B. Potential Environmental Impacts: Will the Project cause			
<ol> <li>Impairment of historical/cultural areas; disfiguration of landscape or potential loss/damage to physical cultural resources?</li> </ol>			The proposed site is an industrial area therefore there will be air, noise, and soil and water pollution.
			There are three factories adjacent to it viz:
			1) Brahmaputra Biochemicals Pvt. Ltd.
			2)Poultry Feed factory
			3) Also, in the proposed residential area of the substation there is a WaiWai factory opposite to the site.
			79 trees of different species and girth size have been enumerated by Forest Department for the need of permission for cutting.
			Noise and dust pollution may envisage from the proposed construction of substation.
2. Disturbance to precious ecology (e.g. sensitive or protected areas)?		No	No disturbance to precious ecology (e.g. sensitive or protected areas)
3. Alteration of surface water hydrology of water ways resulting in increased sediment in streams affected by increased soil erosion at construction			Temporary alteration of surface water hydrology may occur due to silt runoff from land filling for construction of substation and associated

Screening Checklist	Yes	No	Remarks
site?			facilities.
4. Deterioration of surface water quality due to silt runoff and sanitary wastes from worker-based camps and chemicals used in Construction?	Yes		Temporary deterioration of surface water quality may takes place due to silt runoff from land filling for construction of substation and associated facilities.
5. Increased air pollution due to project construction and operation?	Yes		Moderate air pollution may takes place during construction of substation.
6. Noise and vibration due to project construction or operation?	Yes		Moderate noise and vibration may occur during construction of substation.
7. Involuntary resettlement of people? (physica displacement and/or economic displacement)		No	There is no such Involuntary  Resettlement and physical & economic relocation took place as the transferred approx.  1.33 ha of land from IGC, AIIDC to AEGCL.
8. Disproportionate impacts on the poor, women and children, Indigenous Peoples or other vulnerable groups?		No	There is no material impact on poor, women, children and indigenous Peoples or any other vulnerable groups.
9. Poor sanitation and solid waste disposal in construction camps and work sites, and possible transmission of communicable diseases (such as STI's and HIV/AIDS) from workers to loca populations?		No	Contractor will hire local labor to extent possible and provide adequate facility to labor camp and work site for those hired from outside.  Regular health checkup and awareness camp regarding transmission of communicable diseases (such as Covid 19, STI's and HIV/AIDS) will be provided by contractor.
10. Creation of temporary breeding habitats for diseases such as those transmitted by mosquitoes and rodents?		No	No temporary breeding habitat for diseases such as those transmitted by mosquitoes and rodents is envisaged.  EPC has to be informed at the time of implementation to take sufficient measure so that the possibility of such contamination does not arise.
11. Social conflicts if workers from other regions or countries are hired?		No	Contractor will hire local labor to extent possible. EPC Contractor will establish the labor camp (s) for those hired from outside, as per the rules within the site premises and provide adequate facility to the labor to stay within camp site. Laborers should be informed by the EPC project officials to avoid to keep relation with the local people and do not go inside the nearby residential area without prior permission. Strict observance of the code of conduct will be followed.

Screening Checklist	Yes	No	Remarks
12. Large population influx during project construction and operation that causes increased burden on social infrastructure and services (such as water supply and sanitation systems)?		No	The Contractor shall be overall responsible for supply of water within switch yard for firefighting, drinking purposes, construction purpose and other miscellaneous purposes. The scope is also inclusive of installation of deep tube well, construction of slow sand filter and ground storage tank, supply and installation of distribution network pipelines, supply and erection of all overhead tanks, staging for OH tank wherever necessary, pipes, fittings etc. required for the water supply to be taken from the terminal point to the respective buildings. A scheme shall be prepared by the contractor indicating the layout and details of water supply which shall subject to the approval of EMPLOYER before actual start of work. Any extra bore required shall be within the scope of the contractor.
13. Risks and vulnerabilities related to occupational health and safety due to physical, chemical, biological, and radiological hazards during project construction and operation?			It was complained by the villagers that the alcohol factory releases stingy gases in the evening time and the smell of the gas is awkward.  The intensity of smell is more during the rainy season.  It may affect workers as well as local community.  Any intervention in safety at S/S will be taken care by implementing proper precautionary measures as per safety procedures. Use of PPEs during construction and operation of substation will also be ensured.
14. Risks to community health and safety due to the transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of materials such as explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation?	:	No	Risks to community health and safety due to the transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of materials such as explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation is not envisaged.  Local community to be informed by the EPC contractors and the concerned Circle officials regarding the vehicle movement and maintain the material store in such manner so that the risks to community health do not arise.
15. Community safety risks due to both accidental and natural causes, especially where the structural elements or components of the project are		No	During construction work EPC contractors should maintain the safety measures and maintain the same to keep community safety

Screening Checklist	Yes	No	Remarks
accessible to members of the affected community or where their failure could result in injury to the community throughout project construction, operation and decommissioning?			throughout the construction phase.
16. Generation of solid waste and/or hazardous waste?	Yes		Solid waste and/or hazardous waste will be generated during construction and operation of substation.
17. Use of chemicals?	Yes		Chemicals will be used in the execution of the project.
18. Generation of wastewater during construction or operation?	Yes		Wastewater from Septic Tank will be generated during construction and operation of substation.

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

#### **Checklist for identification of Social Impacts (Chhaygaon S/S)**

Particul	lars	Observation
A. Prop	osed Site Location	
1.	Land requirement for the project (GPS parcel border for Substation)	Land Available GPS (Longitude, Latitude) 26°2'58.10"N 91°16'33.09"E
2.	Landownership of the project area: Govt. / Private lands	Transferred approx. 1.33 ha of land of Assam Industrial Infrastructure Development Corporation (AIIDC) to AEGCL.
3.	Does the project require acquisition of land or transfer of Govt. land/structures?  If yes please mention the area of land, number of affected structures, Households	
4.	Present usage of the land parcels is for: Agricultural purposes Residential purposes Commercial purposes Other purposes (Indicate)	Transferred of land from IGC, AIIDC to AEGCL.
5.	Will the project lead to loss of housing?	No
6.	Will the project lead to loss of agricultural land?	No
7.	Will the project cause damage to private property/assets? (Structures,	Not applicable
8.	Will the project lead to loss of common property resources?	No
9.	Will the project lead to loss of livelihood – directly or indirectly?	No
10.	Does the project require relocation of encroachers/squatters? If yes, please elaborate number, gender and nature, if possible.	No
11.	Does the project require relocation of community facilities/Govt. establishment or any object that are of religious, cultural and historical significance.	
12.	Is the proposed project site encountering any site of archaeological/historical value?  Cultural/Symbolic value?	No
13.	Proposed project onsite/off-site support infrastructures are located in an area where residents are: All Mainstream / Al Indigenous peoples/Majority Mainstream or Non-indigenous peoples/ Majority Indigenous peoples.	inhabitants belong to General/MOBC

Partic	ulars	Observation
B. Pot	ential Social Impacts- Will the Project cause	
1.	Involuntary resettlement of people? (physical displacement and/or economic displacement)	tNot Applicable
2.	Impacts on the poor, women and children, Indigenous Peoples or other vulnerable groups?	s No
3.	Will community facilities require relocation?	No
4.	Poor sanitation and solid waste disposal in construction camps and work sites	sMay occur at the time of construction
5.	Large population influx during project construction and operation that causes increased burden on social infrastructure and services (such as water supply and sanitation systems)?	- I
6.	Social conflicts relating to inconveniences in living conditions where construction interferes with preexisting roads	sMay occur at the time of construction
7.	Will a Resettlement Plan be required?	No
8.	Impact on local economy – Fisheries, local tourism related businesses, market places, etc.?	dNo
9.	Livelihood- Direct impact due to loss of land and structures?	No
10.	Indirect impact due to loss of commercial grounds, marke places, places for hawker stalls, etc.?	tNo
11.	Risks and vulnerabilities related to occupational health and safety due to physical, chemical, biological, and radiological hazards during project construction and operation?	
12.	Other social concerns relating to inconveniences in living conditions in the project areas?	May occur at the time of construction
13.	Social concerns relating to local inconveniences associated with project operation, if any? (e.g. increased volume of traffic greater risk of accidents, GBV/SE communicable disease transmission)	
14.	Does the project related work affect any objects that are o religious and cultural significance to the IPs?	fNo
15.	Which are the 3 main economic activities that are conducted by the IP population? Will these be affected by the proposed project development and how?	·
16.	Is there a requirement for an in-depth Indigenous people's plan? (IPP)	sNo

Particula	rs	Observation
	Describe any other impacts that have not been covered in this screening form	Not Applicable
	Describe alternatives, if any, to avoid or minimize displacement from private and public lands	Not Applicable

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

#### **Project Impact Assessment Checklist**

				Remarks
	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the Project cause	Yes	No	(If yes, what is the proposed mitigation measures and indicate which Environmental and Social  Management Standard will be implemented)
1.	Encroachment on historical/cultural areas, disfiguration of landscape and increased waste generation?		No	Not Applicable
2.	Encroachment on precious ecosystem (e.g. Sensitive or protected areas)?		No	Not Applicable
3.	Alteration of surface water hydrology of water ways crossed by roads and resulting in increased sediment in streams affected by increased soil erosion at the construction site?			Temporary alteration of surface water hydrology may occur due to silt runoff from land filling for construction of substation and associated facilities.
4.	Deterioration of surface water quality due to silt Runoff, sanitary wastes from worker-based camps and chemicals used in construction?			Temporary deterioration of surface water quality due to silt runoff from land filling for construction of substation and associated facilities may occur.  To minimize the above impact, land filling will be proposed to done in dry season with soil compaction.
5.	Increased local air pollution due to rock crushing, cutting and filling?	Yes		Crushers (if any) will operate after obtaining Consent to Establish (CTE) and Consent to Operate (CTO) from SPCB and follows the conditions.
6.	Risks and vulnerabilities related to occupational health and safety due to physical, chemical, biological, and radiological hazards during project construction and operation?			It was said by the villagers that the alcohol factory (Brahmaputra Biochemicals Pvt. Ltd.) releases stingy gases in the evening time and the smell of the gas is awkward.  The intensity of smell is more during the rainy season.  It may affect to workers as well as local community.  To minimize impact proper precautionary measures like use of PPEs will be used during construction and operation of substation.  Any intervention in safety at S/S will be taken care by implementing proper precautionary measures as per safety procedures. Use of PPEs during construction and operation of

	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the Project cause	Yes	No	Remarks (If yes, what is the proposed mitigation measures and indicate which Environmental and Social  Management Standard will be implemented)
				substation wil also be ensured.
	Chemical pollution resulting from chemical clearing of vegetation for construction site?		No	Crushers (if any) will operate after obtaining Consent to Establish (CTE) and Consent to Operate (CTO) from SPCB and follows the conditions.
8.	Noise and vibration due to civil works?	Yes		Moderate noise and vibration may occur during construction of substation.
				Proper Noise barrier will be installed as per requirement to minimize the Noise.
				To minimize noise and vibration from civil works, all construction vehicles, machineries and equipments will be maintain regularly and with a valid PUC certificate.
	Dislocation or involuntary resettlement of people?		No	Not applicable
	Disproportionate impacts on the poor, women and children, Indigenous Peoples or other vulnerable groups?		No	Not applicable
	Social conflicts relating to inconveniences in living conditions where construction interferes with pre-existing roads?			May occur during the Construction period. To minimize this type of occurrence needs Proper discloser of the Project.
	Hazardous driving conditions where construction interferes with pre-existing roads?	Yes		May Occur at the time of movement of construction material vehicle.
	Creation of temporary breeding habitats for vectors of disease such as mosquitoes and Rodents?		No	The proper measures to be taken by EPC to avoid the chances of the diseases.
	Dislocation and compulsory resettlement of people living in right-of-way of the power Transmission lines?		No	Not applicable
	Environmental disturbances associated with the maintenance of lines (e.g. routine control of vegetative height under the lines)?		No	Not applicable
	Facilitation of access to protected areas in case corridors traverse protected areas?		No	Not applicable
	Disturbances (e.g. noise and chemical pollutants) if herbicides are used to control vegetative		No	Not applicable

				·
	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the Project cause	Yes	No	Remarks (If yes, what is the proposed mitigation measures and indicate which Environmental and Social Management Standard will be implemented)
	height?			
	Large population influx during project construction and operation that cause increased burden on social infrastructure and services (Such as water supply and sanitation systems)?		No	
	Social conflicts if workers from other regions or countries are hired?		No	
	Poor sanitation and solid waste disposal in construction camps and work sites, and possible transmission of communicable diseases from Workers to local populations?		No	
	Risks to community safety associated with maintenance of lines and related facilities?		No	
	Community health hazards due to electromagnetic fields, land subsidence, lowered Groundwater table, and salinization?		No	
	Risks to community health and safety due to the transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of materials such as explosives, fuel and other Chemicals during construction and operation?		No	
	Community safety risks due to both accidental and natural hazards, especially where the structural elements or components of the project (e.g. high voltage wires, and transmission towers and lines) are accessible to members of the affected community or where their failure could result in injury to the community throughout project construction, operation and decommissioning?		No	
Involur	ntary Resettlement Screening	•		
	Will the activity be undertaken in public land or existing right of way (RoW)?		No	
	If no1 is yes, are there any non-titled people (squatters) who live at the site or within the public land/RoW? Please provide gender disaggregated number.		NA	

	AM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHA	. 52		-,
	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the Project cause	Yes	No	Remarks (If yes, what is the proposed mitigation measures and indicate which Environmental and Social Management Standard will be implemented)
	Will the activity be undertaken in private land but acquired, and then it has been acquired in the anticipation of the program or in the last three years?		No	
4.	If no 3 is yes, when the private land was acquired, the land acquired legally under Gol law? (unknown =No)		NA	
5.	If no 3 is yes, are there any outstanding Complaints about the land acquired?		NA	
6.	Will the activity require new private land acquisition or use?		No	
7.	If no 6 is yes, the land will be obtained through negotiated settlement or donation?		NA	
8.	If no 6 is yes, will it require compulsory land Acquisition?		NA	
9.	If no 6 is yes, then will the activity require permanent or temporary relocation or  Displacement of any people (titled or non-titled)?		NA	
10.	If no 8 is yes, then will there be any loss of housing/accommodation or severely affected households more than 10% of their productive Asset?		NA	
11.	In all cases, will there be any loss of vegetable gardens or agriculture?		No	In all cases crop may be temporarily damaged. Compensation will be paid as per Government policy.
12.	In all cases, will there be any losses of crops, fruit Trees or private structures?		No	
13.	In all cases, will any small or informal businesses have to be moved or closed temporarily or Permanently?		No	
14.	In all cases, will there be temporary or permanent loss of employment as a result of the renovation?		No	
15.	In all cases, will there be temporary or permanent impact on women or vulnerable		No	

Sl.No.	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the Project cause groups?	Yes	No	Remarks (If yes, what is the proposed mitigation measures and indicate which Environmental and Social  Management Standard will be implemented)
Indige	nous Peoples Screening	Yes	No	Not Remarks Known
16.	Are the subproject areas located in scheduled Tribe area?		No	
17.	Do the applicants belong to scheduled tribes?		No	
18.	Will the project directly or indirectly affect Indigenous Peoples' traditional socio-cultural and belief practices? (e.g. child-rearing, health, education, arts, and governance)		No	
19	Will the project affect the livelihood systems of Indigenous Peoples? (e.g., food production system, natural resource management, crafts and trade, employment status)		No	Not applicable
20.	Commercial development of the cultural resources and knowledge of Indigenous Peoples?		No	Not Applicable
21.	Physical displacement from traditional or Customary lands?		No	
22.	Commercial development of natural resources (such as minerals, hydrocarbons, forests, water, hunting or fishing grounds) within customary lands under use that would impact the livelihoods or the cultural, ceremonial, spiritual uses that define the identity and community of Indigenous Peoples?		No	Not Applicable
23.	Establishing legal recognition of rights to lands and territories that are traditionally owned or customarily used, occupied or claimed by Indigenous peoples?		No	Not Applicable
24.	Acquisition of lands that are traditionally owned or customarily used occupied or claimed by indigenous peoples?		No	

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

#### **D. Burhigaon substation**

#### **Checklist for identification of Environmental Impacts**

Screening Checklist	Yes	No	Remarks
A. Project Sitting: Is the Project area adjacent			
to or within any of the following			
environmentally sensitive areas?			
1. Cultural heritage site		No	No cultural heritage site nearby proposed
			substation.
			<ul> <li>Burhigaon Primary School (60°32'44" N</li> </ul>
			92°10′ 41″E)is approx. 160m away from the
			S/S site.
			• Abdul Gani Masjid (26° 32′ 33″ N 92° 10′
			43" E) is Next to S/S site
			Some old structures quarters to be
			demolished from the proposed substation
			site.
2. Legally protected Area (core zone or buffer		No	The proposed substation site is approx.
zone)			15km away from Orang National Park.
3. Wetland/ Mangrove/ Estuarine		No	
4. Special area for protecting biodiversity		No	The proposed substation site is approx.
			15km away from Orang National Park.
B. Potential Environmental Impacts: Will the			
Project cause			
1. Impairment of historical/cultural areas;		No	
disfiguration of landscape or potential			
loss/damage to physical cultural resources?			
2. Disturbance to precious ecology (e.g. sensitive		No	
or protected areas)?			
3. Alteration of surface water hydrology of	Yes		Temporary alteration of surface water
waterways resulting in increased sediment in			hydrology may occur due to silt runoff
streams affected by increased soil erosion at			from land filling for construction of
construction site?			substation and associated facilities.
4. Deterioration of surface water quality due to	Yes		Temporary alteration of surface water
silt runoff and sanitary wastes from			hydrology may occur due to silt runoff
			from land filling for construction of
E lagrand die mallisties des te	V-:		substation and associated facilities.
5. Increased air pollution due to project	Yes		Moderate air pollution may takes place
construction and operation?	Vos		during construction of substation.
6. Noise and vibration due to project	res		Moderate noise and vibration may occur
construction or operation?		Ne	during construction of substation.
7. Involuntary resettlement of people? (physical		No	
displacement and/or economic displacement)		N' a	
8. Disproportionate impacts on the poor, women		No	
and children, Indigenous Peoples or other			
vulnerable groups?			

Screening Checklist	Yes	No	Remarks
9. Poor sanitation and solid waste disposal in construction camps and work sites, and possible transmission of communicable diseases (such as STI's and HIV/AIDS) from workers to local populations?  10. Creation of temporary breeding habitats for diseases such as those transmitted by		No	Contractor will hire local labor to extent possible and provide adequate facility to labor camp and work site for those hired from outside.  Regular health checkup and awareness camp regarding transmission of communicable diseases (such as COVID 19, STI's and HIV/AIDS will be provided by contractor.
mosquitoes and rodents?			
Social conflicts if workers from other regions or countries are hired?      Large population influx during project		No	Contractor will hire local labor to extent possible. To avoid social conflict, contractor will provide adequate facility to the labor to stay within camp site for those hired from outside, , as per the rules within the site premises and provide adequate facility to the labour to stay within camp site. Labourers should be informed by the EPC project officials to avoid to keep relation with the local people and do not go inside the nearby residential area without prior permission. Code of conduct will also be followed as part of mitigation measure.
construction and operation that causes increased burden on social infrastructure and services (such as water supply and sanitation systems)?		NO	contractor will purchase water through water tankers from approved vendors or will use water from other sources after taking appropriate permission from competent authority. Filtration water must be done for drinking purpose.
13. Risks and vulnerabilities related to occupational health and safety due to physical, chemical, biological, and radiological hazards during project construction and operation?	Yes		Any intervention in safety at S/S will be taken care by implementing proper precautionary measures as per safety procedures. Use of PPEs during construction and operation of substation will also be ensured.
14. Risks to community health and safety due to the transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of materials such as explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation?		No	
15. Community safety risks due to both accidental and natural causes, especially where the structural elements or components of the project are accessible to members of the		No	

Screening Checklist	Yes	No	Remarks
affected community or where their failure			
could result in injury to the community			
throughout project construction, operation and			
decommissioning?			
16. Generation of solid waste and/or hazardous	Yes		Solid waste and/or hazardous waste will
waste?			be generated during construction and
			operation of substation.
17. Use of chemicals?	Yes		
18. Generation of wastewater during	Yes		Wastewater from Septic Tank will be
construction or operation?			generated during construction and
			operation of substation.

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

#### **Checklist for identification of Social Impact (Burhigaon S/S)**

Particu	lars	Observation
A. Prop	osed Site Location	
1.	Land requirement for the project (GPS parcel	Land Available
	border for Substation)	GPS (Longitude, Latitude)
		26°32'39.84"N 92°10'40.71"E
2.	Landownership of the project area: Govt.	Nearly 0.79 ha land is owned by AEGCL
		(transferred from APDCL)
	Does the project require acquisition of land or	No
3.	transfer of Govt. land/structures?	
	If yes please mention the area of land, number of	
	affected structures, Households	
	Present usage of the land parcels is for:	AEGCL land (transferred from APDCL) with
	Agricultural purposes	abandoned structures.
4.	Residential purposes	
	Commercial purposes	
	Other purposes (Indicate)	
5.	Will the project lead to loss of housing?	Not Applicable
6.	Will the project lead to loss of agricultural land?	Not Applicable
7.	Will the project cause damage to private	Not Applicable
	property/assets? (Structures, crops, trees, etc.)	
8.	Will the project lead to loss of common property	Not Applicable
	resources?	
9.	Will the project lead to loss of livelihood – directly	Not Applicable
	or indirectly?	
10.	Does the project require relocation of	Not Applicable
	encroachers/squatters? If yes, please elaborate	
	number, gender and nature, if possible.	
	Does the project require relocation of community	Not Applicable
11.	facilities/Govt. establishment or any object that	
	are of religious, cultural and historical significance.	
	Is the proposed project site encountering any site	Not Applicable
12.	of archaeological/historical value?	
	Cultural/Symbolic value?	
	Proposed project onsite/off-site support	Majority Mainstream (The local inhabitants
13.	infrastructures are located in an area where	belong to General/MOBC Caste)
	residents are: All Mainstream / All Indigenous	
	peoples / Majority Mainstream or Non-indigenous	
	peoples/ Majority Indigenous peoples.	
B. Pote	ntial Social Impacts- Will the Project cause	
1.	Involuntary resettlement of people? (physical	Not Applicable
	displacement and/or economic displacement)	
2.	Impacts on the poor, women and children,	Not Applicable
	Indigenous Peoples or other vulnerable groups?	
3.	Will community facilities require relocation?	Not Applicable
4.	Poor sanitation and solid waste disposal in	May occur at the time of construction but
	Will community facilities require relocation?	

Particu	lars	Observation
	construction camps and work sites	EPC will take measures as per requirement
		to avoid such occurrence.
5.	Large population influx during project construction and operation that causes increased burden on social infrastructure and services (such as water supply and sanitation systems)?	May occur at the time of construction EPC will take necessary measures as per requirement
6.	Social conflicts relating to inconveniences in living conditions where construction interferes with preexisting roads	May occur at the time of construction EPC will handle the occurrence through their safety measure.
7.	Will a Resettlement Plan be required?	Not Applicable
8.	Impact on local economy – Fisheries, local tourism related businesses, market places, etc.?	Not Applicable
9.	Livelihood- Direct impact due to loss of land and structures?	Not Applicable
10.	Indirect impact due to loss of commercial grounds, market places, places for hawker stalls, etc.?	Not Applicable
11.	Risks and vulnerabilities related to occupational health and safety due to physical, chemical, biological, and radiological hazards during project construction and operation?	Any intervention in safety at S/S will be taken care by implementing proper precautionary measures as per safety procedures. Use of PPEs during construction and operation of substation will also be ensured.
12.	Other social concerns relating to inconveniences in living conditions in the project areas?	May occur at the time of construction the appropriate measures to be taken by EPC.
13.	Social concerns relating to local inconveniences associated with project operation, if any? (e.g. increased volume of traffic, greater risk of accidents, GBV/SE communicable disease transmission)	May occur at the time of construction the appropriate measures to be taken by EPC.
14.	Does the project related work affect any objects that are of religious and cultural significance to the IPs?	No
15.	Which are the 3 main economic activities that are conducted by the IP population? Will these be affected by the proposed project development and how?	Not Applicable
16.	Is there a requirement for an in-depth Indigenous people's plan? (IPP)	Not Applicable
17.	Describe any other impacts that have not been covered in this screening form	Not Applicable
18.	Describe alternatives, if any, to avoid or minimize displacement from private and public lands	Not Applicable

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

#### **Project Impact Assessment Checklist**

				Remarks
S.N.	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the Project cause	Yes	No	(If yes, what is the proposed mitigation measures and indicate which Environmental and Social Management Standard will be implemented)
1.	Encroachment on historical/cultural areas, disfiguration of landscape and increased waste generation?		No	
2.	Encroachment on precious ecosystem (e.g. Sensitive or protected areas)?		No	The site is approx. 15km away from Orang National Park.
3.	Alteration of surface water hydrology	Yes		Temporary alteration of surface water hydrology may occur due to silt runoff from land filling for construction of substation and associated facilities.
4.	Deterioration of surface water quality due to silt Runoff, sanitary wastes from worker-based camps and chemicals used in construction?	Yes		Temporary deterioration of surface water quality may take place due to silt runoff from land filling (if any) for construction of substation.  To minimize the above impact, land filling will be proposed to done in dry season with soil compaction.
5.	Increased local air pollution due to rock crushing, cutting and filling?	Yes		Crushers (if any) will operate after obtaining Consent to Establish and Consent to Operate from SPCB and follows the conditions of SPCB.
6.	Risks and vulnerabilities related to occupational health and safety due to physical, chemical, biological, and radiological hazards during project construction and operation?	Yes		Any intervention in safety at S/S, will be taken care by implementing proper precautionary measures as per safety procedures and use of PPEs during construction and operation of substation.
7.	Chemical pollution resulting from chemical clearing of vegetation for construction site?		No	
8.	Noise and vibration due to civil works?	Yes		Moderate noise and vibration may occur during construction of substation.  Proper Noise barrier will be installed as per requirement to minimize the Noise.  To minimize noise and vibration from civil works, all construction vehicles, machineries and equipment will be maintain regularly and with a valid PUC certificate.
9.	Dislocation or involuntary resettlement of people?		No	

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S.N.	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the Project cause	Yes	No	Remarks (If yes, what is the proposed mitigation measures and indicate which Environmental and Social Management Standard will be implemented)		
10.	Disproportionate impacts on the poor, women and children, Indigenous Peoples or other vulnerable groups?		No			
11.	Social conflicts relating to inconveniences in living conditions where construction interferes with pre-existing roads?		No			
12.	Hazardous driving conditions where construction interferes with pre-existing roads?		No			
13.	Creation of temporary breeding habitats for vectors of disease such as mosquitoes and Rodents?		No			
14.	Dislocation and compulsory resettlement of people living in right-of-way of the power Transmission lines?		No			
15.	Environmental disturbances associated with the maintenance of lines (e.g. routine control of vegetative height under the lines)?		No			
16.	Facilitation of access to protected areas in case corridors traverse protected areas?		No			
17.	Disturbances (e.g. noise and chemical pollutants) if herbicides are used to control vegetative height?		No			
18.	Large population influx during project construction and operation that cause increased burden on social infrastructure and services (Such as water supply and sanitation systems)?		No			
19.	Social conflicts if workers from other regions or countries are hired?		No			
20.	Poor sanitation and solid waste disposal in construction camps and work sites, and possible transmission of communicable diseases from Workers to local populations?		No			
21.	Risks to community safety associated with maintenance of lines and related facilities?		No			
22.	Community health hazards due to electromagnetic fields, land subsidence, lowered Groundwater table, and salinization?		No			
23.	Risks to community health and safety due to the transport, storage, and use and/or		No			

S.N.	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the Project cause	Yes	No	Remarks (If yes, what is the proposed mitigation measures and indicate which Environmental and Social Management Standard will be implemented)
	disposal of materials such as explosives, fuel and other Chemicals during construction and operation?			
24.	Community safety risks due to both accidental and natural hazards, especially where the structural elements or components of the project (e.g. high voltage wires, and transmission towers and lines) are accessible to members of the affected community or where their failure could result in injury to the community throughout		No	
	project construction, operation and			
Involu	decommissioning?			
1.	ntary Resettlement Screening  Will the activity be undertaken in public land		No	Not Applicable
1.	or existing right of way (RoW)?		100	Not Applicable
2.	If no 1 is yes, are there any non-titled people (squatters) who live at the site or within the public land/RoW?  Please provide gender disaggregated number.		No	Not Applicable
3.	Will the activity be undertaken in private land but acquired, and then it has been acquired in the anticipation of the program or in the last three years?		No	Not Applicable
4.	If no 3 is yes, when the private land was acquired, the land acquired legally under Gol law? (unknown =No)		No	Not Applicable
5.	If no 3 is yes, are there any outstanding Complaints about the land acquired?		No	Not Applicable
6.	Will the activity require new private land acquisition or use?		No	Not Applicable
7.	If no 6 is yes, the land will be obtained through negotiated settlement or donation?		No	Not Applicable
8.	If no 6 is yes, will it require compulsory land Acquisition?		No	Not Applicable
9.	If no 6 is yes, then will the activity require permanent or temporary relocation Displacement of any people (titled or non-titled)?		No	Not Applicable
10.	If no 8 is yes, then will there be any loss		No	Not Applicable

S.N.	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the Project cause	Yes	No	Remarks (If yes, what is the proposed mitigation measures and indicate which Environmental and Social Management Standard will be implemented)
	of housing/accommodation or severely affected households more than 10% of their productive Asset?			
11.	In all cases, will there be any loss of vegetable gardens or agriculture?		No	In all cases crop may be temporarily damaged. Compensation will be paid as per Government policy.
12.	In all cases, will there be any losses of crops, fruit Trees or private structures?		No	Not Applicable
13.	In all cases, will any small or informal businesses have to be moved or closed temporarily or Permanently?		No	Not Applicable
14.	In all cases, will there be temporary or permanent loss of employment as a result of the renovation?		No	Not Applicable
15.	In all cases, will there be temporary or permanent impact on women or vulnerable groups?		No	Not Applicable
Indige	nous Peoples Screening	Yes	No	Not Known Remarks
16.	Are the subproject areas located in scheduled Tribe area?		No	Not Applicable
17.	Do the applicants belong to scheduled tribes?		No	Not Applicable
18.	Will the project directly or indirectly affect Indigenous Peoples' traditional socio-cultural and belief practices? (e.g. child-rearing, health, education, arts, and governance)		No	Not Applicable
19	Will the project affect the livelihood systems of Indigenous Peoples? (e.g., food production system, natural resource management, crafts and trade, employment status)		No	Not Applicable
20.	Commercial development of the cultural resources and knowledge of Indigenous Peoples?			Not Applicable
21.	Physical displacement from traditional or Customary lands?		No	Not Applicable
22.	Commercial development of natural resources (such as minerals, hydrocarbons, forests, water, hunting or fishing grounds) within customary lands under use that would impact the livelihoods or the cultural, ceremonial, spiritual uses that define the			Not Applicable

S.N.	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the Project cause	Yes	No	Remarks (If yes, what is the part of the p	indicate which ocial
	identity and community of Indigenous Peoples?				
23.	Establishing legal recognition of rights to lands and territories that are traditionally owned or customarily used, occupied or claimed by Indigenous peoples?				Not Applicable
24.	Acquisition of lands that are traditionally owned or customarily used occupied or claimed by indigenous peoples?		No		Not Applicable

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

### E. Shankardevnagar substation

### **Checklist for identification of Environmental**

Screening Checklist	Yes	No	Remarks
A. Project Sitting: Is the Project area adjacent to			
or within any of the following environmentally			
sensitive areas?			
1. Cultural heritage site		No	No cultural heritage site nearby proposed
Ü			substation.
			District Civil Hospital is approx. 500 m away
			from Sankardevnagar S/S site.
			Some old structures quarters to be
			demolished from the proposed substation
			site.
2. Legally protected Area (core zone or buffer		No	
zone)			
3. Wetland/ Mangrove/ Estuarine		No	
4. Special area for protecting biodiversity		No	
B. Potential Environmental Impacts: Will the			
Project cause			
1. Impairment of historical/cultural areas;		No	
disfiguration of landscape or potential			
loss/damage to physical cultural resources?			
2. Disturbance to precious ecology (e.g. sensitive		No	
or protected areas)?			
3. Alteration of surface water hydrology of	Yes		Temporary alteration of surface water
waterways resulting in increased sediment in			hydrology may occur due to silt runoff from
streams affected by increased soil erosion at			land filling for construction of substation and
construction site?			associated facilities.
4. Deterioration of surface water quality due to	Yes		Temporary deterioration of surface water
silt runoff and sanitary wastes from worker-			quality may takes place due to silt runoff
based camps and chemicals used in Construction?			from land filling for construction of
			substation and associated facilities.
5. Increased air pollution due to project	Yes		Moderate air pollution may takes place
construction and operation?			during construction of substation.
6. Noise and vibration due to project construction	Yes		Moderate noise and vibration may occur
or operation?			during construction of substation.
7. Involuntary resettlement of people? (physical		No	
displacement and/or economic displacement)			
8. Disproportionate impacts on the poor, women		No	
and children, Indigenous Peoples or other			
vulnerable groups?			
9. Poor sanitation and solid waste disposal in		No	Contractor will hire local labor to extent
construction camps and work sites, and possible			possible and provide adequate facility to
transmission of communicable diseases (such as			labor camp and work site for those hired
STI's and HIV/AIDS) from workers to local			from outside.
populations?			Contractor will provide regular health

Screening Checklist	Yes	No	Remarks
			checkup and awareness camp regarding transmission of communicable diseases (such as COVID 19, STI's and HIV/AIDS.
10. Creation of temporary breeding habitats for diseases such as those transmitted by mosquitoes and rodents?		No	
11. Social conflicts if workers from other regions or countries are hired?		No	Contractor will hire local labour to extent possible. To avoid social conflict, contractor will provide adequate facility to the labour to stay within camp site for those hired from outside.
12. Large population influx during project construction and operation that causes increased burden on social infrastructure and services (such as water supply and sanitation systems)?		No	During construction of substation, contractor will purchase water through water tankers from approved vendors or will use water from other sources after taking appropriate permission from competent authority. Filtration water must be done for drinking purpose.
13. Risks and vulnerabilities related to occupational health and safety due to physical, chemical, biological, and radiological hazards during project construction and operation?	Yes		Any intervention in safety at S/S will be taken care by implementing proper precautionary measures as per safety procedures. Use of PPEs during construction and operation of substation will also be ensured.
14. Risks to community health and safety due to the transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of materials such as explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation?		No	
15. Community safety risks due to both accidental and natural causes, especially where the structural elements or components of the project are accessible to members of the affected community or where their failure could result in injury to the community throughout project construction, operation and decommissioning?		No	
16. Generation of solid waste and/or hazardous waste?	Yes		Solid waste and/or hazardous waste will be generated during construction and operation of substation.
<ul><li>17. Use of chemicals?</li><li>18. Generation of wastewater during construction or operation?</li></ul>	Yes Yes		Wastewater from Septic Tank will be generated during construction and operation of substation.

### Checklist for identification of Social Impacts (Shankardevnagar S/S)

Part	iculars	Observation
Α.	Proposed Site Location	
1.	Land requirement for the project (GPS parcel border for	Land Available
	Substation)	GPS (Longitude, Latitude)
		25°59'13.70"N 92°55'31.56"E
2.	Landownership of the project area: Govt. / Private lands	The Construction of Shankardevnagar
		substation location having 2 ha land
		belongs to AEGCL adjacent at NH-27.
	Does the project require acquisition of land or transfer of	Not Applicable
3.	Govt. land/structures?	
	If yes please mention the area of land, number of	
	affected structures, Households	
	Present usage of the land parcels is for:	Vacant Land
_	Agricultural purposes	
4.	Residential purposes	
	Commercial purposes	
	Other purposes (Indicate)	
5.	Will the project lead to loss of housing?	Not Applicable
6.	Will the project lead to loss of agricultural land?	Not Applicable
7.	Will the project cause damage to private	Not Applicable
	property/assets? (Structures, crops, trees, etc.)	
8.	Will the project lead to loss of common property	Not Applicable
	resources?	
9.	Will the project lead to loss of livelihood – directly or	Not Applicable
	indirectly?	
10.	Does the project require relocation of	Not Applicable
	encroachers/squatters? If yes, please elaborate number,	
	gender and nature, if possible.	
	Does the project require relocation of community	Not Applicable
11.	facilities/Govt. establishment or any object that are of	
	religious, cultural and historical significance.	AL A B III
12	Is the proposed project site encountering any site of	Not Applicable
12.	archaeological/historical value?	
	Cultural/Symbolic value?  Proposed project onsite/off-site support infrastructures	Majority Majortroam /The lead
13.	are located in an area where residents are: All	Majority Mainstream (The local inhabitants belong to General/
13.	Mainstream / All Indigenous peoples / Majority	ST/SC/OBC/MOBC Caste.
	Mainstream or Non-indigenous peoples/ Majority	31/30/OBC/WOBC Caste.
	Indigenous peoples.	
B. Pote	ential Social Impacts- Will the Project cause	1
2	Involuntary resettlement of people? (physical	Not Applicable
1.	displacement and /or economic displacement)	
2.	Impacts on the poor, women and children, Indigenous	Not Applicable
	Peoples or other vulnerable groups?	
		1

Part	ticulars	Observation
3.	Will community facilities require relocation?	Not Applicable
4.	Poor sanitation and solid waste disposal in construction	May occur at the time of construction
	camps and work sites	
	Large population influx during project construction and	May occur at the time of construction
5.	operation that causes increased burden on social	The Contractor will take adequate
	infrastructure and services (such as water supply and	measure during the construction
	sanitation systems)?	period.
6.	Social conflicts relating to inconveniences in living	May occur at the time of construction
	conditions where construction interferes with	EPC will handle the situation, if arise on
	preexisting roads	consultation
7.	Will a Resettlement Plan be required?	Not Applicable
8.	Impact on local economy – Fisheries, local tourism	Not Applicable
	related businesses, market places, etc.?	
9.	Livelihood- Direct impact due to loss of land and	Not Applicable
	structures?	
10.	Indirect impact due to loss of commercial grounds,	Not Applicable
	market places, places for hawker stalls, etc.?	
	Risks and vulnerabilities related to occupational health	Any intervention in safety at S/S will be
11.	and safety due to physical, chemical, biological, and	taken care by implementing proper
	radiological hazards during project construction and	precautionary measures as per safety
	operation?	procedures. Use of PPEs during
		construction and operation of
		substation will also be ensured.
12.	Other social concerns relating to inconveniences in living	May occur at the time of construction
	conditions in the project areas?	EPC will take adequate measure if
		required.
4.2	Social concerns relating to local inconveniences	May occur at the time of construction
13.	associated with project operation, if any? (e.g. increased	EPC will take adequate measure if
	volume of traffic, greater risk of accidents, GBV/SE	required.
1.0	communicable disease transmission)	Not Applicable
14.	Does the project related work affect any objects that are	Not Applicable
	of religious and cultural significance to the IPs?  Which are the 3 main economic activities that are	Not Applicable
15.	conducted by the IP population? Will these be affected	Not Applicable
15.	by the proposed project development and how?	
16.	Is there a requirement for an in-depth Indigenous	Not Applicable
10.	people's plan? (IPP)	Not Applicable
17.	Describe any other impacts that have not been covered	Not Applicable
1/.	in this screening form	Not Applicable
18.	Describe alternatives, if any, to avoid or minimize	Not Applicable
10.	displacement from private and public lands	Not Applicable
	displacement from private and public lands	

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### **Project Impact Assessment Checklist**

				Remarks
	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the Project cause	Yes	No	(If yes, what is the proposed mitigation measures and indicate which Environmental Management Standard will be implemented)
1.	Encroachment on historical/cultural areas, disfiguration of landscape and increased waste generation?		No	
2.	Encroachment on precious ecosystem (e.g. Sensitive or protected areas)?		No	
3.	Alteration of surface water hydrology	Yes		Alteration of surface water hydrology may occur due to silt runoff from land filling for construction of substation.
4.	Deterioration of surface water quality due to silt Runoff, sanitary wastes from worker-based camps and chemicals used in construction?	Yes		Temporary deterioration of surface water quality may take place due to silt runoff from land filling (if any) for construction of substation.  To minimize the above impact, land filling will be proposed to done in dry season with soil compaction.
5.	Increased local air pollution due to rock crushing, cutting and filling?	Yes		Crushers (if any) will operate after obtaining Consent to Establish and Consent to Operate from SPCB and follows the conditions of SPCB.
6.	Risks and vulnerabilities related to occupational health and safety due to physical, chemical, biological, and radiological hazards during project construction and operation?	Yes		Any intervention in safety at S/S will be taken care by implementing proper precautionary measures as per safety procedures. Use of PPEs during construction and operation of substation will also be ensured.
7.	Chemical pollution resulting from chemical clearing of vegetation for construction site?		No	
8.	Noise and vibration due to civil works?	Yes		Moderate noise and vibration may occur during construction of substation.  Proper Noise barrier will be installed as per requirement to minimize the Noise.  To minimize noise and vibration from civil works, all construction vehicles, machineries and equipments will be maintain regularly and with a valid PUC certificate.
9.	Dislocation or involuntary resettlement of people?		No	

	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the Project cause	Yes	No	Remarks (If yes, what is the proposed mitigation measures and indicate which Environmental Management Standard will be implemented)
10.	Disproportionate impacts on the poor, women and children, Indigenous Peoples or other vulnerable groups?		No	
11.	Social conflicts relating to inconveniences in living conditions where construction interferes with pre-existing roads?		No	
12.	Hazardous driving conditions where construction interferes with pre-existing roads?		No	
13.	Creation of temporary breeding habitats for vectors of disease such as mosquitoes and Rodents?		No	
14.	Dislocation and compulsory resettlement of people living in right-of-way of the power Transmission lines?		No	
15.	Environmental disturbances associated with the maintenance of lines (e.g. routine control of vegetative height under the lines)?		No	
16.	Facilitation of access to protected areas in case corridors traverse protected areas?		No	
17.	Disturbances (e.g. noise and chemical pollutants) if herbicides are used to control vegetative height?		No	
18.	Large population influx during project construction and operation that cause increased burden on social infrastructure and services (Such as water supply and sanitation systems)?		No	
19.	Social conflicts if workers from other regions or countries are hired?		No	
20.	Poor sanitation and solid waste disposal in construction camps and work sites, and possible transmission of communicable diseases from Workers to local populations?		No	
21.	Risks to community safety associated with maintenance of lines and related facilities?		No	
22.	Community health hazards due to electromagnetic fields, land subsidence, lowered Groundwater table, and salinization?		No	
23.	Risks to community health and safety due to the transport, storage, and use and/or disposal		No	

	WINTRASTATE TRANSMISSION STSTEM ENHA			
	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the Project cause	Yes	No	Remarks (If yes, what is the proposed mitigation measures and indicate which Environmental Management Standard will be implemented)
	of materials such as explosives, fuel and other			
	Chemicals during construction and operation?			
24.	Community safety risks due to both accidental		No	
	and natural hazards, especially where the			
	structural elements or components of the			
	project (e.g., high voltage wires, and			
	transmission towers and lines) are accessible			
	to members of the affected community or			
	where their failure could result in injury to the			
	community throughout project construction,			
	operation and decommissioning?			
	tary Resettlement Screening	1	ı	
	Will the activity be undertaken in public land or existing right of way (RoW)?		No	Not Applicable
2.	If no 1 is yes, are there any non-titled people		NA	Not Applicable
	(squatters) who live at the site or within the			
	public land/RoW?			
	Please provide gender disaggregated			
	number.			
3.	Will the activity be undertaken in private land		No	
	but acquired, and then it has been acquired in			
	the anticipation of the program or in the last			
	three years?			
	If no 3 is yes, when the private land was		NA	
	acquired, the land acquired legally under Gol			
	law? (unknown =No)			
5.	If no 3 is yes, are there any outstanding		NA	
	Complaints about the land acquired?			
6.	Will the activity require new private land		No	
	acquisition or use?			
	If no 6 is yes, the land will be obtained through		NA	
	negotiated settlement or donation?			
	If no 6 is yes, will it require compulsory land		NA	
	Acquisition?			
9.	If no 6 is yes, then will the activity require		No	
	permanent or temporary			
	relocation or			
	Displacement of any people (titled or non-			
	titled)?			
10.	If no 8 is yes, then will there be any loss		NA	
	of housing/accommodation or severely			

	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the	Yes	No	Remarks (If yes, what is the proposed mitigation measures and indicate which
SI.NO.	Project cause			Environmental  Management Standard will be implemented)
	affected households more than 10% of their productive Asset?			
11.	In all cases, will there be any loss of vegetable gardens or agriculture?		No	In all cases crop may be temporarily damaged. Compensation will be paid as per RPF and Government norms.
12.	In all cases, will there be any losses of crops, fruit Trees or private structures?		No	
13.	In all cases, will any small or informal businesses have to be moved or closed temporarily or Permanently?		No	
14.	In all cases, will there be temporary or permanent loss of employment as a result of the renovation?		No	
15.	In all cases, will there be temporary or permanent impact on women or vulnerable groups?		No	
Indiger	nous Peoples Screening	Yes	No	Not Remarks Known
16.	Are the subproject areas located in scheduled Tribe area?		No	Not Applicable
17.	Do the applicants belong to scheduled tribes?		No	Not Applicable
18.	Will the project directly or indirectly affect Indigenous Peoples' traditional socio-cultural and belief practices? (e.g. child-rearing, health, education, arts, and governance)		No	Not Applicable
19	Will the project affect the livelihood systems of Indigenous Peoples? (e.g., food production system, natural resource management, crafts and trade, employment status)		No	Not Applicable
20.	Commercial development of the cultural resources and knowledge of Indigenous Peoples?		No	Not Applicable
21.	Physical displacement from traditional or Customary lands?		No	Not Applicable
22.	Commercial development of natural resources (such as minerals, hydrocarbons, forests, water, hunting or fishing grounds) within customary lands under use that would impact the livelihoods or the cultural, ceremonial, spiritual uses that define the identity and community of Indigenous Peoples?		No	Not Applicable

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Potential Environmental Impacts Will the Project cause	Yes	No	Remarks (If yes, what is the proposed mitigation measures and indicate which Environmental Management Standard will be implemented)
Establishing legal recognition of rights to lands and territories that are traditionally owned or customarily used, occupied or claimed by Indigenous peoples?		No	Not Applicable
Acquisition of lands that are traditionally owned or customarily used occupied or claimed by indigenous peoples?		No	Not Applicable

#### 7.1 A Brief Assessment of Climate Risk and Adaptation at the Design Stage

Following are the few climatic parameters along with remedial measures adapted for S/S at design stage.

#### 7.1.1 Earthquakes

<u>Impact:</u> The earthquake disaster has a vast risk for a sustainable and harmonious societal and economic development. The performance of substation equipment during an earthquake depends on their configuration, dynamic properties, ductility and strength of construction. Substation equipment's are lightly hampered structures having natural modes within the frequency band of ground excitation. The satisfactory operation of substation during and after an earthquake depends on the survival, without malfunction of many diverse type of equipment. Porcelain components are identified as most vulnerable parts against earthquake vibrations than any other components.

Structural failures are possible in each story and in any kind of structure. They are caused by lateral and torsional displacement, local fracture of supporting members, large displacement of foundations and collision of adjacent buildings.

Direct impact such as liquefaction, ground settlement, slope sliding, fault creation and ground vertical motion takes place due to earthquakes.

Indirect impact such as falling of distribution poles and/or their connections to power transformers and falling of these transformers separately or in a group on buildings etc. may takes place due to earthquakes.

Destruction of bushings, porcelain insulator and angles of structural support due to large vibrations of connected equipment may happen due to earthquake. Settlement, sliding, destruction of foundations, supporting equipment and transformers may also damage due to earthquakes.

<u>Adaptation:</u> In selection the best method for retrofitting and enhancing lateral load resisting capacity of structures, the whole system including site characteristic, foundations and structural and non-structural members has been considered as per IS 1893 (Part 1) 2002. It is worth mentioning that evaluation of geotechnical properties, soil conditions and type of foundations is an important stage in selecting the best method is retrofitting.

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#### 7.1.2 Lightning Strikes

<u>Impact:</u> The Lightning strikes due to Thunderstorm lead to affect (electrical shock and fire) the substation drastically because it's built with steel structures only. The direct lightning strikes the conducting paths to equipment and the first element on a grounded structure within striking distance will be the point of the strike of the lightning flash. The striking distance depends on the return strike peak current. The higher the strike's current, the greater the striking distance, final breakdown to ground or a grounded object occurs.

### **Adaptation**

**Lightning Arrester**: A device on an electric power or telecommunication system which diverts power to ground when the system attains an extreme voltage spike. These devices are designed to work with a direct lightning strike or an extreme surge from a fault somewhere down the line. The lightning arrester is essentially an automatic switch designed to work instantaneously.

In the case of a ground wire, the protective angle results in inclined plane surfaces below which all objects have protection against the lightning strikes. For masts or rods, the protective angle generates a conical surface for protection.

Following are some specific protection against direct lightning attack:

### Protective angle and protective zone

This method consists of shielding by overhead ground wires, masts or rods. The ground wires run over the substation so that all equipment lies in the protective zone. The ground wire's protective angle is between a vertical line through the ground wire and a diagonal line connecting the ground wire.

#### Mesh type

This method is useful for shielding a substation's buildings, like the control room. The method locates a mesh of wires on the top or at a certain distance from the building's roof and provides down conductors for connection to the grounding electrodes. The cell size and the separation between down conductors depend on the protection level required. Most lightning currents go through the wires and grounding electrodes close to the impact point. Wire mesh type lightning protection has been adapted for lightening protection.

#### **7.1.3 Flood**

**Impact:** Flooding caused by heavy rains and storm may submerge the substations leading to heavy damage to civil/substation equipment structures. Increasing heavy rain may cause flashover faults across high voltage insulators and short circuits in high voltage circuit breakers. A few feet of standing water can easily take a substation off line and have damaging trickle-down effects to the other substations connected to the one experiencing flooding.

<u>Adaptation:</u> Most of the substation locations are away from flood prone area. For low lying substation location, the area/equipment level will be raised sustainably to avoid logging of water. During preparation of contour plan, Finished Ground Level (FGL) is fixed by considering the Highest Flood level (HFL) data of that area.

#### 7.1.4 Insulator

<u>Impacts:</u> In electrical sub- stations, the electrical insulator is a very important component. Porcelain/ceramic and glass insulators exhibit satisfactory mechanical, surface and ultra- violet-

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resistance properties. However, surface wettability, brittleness and heavy weight are the primary drawbacks.

Adaptation: Porcelain Post Composite (PPC) insulators are adapting for the project, which use tight gas-kilns with advanced thermal insulating materials and coatings. The High Voltage substation and Over-Head line ceramic insulators might have a service life of over 50 years. At end-of-life, the porcelain is an inert, non-hazardous and fully recyclable material. PPC insulators are also green products with a very low carbon footprint. Basic minerals, like kaolin, feldspar, bauxite and clays etc. are used without expensive and complicated refining operations. All these minerals are widely available everywhere on this planet, allowing the use of local mining sources and reducing the logistics carbon footprint. While the carbon dioxide equivalent of a ceramic insulator depends on manufacturer, factory, season and product mix, the Kyoto Agreement Scopes 1 and 2 values for porcelain vary between 1.0 and 2.0 kg CO2-eq/kg.

The PPC ceramic material C-130 consists mainly of Aluminum-oxide c. 50% and Silicon dioxide c. 45% with the remaining 5% made up of various metal-oxides present in the raw material. Ceramic insulators are 100% recyclable. All the minerals found exist in nature and are non-hazardous, inert and non-toxic, making the recycling very easy and cost effective.

Porcelain insulators are typically the 'green' option due to,

- Natural, locally-sourced raw materials;
- Long service lives;
- 100% recyclability with no hazard at end-of-life.

#### 7.1.5 Sulfur Hexafluoride (SF6)

<u>Impact:</u> Gas insulated systems are now a major component of power transmission and distribution networks all over the world. GIS is used above 132kV, having all components interconnected and insulated via compressed SF6 (i.e., circuit breakers, disconnections, grounding switches, bush bars, potential transformers, power transformers, cable insulation).

The relative contribution of SF6 to global warming is estimated at the present time to be only 0.01%, and unlike other environmental pollutants, there is no evidence that SF6 contributes to stratospheric ozone depletion.

It is a potent greenhouse gas with a high global warming potential with a rapid increase of concentration in the earth atmosphere.

Due to compactness and steel shielding structures of GIS substation, it offers significant savings in land use, aesthetically acceptable, have relatively low radio and audible noise emissions.

SF6 decomposes under electrical stress in GIS substation forming toxic by-products that are a health threat for working personnel in the event of exposure.

Several precautions are recommended to avoid personnel exposure to toxic by-products (oxyfluoride) levels or other by-products. These are -

- Concentrations in the operating gas matrix should be traced to pre determine the overall gas toxicity.
- Contaminants should be systematically considered during maintenance, chamber evacuation and system opening process.

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- Small SF6 quantities leaking into air or stagnated pollutant concentrations in the operating field should be analysed and compare to the threshold limit values and permissible exposure level.
  - Cost-effective options to reduce SF6 emissions
    - Leak Detection and Repair
    - Use of Recycling Equipment
    - Employee Education/Training
  - Reducing SF6 emissions helps electric power systems
    - **Increase Grid Reliability** Use of improved SF6 equipment and management practices helps protect system reliability and efficiency.
    - Save Money Purchasing SF6 can be expensive, so reducing emissions can save money.

<u>Adaptation:</u> The monitoring of the data (i.e. data from the sensors and other signals) will be made through data acquisition modules as per International Electro-technical Commission (IEC) - 61850 standards.

These modules will be connected via Ethernet network to a switch. In this way, the data can be sent through a single optical fiber to the control room of the substation. The communication protocol used for data acquisition will be the MODBUS/ Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)/IEC-61850 standard.

To provide automation of verification through on-line monitoring, the system collects data from sensors and performs leakage checking using computer software. From the detection of any possible leakage the software may display a visual alarm to an operator or to warn any responsible person via e-mail or other way of communication.

#### 7.2 Cumulative Impacts

Cumulative impacts may have an amplified effect in the study area due to the presence of other projects. As most of the impacts are temporary, reversible and bound to occur in the project area and the impacts are manageable using good practice, the cumulative impact of the project is insignificant.

This section assesses the cumulative impacts of the project that will have on the land, ambient air, noise, water, soil, ecology and socio- economic environment that will be managed using good practice.

#### 7.2.1 Air Environment

**Impact:** Air quality will get impacted from the following sources during the decommissioning phase:

- Dust and emissions from site clearing, excavation work, cutting and leveling work at site and access/ internal roads, stacking of soils, handling of construction material, transportation of material, emission due to movement of vehicles and heavy construction machinery etc.;
- Vehicular emissions due to traffic movement on site and on access roads;
- Particulate emissions from operation of vehicular mount mixing plant;
- Exhaust emissions from construction machineries, other heavy equipment like excavators, and compactors etc.;
- Emissions from emergency power diesel generator.
- Based on the above, the receptor sensitivity is assessed to be medium.
- Negligible demolition activities associated with decommissioning are likely to occur for a very small period of time and therefore the impact magnitude has been assessed as **small**.

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**Significance of Impact:** The overall impact significance during construction phase has been assessed to be **Minor**.

**Table - 7: Cumulative Impact on Air Quality** 

Impact	Ambient Air qu	Ambient Air quality–Construction Phase								
Impact Nature	Negative			Positive				Net	utral	
Impact Type	Direct			Indir	ect				Ind	luced
Impact Duration	Temporary	Short	t-term		Long-ter	m		Permai	nent	
Impact Extent	Local			Regi	onal				Inte	ernational
Impact Scale	Project area a	nd vicinity								
Frequency	Regular during	Regular during Construction Phase								
Impact Magnitude	Positive	Negligib	le	Small Medium				Larg	ge	
Resource Sensitivity	Low			Medium				Hig	gh	
	Negligible	Mino	r	Moderate Major				Major		
Impact Significance	Significance of	impact is	conside	red <b>I</b>	vinor.					
Residual Impact	Positive	Negligible	j	Sm	nall		Med	edium Major		Major
Magnitude										
Residual Impact	Negligible	Minor	r Moderate					Major		
Significance	Significance of	impact is	conside	red <b>I</b>	Minor.					

#### **Mitigation Measures**

- Emissions from the emergency DG set and other stationary machines will be controlled by ensuring that the engines are always properly tuned and maintained.
- Minimize stockpiling by coordinating excavations, spreading, re-grading and compaction activities;
- Speed of vehicles on site will be limited to 10-15 km/hr. which will help in minimizing dust and emissions due to vehicular movement;
- Idling of vehicles and equipment will be prevented;
- Burning of any waste material shall be prevented;
- Labourers shall be provided with gas connection to prevent burning of fuel wood for cooking purposes;
- If excess dust is observed, source of dust shall be investigated and proper suppression measures ensured;
- Proper maintenance of vehicles, equipments and machineries and use of vehicles with Pollution under Control (PUC) Certificate shall be ensured.

### 7.2.2 Noise Environment

**Impact:** During construction phase of the project, noise will generate from movement of vehicles carrying materials, machineries and equipments. The receptor sensitivity is assessed to be **low to medium.** 

Impact magnitude is considered to be **small** considering the construction period to last for 6-7 months in a year for construction period of 3 years.

**Significance of Impact:** The overall impact significance is envisaged to be **Minor**.

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Table - 8: Cumulative Impact on Ambient noise level

Impact	Ambient Noise	Ambient Noise Levels–Construction Phase									
Impact Nature	Negative	Negative			itive			Neutral			
Impact Type	Direct			Indir	ect			Induced			
Impact Duration	Temporary		Short-term		Long-ter	m	Tempo	orary			
Impact Extent	Local			Regi	onal	International					
Impact Scale	Project area a	nd vi	cinity								
Frequency	Regular during	g Con	struction Ph	ase							
Impact Magnitude	Positive	Neg	gligible	Sm	all	Medium	1	Large			
Resource Sensitivity	Low			Med	lium			High			
	Negligible	Negligible Minor Moderate Major									
Impact Significance	Significance of	f imp	act is consid	ered	to be <b>M</b>	inor.	•				

#### **Mitigation Measures**

Normal working hours of the contractor to be defined (preferable 8 am to 5-6pm). If work needs to be undertaken outside these hours, it should be limited to activities with minimum noise generation pre-approved from competent authority.

- Only well-maintained equipment will be operated on-site;
- If it is noticed that any particular equipment is generating too much noise then lubricating moving parts, tightening loose parts and replacing worn out components should be carried out to bring down the noise as possible;
- Machinery and equipment that may be in intermittent use will be shut down or throttled down during non-work periods; and
- Minimal use of vehicle horns and heavy engine breaking in the area will be encouraged.

#### 7.2.3 Water Environment

**Impact:** The Contractor shall be overall responsible for supply of water within switch yard for firefighting, drinking purposes, construction purpose and other miscellaneous purposes. The scope is also inclusive of installation of deep tube well, construction of slow sand filter and ground storage tank, supply and installation of distribution network pipelines, supply and erection of all overhead tanks, staging for OH tank wherever necessary, pipes, fittings etc. required for the water supply to be taken from the terminal point to the respective buildings. A scheme shall be prepared by the contractor indicating the layout and details of water supply which shall subject to the approval of Employer before actual start of work. Any extra bore required shall be within the scope of the contractor.

Since, there are other development activities present in proposed project area especially in Chhaygaon, water requirement during construction phase may include groundwater / surface water abstraction. The construction phase is anticipated to last for as short time span of approximately 6-7 months in a year for construction period of 3 years. Therefore, based on the above, the receptor sensitivity and impact magnitude is assessed to be **Minor** during construction phase.

**Significance of Impact:** The overall impact significance during construction phase has been assessed to be **Minor.** 

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**Table - 9: Cumulative Impact on Water Environment** 

Impact	Cumulative Imp	Cumulative Impact on Water Environment								
Impact Nature	Negative	Positive	Positive			Neut	tral			
Impact Type	Direct	Indirect	Indirect			Indu	ced			
Impact Duration	Temporary	rt-term		Long-te	rm		Perma	nent		
Impact Extent	Local	Regional			Inter	International				
Impact Scale	Project area an	d vicinit	У							
Impact Magnitude	Positive	Negligi	ble	Sm	nall	Me	dium		Large	
Resource Sensitivity	Low		Medium	1			High			
	Negligible	Mir	or	or Moderate				Major		
Impact Significance	Significance of	impact	s conside	red	to be <b>Mi</b> r	nor				

Mitigation Measures: The Contractor shall be overall responsible for supply of water within switch yard for firefighting, drinking purposes, construction purpose and other miscellaneous purposes. The scope is also inclusive of installation of deep tube well, construction of slow sand filter and ground storage tank, supply and installation of distribution network pipelines, supply and erection of all overhead tanks, staging for OH tank wherever necessary, pipes, fittings etc. required for the water supply to be taken from the terminal point to the respective buildings. A scheme shall be prepared by the contractor indicating the layout and details of water supply which shall subject to the approval of Employer before actual start of work. Any extra bore required shall be within the scope of the contractor. Measures such as optimizing water usage, sensitization of water use, regular inspection of water leaks, recycling/ reuse (if possible) may reduce the overall impact directly arising from the project.

#### 7.2.4 Soil Environment

**Impact:** Soil compaction and erosion may occur associated with land filling work during construction phase.

The waste generated from project includes domestic solid waste and hazardous waste like waste oil, lubricants etc. The quantity of hazardous waste generated will be much lesser quantity. Therefore, receptor sensitivity has been assessed as **low.** 

**Significance of Impact:** The overall impact significance on soil erosion and compaction has been assessed as **negligible**.

**Table - 10: Cumulative Impact on Soil Environment** 

Impact	Soil Erosion and Co	Soil Erosion and Compaction								
Impact Nature	Negative		Positive				Neut	ral		
Impact Type	Direct		Indirect				Induc	ed		
Impact Duration	Temporary	Short	-term		Long-term	1		Permar	nent	
Impact Extent	Local	Local Regional International								
Impact Scale	Limited to Project	areas								
Impact Magnitude	Positive	Negligib	ole	Sma	all	Me	dium		Large	
Resource/Receptor										
Sensitivity	Low		Medium				High			
	Negligible	Mino	r		Moderate	į		Major		
Impact Significance	Significance of imp	oact is c	onsidered	Neg	ligible.					

#### **Mitigation Measures**

Vehicles will utilise the existing road to undertake construction activities.

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The waste generated will be disposed of through approved vendors in accordance with Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Trans-boundary Movement) Rules, 2016. The hazardous wastes will be stored onsite at separate designated covered area provided with impervious flooring and sent for disposal through an authorised vendor. During operation phase, the quantity of municipal waste and hazardous waste generated is less and probability of the hazardous waste generation is only during plant maintenance and therefore occasional. The waste generated would be routed through proper collection and containment.

- Municipal domestic waste generated at site to be segregated onsite;
- Ensure hazardous waste containers are properly labeled and stored onsite provided with impervious surface, shed and secondary containment system;
- Ensure routinely disposal of hazardous waste through approved vendors and records are properly documented;
- Use of spill control kits to contain and clean small spills and leaks during O&M activities.

#### 7.2.5 Ecological Environment

**Impact:** 36 fruit/non fruit/plantation trees of different girth size have been recorded / observed in substation sites. These include shading timber, plantation species as well as edible fruit species. The initial construction works involving land clearance, cutting, filling and leveling may cause loss of vegetation. Falling of trees (if required), clearing of vegetation will cause impact on local ecology. There may be loss of nesting tree for some local birds due to falling of trees from the proposed substation locations.

**Significance of Impact:** The overall impact significance on Ecological Environment has been assessed as **Minor**.

**Ecological Environment Impact** Impact Nature Negative Positive Neutral Direct Indirect Induced Impact Type **Impact Duration** Short-term Permanent **Temporary** Long-term **Impact Extent** Local Regional International **Impact Scale** Project area and vicinity Small Medium Impact Magnitude Positive Negligible Large **Resource Sensitivity** Medium Low High Negligible Minor Major Moderate **Impact Significance** Significance of impact is considered to be **Minor** 

Table - 11: Cumulative Impact on Ecological Environment

#### **Mitigation Measures**

Falling of vegetation during construction and operation should be kept to a minimum. Transplantation, plantation and creation of green belt to be taken will reduce the impact as well compensate the tree falling.

The activities of the construction and operations staff must be restricted to avoid disturbance to flora and fauna.

#### 7.2.6 Socio – Economic Environment

**Impact:** The land for construction is AEGCL / transferred from APDCL to AEGCL. Therefore, there is no such impact anticipated. There may be minor impact due to social conflict with local people and

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labours hired from outside by contractor etc. and other minor impacts may arise during construction period.

**Significance of Impact:** The overall impact significance on Socio – Economic Environment has been assessed as **Minor**.

Table - 12: Cumulative Impact on Socio - Economic Environment

Impact	Social Impact Le	ocial Impact Levels- Construction Phase							
Impact Nature	Negative	Positive			Nei	utral			
Impact Type	Direct	Indirect			Indu	ced			
Impact Duration	Temporary	rt-term		Long-te	rm		Perma	anent	
Impact Extent	Local		Regional			Inte	International		
Impact Scale	Project area ar	nd vicinit	У						
Impact Magnitude	Positive	Negligil	ole	Sm	nall	Me	ediun	1	Large
Resource Sensitivity	Low		Medium	)					
	Negligible	Min	or		Modera	te	Major		
Impact Significance	Significance of	impact	is conside	rec	d to be <b>V</b>	lino	r		

#### **Mitigation Measures**

The possibilities of Impact to be mitigated by the detailed consultation with not only the affected People but also with the local People of the Project area.

The project component to be discussed and proper discloser of the same to be discussed in that consultation along with the local authority and they should be informed that about the developmental work and the compensation to be given to the PAPs as per rules.

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#### 8 AUDIT FINDINGS AND PROPOSED REMEDIATION MEASURES

**Table - 13: Audit Findings and Proposed Remediation Measures** 

SI.	Name of Proposed	Location	Status of				
No.	-	(District)	Land	Audit Findings	Remediation Measures		
1.	Establishment of	Jakhlabandha,	AEGCL	• Temporary alteration / deterioration of surface	• EPC Contractor will plan land filling in dry season to		
	new220/33kV(2X100	Nagaon	(transferred	water quality due to silt runoff from land filling	avoid temporary deterioration of surface water quality		
	MVA)GIS Substation at		from APDCL)	for construction of substation and associated	due to runoff from land filling area apart from		
	Jakhlabandha			facilities may occur.	drainage system as per master plan.		
				<ul> <li>Inconvenience may be caused to local residents</li> </ul>	Detailed Traffic Management Plan has been prepared		
				and road users from the transportation of	and included in Contractor's Environmental and Social		
				construction material including transportation of	management Plan (CESMP) and will implemented by		
				earth for filling in S/S.	EPC contractor under direct supervision of PMC and		
				• 16 numbers of trees which may require to be	PMU.		
				fallen is recorded in the proposed substation.	• For unavoidable falling of trees, plantation will be		
				<ul> <li>Elephants occasionally come nearby village</li> </ul>	taken as per requirement under the guidance of State		
				before harvesting of rice may enter in the S/S	Forest Department.		
				area and damage property.	• To avoid unwanted entry of elephants in the S/S		
				<ul> <li>Moderate air pollution, noise and vibration may</li> </ul>	premise, thickness of the boundary wall may be		
				takes place during construction of substation.	increased.		
				<ul> <li>Construction and demolition waste from</li> </ul>	Construction and demolition waste from demolition of		
				demolition of abandoned structures (if required)	abandoned structures (if required) will be done as per		
				may arise.	rules.		
				• There may be some disturbances and safety			
				issues may arise to students during construction	construction of the proposed S/S all precautionary		
				of the proposed S/S.	measures will be taken as per requirement.		
				Any intervention in S/S safety will be taken care	Teachers to be aware about the safety related hazards		
				by implementing proper precautionary measures	of the project before execution of civil works.		
				as per safety procedures and use of PPEs during	• Any intervention in S/S safety will be taken care by		
				construction and operation of substation.	implementing proper precautionary measures as per		
				<ul> <li>Social conflict with local people and labours hired</li> </ul>	safety procedures and use of PPEs during construction		

SI.	Name of Proposed	Location	Status of	Audit Findings	Remediation Measures
No.	Substation	(District)	Land	3.	
				from outside by contractor may arise during	and operation of substation
				construction period.	• EPC Contractor will establish the labour camp (s) for
					those hired from outside, as per the rules within the
					site premises. Labourers should be informed by the
					EPC project officials to avoid to keep relation with the
					local people and do not go inside the nearby
					residential area without prior permission. Strict
					observance of the code of conduct will be followed.
2.	Establishment of New	Nagaon	AEGCL	• Inconvenience may be caused to local residents	EPC Contractor will plan land filling in dry season to
	220/33 kV (2 X 100		(transferred	and road users from the transportation of	avoid temporary deterioration of surface water quality
	MVA) GIS Substation at		from APDCL)	construction material including transportation of	due to runoff from land filling area apart from
	Nagaon-2			earth for filling in S/S.	drainage system as per master plan.
				• Temporary deterioration of surface water quality	Detailed Traffic Management Plan has been prepared
				due to runoff from land filling area.	and included in CESMP and will implemented by EPC
				Social conflict with local people and labours hired	contractor under direct supervision of PMC and PMU.
				from outside by contractor may arise during	• EPC Contractor will establish the labor camp (s) for
				construction period.	those hired from outside, as per the rules within the
					site premises. Laborers should be informed by the EPC
					project officials to avoid to keep relation with the local
					people and do not go inside the nearby residential
					<ul><li>area without prior permission.</li><li>During working hours EPC Contractor will provide all</li></ul>
					Personnel Protective Equipments (PPEs) to all workers
					to avoid health hazard that will arise from air, noise
					and soil and water pollution.
3.	Establishment of new	Chhaygaon,	AEGCL	Inconvenience may be caused to local residents	• EPC Contractor will plan land filling in dry season to
	220/33kV (2 X 100	Kamrup Rural	(transferred	and road users from the transportation of	avoid temporary deterioration of surface water quality
	MVA)GIS Substation at	- F	from IGC,	construction material including transportation of	due to runoff from land filling area apart from

SI. No.	Name of Proposed Substation	Location (District)	Status of Land	Audit Findings	Remediation Measures
	Chhaygaon			earth for filling in S/S.  Health hazard from air, noise, soil and water pollution (as the proposed site is an industrial area, especially from the alcohol factory - Brahmaputra Biochemicals Pvt. Ltd.) may face during construction period.  Release of stingy gases from alcohol factory (Brahmaputra Biochemicals Pvt. Ltd.) in the evening time, which may disturb construction workers and local community.  The drainage system outside the substation area which can be used for storm water drainage may block.  Temporary deterioration of surface water quality due to runoff from land filling area may arise.  Falling (if required) of 79 trees of different species and girth size has been enumerated by Forest Department for the need of permission for cutting.  Social conflict with local people and labours hired from outside by contractor may arise during construction period.	drainage system as per master plan.  Detailed Traffic Management Plan has been prepared and included in CESMP and will implemented by EPC contractor under direct supervision of PMC and PMU.  For unavoidable falling of trees, plantation will be taken as per requirement under the guidance of State Forest Department.  EPC Contractor will establish the labour camp (s) for those hired from outside as per the rules within the site premises (in proposed residential colony) to minimize health hazard that will arise from air, noise etc. pollution.  During working hours EPC Contractor will provide all Personnel Protective Equipments (PPEs) to all workers to avoid health hazard that will arise from air, noise and soil and water pollution.  EPC Contractor will co-ordinate the alcohol factory for understanding of timings of gas release and accordingly prepares their work plan.  Laborers should be informed by the EPC project officials to avoid to keep relation with the local people and do not go inside the nearby residential area without prior permission.
4.	Establishment of new 132/33 KV 2X50 MVA GIS Substation at Burhigaon	Darrang	APDCL (a sister company of AEGCL) Land	<ul> <li>Inconvenience may be caused to local residents and road users from the transportation of construction material including transportation of earth for filling in S/S.</li> <li>There may be impact of Air and Noise pollution to</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Detailed Traffic Management Plan has been prepared and included in CESMP and will implemented by EPC contractor under direct supervision of PMC and PMU.</li> <li>EPC Contractor will establish the labor camp (s) for those hired from outside, as per the rules within the</li> </ul>

SI. No.	Name of Proposed Substation	Location (District)	Status of Land	Audit Findings	Remediation Measures
				labours of proposed S/S construction from existing National Highway near the proposed substation.  Temporary deterioration of surface water quality due to runoff from land filling area may arise.  Construction and demolition waste from demolition of abandoned structures (if required) may arise.  Social conflict with local people and labours hired from outside by contractor may arise during construction period.	site premises.  During working hours EPC Contractor will provide all Personnel Protective Equipment (PPEs) to all workers to avoid health hazard that will arise from air, noise etc. pollution.  Construction and demolition waste from demolition of abandoned structures (if required) will be done as per rules.  Laborers should be informed by the EPC project officials to avoid to keep relation with the local people and do not go inside the nearby residential area without prior permission.
	Establishment of newSh 220/132 kV (2 X 160Ho MVA) GIS Substation at Shankardevnagar	•	AEGCL Land	<ul> <li>Inconvenience may be caused to local residents and road users from the transportation of construction material including transportation of earth for filling in S/S.</li> <li>Falling (if required) of 64 numbers of trees has been enumerated by Forest Department for the need of permission for cutting in the proposed substation and proposed residential Colony.</li> <li>Temporary deterioration of surface water quality due to runoff from land filling area may arise.</li> <li>Construction and demolition waste from demolition of abandoned structures (if required) may arise.</li> <li>Social conflict with local people and labours hired from outside by contractor may arise during</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Detailed Traffic Management Plan has been prepared and included in CESMP and will implemented by EPC contractor under direct supervision of PMC and PMU.</li> <li>For unavoidable falling of trees, plantation will be taken as per requirement under the guidance of State Forest Department.</li> <li>EPC Contractor will plan land filling in dry season to avoid temporary deterioration of surface water quality due to runoff from land filling area apart from drainage system as per master plan.</li> <li>Construction and demolition waste from demolition of abandoned structures (if required) will be done as per rules.</li> <li>EPC Contractor will establish the labor camp (s) for those hired from outside, as per the rules within the</li> </ul>

SI. No.	Name of Proposed Substation	Location (District)	Status of Land	Audit Findings	Remediation Measures
				construction period.	site premises.
					• Laborers should be informed by the EPC project
					officials to avoid to keep relation with the local people
					and do not go inside the nearby residential area
					without prior permission.
					During working hours EPC Contractor will provide all
					Personnel Protective Equipments (PPEs) to all workers
					to avoid health hazard that will arise from air, noise
					and soil and water pollution.

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### 9 ENVIRONMENTAL & SOCIAL MANAGEMENT PLAN (ESMP) WITH SPECIFIC POTENTIAL ES IMPACTS

Table – 14: Environmental & Social Management Plan (ESMP)

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency <sup>1</sup>	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
PRE	-CONSTRUCTION F	PHASE						
A.	Physical Environm	nent						
1.	Substation location and design	Disturbance to the adjacent lands and the people due to cut and fill operations	,	Setbacks to substation and other structures	Substation and other structures	Once during substation siting survey and design	Surveyor (during survey) Contractor (Detailed design and layout development) PMC (Review of Detailed Design) AEGCL -PMU (Approval of survey report, detailed design and design layout), AEGCL Field Officials and P& E Wing	selection, layout
2.	Interference with drainage patterns	Temporary flooding	Most of the substation locations are away from flood prone area. For low lying substation location, the area /	Substation location	Visual observation and confirmation of implementation of contour plan by finished	Once before start of civil construction	Surveyor / Contractor / PMC / AEGCL PIU officials / AEGCL-PMU (during implementation of	During implementation of contour plan

 $<sup>^1\!\</sup>text{All}$  clearance/permits will be obtained prior to construction commencement.

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency <sup>1</sup>	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
			equipment level will be raised sustainably to avoid logging of water. During preparation of contour plan, Finished Ground Level (FGL) is fixed by considering the Highest Flood level (HFL) data of that area.		Ground Level (FGL) is fixed by considering the Highest Flood level (HFL) data of that area.		contour plan)	
В.	Ambient Environr	nent						
3.	Substation location and design	Noise generation exposure to noise causing nuisance to neighboring properties	Substation designed to ensure noise will not be a nuisance.  AEGCL – PMU and PMC to review the detail design to ensure substation noise level are designed as per required limits.	Ambient noise levels at the substation boundary and distance from nearby dwellings.	The Noise Pollution (Regulation and Control) Rules, 2000 and IFC / WB EHS. General Guidelines and Guidelines for Electric Power Transmission and Distribution, whichever is stringent.	Once before start of construction work	Contractor (Detailed design and layout development) PMC (Review of detailed design) AEGCL -PMU (Approval of, detailed design layout) & AEGCL Field Officials	alignment survey

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency <sup>1</sup>	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
4.	Equipment specifications and design parameters	Release of chemicals and gases in receptors (air, water, land)	PCBs forbidden in substation transformers or other project facilities or equipment	Transformer design	Exclusion of PCB's in transformers (should be part of tender specifications)	Once	AEGCL – PMU, PMC, AEGCL Field Officials & P&E Wing	Tender document/specif ications
			The equipments and process should not use chlorofluorocarbons or halon.  Their use (if any) in existing process should be phased out and disposed of in a manner consistent with the required statutory guidelines.	•	Part of tender specifications (Exclusion of CFC) Disposal / phase out of existing equipments and process (IEC 61619 or ASTM D4059)	Once before start of construction work	Contractor (during procurement of equipment) AEGCL - PMU & PMC (during site inspections and approval for installation) & AEGCL Field Officials	Part of tender document and detailed project design
C.	<b>Ecological Environ</b>	ment						
5.	Cutting of Trees	Loss of trees and loss to biodiversity.	Tree replantation budget allocated as per Forest Department's requirement.	Trees loss, relevance of applicable clearances required from concerned authorities (forest department, revenue authorities)	Tree Enumeration	Consultation with local authorities (once) Statutory approval (clearance) from relevant authorities	PMU/Revenue Circle / Forest Department / Contractor &	

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency <sup>1</sup>	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
						(once)		
D.	Social Environme	nt						
6.	Involuntary resettlement or land acquisition	Loss of lands and abandoned structures	Not applicable, as land areas for all proposed S/S are AEGCL / transferred from APDCL and IGC, AIIDC.	-	-			-
7.	Encroachment into farm land	Loss of agricultural productivity	Compensation will be paid as per RPF and govt. policy	If there is any tree in the Substation Land whether it may be transferred or Purchased/acquisition the tree falling permission to be obtain before construction work starts.	Consultation to be made with the concerned Forest Department.	concerned	Horticulture Department / EPC	The schedule to be settled after discussion with all the Stakeholders as when necessary.
8.	Interference with drainage patterns/ Irrigation channels/ rivers	Flooding hazards/loss of agricultural production	Appropriate drainage system to be made to avoid channel interference for low lying areas and adjacent village.	Place of Substation land and Land Utilisation Plan should be approved after physical verification.	Consultation with local authorities and design engineers	Once	PMC & AEGCL Field Officials.	Part of detailed drawing and design.
9.	Cutting of Trees	Livelihood loss	No tree feeling required in private land	-	-	-	-	-

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency <sup>1</sup>	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
CON	ISTRUCTION PHAS	E						
A.	<b>Physical Environm</b>	nent						
10.	Site clearance	Soil erosion and surface runoff	Construction to be restricted to the non-rainy season.  Provision and maintenance of drains and retention ponds.	Soil erosion	Visual inspection (Turbidity and sedimentation).	Twice during construction phase	Contractor through contract provisions under supervision of PMC / PMU of AEGCL PMC & AEGCL Field Officials.	construction
11.	Disturbance to public utility services- Water supply, sanitation	Public inconvenience	Advance notice to the public about the time and the duration of the utility disruption (if any arises).  Use of well trained and experienced machinery operators to reduce accidental damage to the public utilities.  — pipelines/Power Lines/Road crossings etc.  Restoring the utilities immediately	Disruption to other commercial and public activities/public complaints.  Contractor obligation to restore the facilities such as blocked drains (if any) through contract provisions.	As per public complaint.	At least once during construction (as and when required).	AEGCL and Contractor through contract provisions and PMC through public disclosure and consultations & AEGCL Field Officials.	and PMC monitoring in Construction

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency <sup>1</sup>	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
			to overcome public inconvenience.					
12.	Uncontrolled erosion/silt runoff	Soil loss, downstream siltation	Use of existing roads	Design basis and construction procedures	Incorporating good design and construction management practices.	Once for each site	Contractor through contract provisions under supervision of PMC and AEGCL - PMU & AEGCL Field Officials.	Throughout the Construction Phase.
В.	Ambient Environn	nent						
13.	Equipment layout and installation	Noise and vibrations	Selection of construction techniques and machinery to minimize ground disturbance.	Construction techniques and machinery.	Minimal ground disturbance.	Once – Commencement of construction Phase.	Contractor through contract provisions under supervision of PMC and AEGCL - PMU & AEGCL Field Officials.	Throughout the construction Phase.
14.	Surplus earth work/soil	Runoff to cause water pollution, solid waste disposal	Excess fill from foundation excavation to be reused on site where earth filling is required.	Location and amount (m³) of fill disposal.  Soil disposal locations and volume (m³).	Appropriate recoding disposal and dispersal locations in quarterly reporting of contractor and PMC.	phase (as and	Contractor through contract provisions under supervision of PMC and AEGCL - PMU & AEGCL Field Officials.	construction
	Substation	Loss of topsoil	Use the excess soil from excavation of	Borrow area sighting and required earth	Record maintenance	At Least once during	Contractor under supervision of PMC	Throughout the construction

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency <sup>1</sup>	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
15.	construction		the substation foundation and drainage improvement in filling operations.	filling (area of site in m2 and estimated volume in m3).	for excavated earth and utilization of earth for earth filling.	construction phase (as and when required).	& AEGCL -PMU & AEGCL Field Officials.	Phase
		Water pollution due to wastewater disposal and construction water runoff. Interference in drainage of rain and waste water at site.	Construction of appropriate drain system.  Removal of silt and trash choking the drainage from the substation land.	Drains choked with rain/ water due to silt and trash.	Presence of proper drainage and sanitation and waste disposal facilities.	,	Contractor under supervision of PMC & AEGCL -PMU & AEGCL Field Officials.	Construction/operation period. Semi-annually Inspection report to be submitted by Contractor along with Photographs
16.	Construction of roads for accessibility to substations	auc to loosell	Suppression of dust by sprinkling of water within the work area and stack the loose soil and contain it with covers if required.	Soil stacking locations (access roads & substation site).	CPCB ambient air quality standards and IFC/WB. EHS General Guidelines and Guidelines for Electric Power Transmission and Distribution, whichever is	inspections.  Monitoring for PM10 & PM2.5 etc. twice in a	implementing mitigation measures), PMC	Throughout the construction Phase

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency <sup>1</sup>	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
					stringent.			
		Nuisance caused by noise to neighboring areas.	Minimize construction activities undertaken during the night. Construction as per scheduled timings only.	Timing of construction (noise emissions, [dB(a)]).	Monitoring of time schedule for work CPCB. Regulations for noise level and IFC/WB EHS. General Guidelines and Guidelines for Electric Power Transmission and Distribution, whichever is stringent.	monitoring by contractor especially during usage of heavy machinery.  Monitoring noise levels in dB during construction	Contractor (maintenance of record) and PMC (verification of record) under supervision of AEGCL – PMU & AEGCL Field Officials.	Throughout the construction Phase
17.	Provision of facilities for construction workers	Contamination of receptors (land, water, air). Health Impact on labour due to lack of basic amenities.	Construction workforce facilities to include proper sanitation, water supply and waste disposal facilities. (IFC/EBRD- Worker's Accommodations: processes and standards or its equivalent will be	Amenities for Workforce, grievances filed by workers.	Presence of proper sanitation, water supply and waste disposal facilities. Statutory clearances obtained under: Inter-State	commencing construction	Contractor (to provide amenities to workforce) through contract provisions under supervision of PMC (visual inspection and monitoring for provided facilities to labour/workers) and AEGCL – PMU.	Throughout the construction Phase

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency <sup>1</sup>	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
			followed).		Migrant Workmen (Regulation of Employment and Conditions of Service) Act, 1979 and Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970 AIIB ESS1.		(validation of documentary evidence) & AEGCL Field Officials.	
18.	Mechanized construction	Noise, vibration and operator safety, efficient operation, Noise, vibration, equipment wears and tear	Construction equipment to be well maintained. Construction techniques and Machinery selection to minimize ground disturbance.	Construction techniques and equipment- estimated noise emissions and operating schedules.	Technical specifications, safety regulations, Noise control regulations (the more stringent of the standards, National or International to be followed).	Once a month	Contractor (implementation of proposed measures) through contract provisions under supervision of PMC (Site inspections) and AEGCL – PMU (Validation of documentary evidence) & AEGCL Field Officials.	Throughout the construction Phase
19.	Storage of chemicals and materials	Contamination of receptors (land, water, air).	Fuel and other hazardous materials securely stored.	Location of hazardous material storage; spill reports {type of material spilled, amount (kg or m3) and	Fuel storage in appropriate locations and receptacles with reference	Once a month	Contractor (implementation of proposed measures) through contract provisions under	Throughout the construction Phase

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency <sup>1</sup>	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
				action taken to control and clean up spill}.	to IFC/WB EHS.  General Guidelines and Guidelines for Electric Power Transmission and Distribution, whichever is stringent		supervision of PMC (Site inspections) and AEGCL – PMU (Validation of documentary evidence) & AEGCL Field Officials.	
C. E	cological Environn	nent						
20.	Site clearance	Vegetation	Marking of vegetation to be completed prior to clearance, and strict control on clearing activities to ensure minimal clearance.		Clearance strictly limited to target vegetation.	During Construction	Contractor (implementation of proposed measures) through contract provisions under supervision of PMC (Site inspections) and AEGCL – PMU (Validation of documentary evidence) & AEGCL Field Officials.	

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency <sup>1</sup>	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
21.	Wood/ vegetation harvesting, cut and fill operations	Loss of vegetation and deforestation	Construction workers should be prohibited from harvesting wood in the project area during their employment.	Illegal wood / vegetation harvesting (area in sq. m, number of incidents reported)	Complaints by local people or other evidence of illegal harvesting.	Once a month	Contractor (implementation of proposed measures) through contract provisions under supervision of PMC (Site inspections) and AEGCL – PMU (Validation of documentary evidence) & AEGCL Field Officials.	
		Effect on fauna (including avifauna)	Preventing work force from disturbing the flora, fauna including hunting of animals and fishing in water bodies.  Proper awareness programme regarding conservation of flora, fauna including ground vegetation to all workers.	Habitat loss	Complaints by local people or other evidence of illegal hunting.	Once a month	Contractor (implementation of proposed measures) through contract provisions under supervision of PMC (Site inspections) and AEGCL – PMU (Validation of documentary evidence) & AEGCL Field Officials.	

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency <sup>1</sup>	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
			Special care to be taken during breeding season of any species.					
D. So	ocial Environment							
22.	Construction schedules	Noise nuisance to neighbouring properties	To minimize construction activities should be undertaken during the night time and local communities to be informed of the construction schedule properly before starting the construction.	Timing of construction (noise emissions, dBA).	The Construction as per scheduled timings to be made after consultation with nearby dwellers.	As and when necessary.	Contractor (implementation of proposed measures) through contract provisions under supervision of PMC (Site inspections) and AEGCL – PMU (Validation of documentary evidence) & AEGCL Field Officials.	Throughout the construction Phase
23.	Acquisition of cultivable lands	Loss of agricultural productivity.	Not applicable, as land areas for all proposed S/S are AEGCL / transferred from APDCL and IGC, AIIDC.	-	-	-	-	-
24.	Temporary use of land	Losses to neighbouring land uses/ values	Contract clauses specifying careful construction practices. As much	Contract clauses Design basis and layout. Reinstatement of land	Incorporating of good construction management,	Frequent before and during construction phase.	Contractor (implementation of proposed measures) through contract	Throughout the construction Phase

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency <sup>1</sup>	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
			as possible existing access ways to be used.  Productive land to be reinstated following completion of construction.  Compensation to be paid for loss of production, if any.	status (area affected, m <sup>2</sup> ).	design engineering practices.  Maintain good understanding with affected People.		provisions under supervision of PMC (Site inspections) and AEGCL – PMU (Validation of documentary evidence) & AEGCL Field Officials.	
25.	Transportation & storage of materials	Nuisance to the general public	Transport loading and unloading of construction materials should not cause nuisance to the people by way of noise, vibration and dust. Avoiding storage of construction materials beside the road, around water bodies, residential or CPR.  Construction materials should be stored in covered	Compliance to traffic management plan  (Detailed Traffic Management Plan has been prepared and included in CESMP report and will implemented by EPC contractor)	CPCB Emission standards and Water Quality standards (the more stringent of the National or International standards to be followed).		Contractor (implementation of proposed measures) through contract provisions under supervision of PMC (Site inspections) and AEGCL – PMU (Validation of documentary evidence) & AEGCL Field Officials.	

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency <sup>1</sup>	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
			areas to ensure protection from dust, emissions and such materials should be bundled in environment friendly and nuisance free manner.					
		Road Safety	Prepare the Traffic Management Plan; Instruct drivers of construction vehicles to strictly follow road regulations; Adequate and clearly visible warning signs (such as danger, detour, cross here, works in progress, people at work, etc.) will be posted at designated sites while scaffoldings will be placed over road crossing points.	Compliance to traffic management plan.	Regular Monitoring and Daily Incident Reporting.	Once a month	Contractor (implementation of proposed measures) through contract provisions under supervision of PMC (Site inspections) and AEGCL – PMU (Validation of documentary evidence) & AEGCL Field Officials.	

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency <sup>1</sup>	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
26.	Earth Work during execution	Impact on Community health and safety due to air pollution and increase in noise level.	Selection of quality construction techniques and machinery to minimize ground disturbance, noise generation.  Using water sprinkling to minimize the dust.	Quality Construction Techniques and machinery.	Construction timing, good quality of machineries & pollution control certificates of machineries in Use.	Daily – during construction phase	Contractor (implementation  of proposed measures) through contract provisions under supervision of PMC (Site inspections) and AEGCL – PMU (Validation of documentary evidence) & AEGCL Field Officials.	Throughout the construction phase
27.	Worker's Health and safety Community health and safety	Injury and sickness of workers and members of the public; Incidents/accidents; GBV/SE	Contract provisions specifying requirements for construction camps.  Contractor to prepare and implement a health and safety plan and provide workers with required PPE.  Contractor to arrange for health and safety awareness	Contract clauses: number of incidents and total loss of man days caused by injuries and sickness to be registered.  Periodic health Checkup of workers and the details to be recorded/properly maintained by EPC. Workers Insurance Policy to be provided, as per Labour Laws.	Monitoring of Health and Safety practices of IFC/WB EHS. General Guidelines and Guidelines for Electricity Act.	to be valid throughout the project. Health checkup to be done at the time	Contractor (implementation of proposed measures) through contract provisions under supervision of PMC (Site inspections) and AEGCL – PMU (Validation of documentary evidence) & AEGCL Field Officials	Throughout the construction Phase

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency <sup>1</sup>	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
			programmes including on AIDS and sexually transmitted diseases (STD). Detailed workers camp Management plan to be maintained by EPC.			to be done.		
		Electrocution and other accident may occur due to lack of proper awareness of the Workers.	Adequate signage and barriers around charged components.	Complaints raised by community people or workers and number of accident to be recorded and maintained.	Regular Monitoring and Daily Incident Reporting	Continuous activity	Contractor (implementation of proposed measures) through contract provisions under supervision of PMC (Site inspections) and AEGCL – PMU (Validation of documentary evidence)	Throughout the construction phase
		COVID-19 Response	Taking cognizance of situation at time of mobilization, the Contractor shall undertake a COVID-19 risk assessment of project area and prepare a COVID-19	Checklist of implementation of PPE distributed Plan to be maintained by the EPC.	WHO/Gol COVID-19 Guidelines	Monthly	Contractor through contract provisions under supervision of PMC and PMU	Throughout the construction phase

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency <sup>1</sup>	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
			Response and Management Plan (C-R&MP) and submit to AEGCL and PMC for approval.					
			The preparation of C-R&MP shall consider guidelines of GoI, World Health Organisation, International Labour Organisation etc.					
			The contractor shall submit a monthly monitoring and progress report to AEGCL and PMC.					
		Human and Animal interference in Substation area.	maintained in the	In the first Phase of construction the boundary wall should be constructed by the EPC contractor.	Substation construction to be starts according to the specification of Land Utilization Plan (LUP) and Design.		Contractor (implementation of measures), PMC and AEGCL - PMU	Throughout the construction Phase

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency <sup>1</sup>	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
28.	Impact of Migrant workers	Lack of proper knowledge/ training, unhygienic living conditions, occupational hazards may cause spread of diseases in camps; Potential conflict between migrant workforce and local may took place.	The provisions given in the Inter-state Migrant Workmen (Regulation of Employment and Conditions of Service) Act, 1979, along with the Bonded Labour System (Abolition) Act 1976, and subsequent amendments, to be followed. The spread of disease to be avoided by improving the Labour camp facilities and Conflict with local People to be addressed through proper awareness and training session to the workforce.	As per provisions Regulation of Employment and Conditions of Service) Act, 1979, along with the Bonded Labour System (Abolition) Act 1976.	Regulatory clearance documents	Continuous activity	Contractor (implementation of proposed measures) through contract provisions under supervision of PMC (Site inspections) and AEGCL – PMU (Validation of documentary evidence) & AEGCL Field Officials.	phase

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency <sup>1</sup>	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
29.	Capacity Building	Improve standards of implementation of work and Monitoring the Project progress.	Training of AEGCL staff & contractors.	Training schedules	Number of training program	Quarterly	PMC to provide training to EPC and AEGCL – PMU, AEGCL – Field staff and Divisional Officers.	Throughout the construction Phase
30.	Site clearance and Excavation works	Chances of finding archaeological /cultural artifacts	Instruction should be given to the workers not to remove such articles(if found any) and immediately inform to the Supervisor of the EPC and further to Environmental Specialist of PMU.	Discovery of any artifact of such historical or cultural significance.	Chance finds procedure	As per occurrence of event.	Contractor (implementation of proposed measures) through contract provisions under supervision of PMC (Site inspections) and AEGCL – PMU (Validation of documentary evidence) & AEGCL Field Officials	Throughout the construction Phase
	RATION AND MAI							
Α.	Ambient Environr	nental						
31.	Oil Spillage	Contamination of land and nearby water bodies/aquifer	Presence of oil pit for collection of oil leakage (if any from transformer). Storage of	Design of transformer pad and availability of storage area for transformer oil drums.	Visual inspections	Continuous activity	AEGCL-Divisional Offices/PIU & PMC.	Throughout the operations

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency <sup>1</sup>	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
			transformer oil drums on raised and solid surface.					
32.	Switchgear operation	SF6 leakage during operations and refilling activity	Record of all substation switchgear, storage cylinders located within secure casings.	Usage of SF6 gas	As per prevailing guidelines	During storage and refilling of equipments containing SF6 (Record is to be maintained for all substation switchgear, storage cylinders located within secure casings).	AEGCL-Divisional Offices/PIU & PMC	Throughout the operations
В.	<b>Ecological Environ</b>	ment						
33.	Vegetation Clearance in substation	Toxic impact on non-target organism	Prior marking of vegetation to be removed to clearance, and strict control on clearing activities to ensure manual cutting and removal of vegetation.	Vegetation marking and clearance control (area in m2). Usage of herbicides if any should be reported.	Visual Inspections to check if clearance is strictly limited to marked area.	Weekly inspections	AEGCL-Divisional Offices/AEGCL -PIU & PMC	Throughout the operations
C. S	ocial Environmen	t						
34.	Operation and Maintenance of	Nuisance to neighbouring	If required, provision of fixing noise	Noise level to be maintained as per the	Noise level standards	Once in a year	AEGCL-Divisional Offices/AEGCL -PIU	Throughout the execution of the

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency <sup>1</sup>	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
	substations	properties	barriers near substation sites.	rules of CPCB.	should be maintained as prescribed by CPCB and IFC/WB EHS. General Guidelines and Guidelines for Electric Power Transmission and Distribution, whichever is Applicable.		& PMC	Project.
		Lightning	Lightning conductor and earth wire will be installed in the Substation site.	Usage of appropriate technologies (number of incidents).	Preparedness level for using these technologies in crisis.	once a month	AEGCL-Divisional Offices/AEGCL -PIU & PMC	Throughout the operations
35.	Inadequate provision of staff/workers health and safety	Injury and sickness of staff and workers	Availability of Personal Protective Equipments. Safety awareness trainings. Availability of emergency action plan and training of staff and worker on	PPE's.  Training records.  Availability of	Record of Number of staff trained in a year to be kept properly.	Twice a year	AEGCL – corporate office/HR Department	Throughout the operations

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SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency <sup>1</sup>	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
			implementation of emergency action	implementation Drills.				
			plan.					
36.	Training for Electric safety	Raising awareness for electrical safety measures	Training of AEGCL — Project Implementation Unit.	Training schedules/ valid license	Number of training program	Twice a year	AEGCL – corporate office/HR Department	Throughout the operations

#### Abbreviations

PMU – Project Management Unit

PMC – Project Management Consultancy P&E Wing - Planning and Engineering Wing

SO2--Sulphur Dioxide; NO2-- Nitrogen Dioxide; CO- Carbon Monoxide; EC - Electric Conductivity;

Pb – Lead; PM2.5 - Particulate Matter <2.5; PM10 - Particulate Matter <10; TSPM- Total suspended Particulate Matter; EC - Electrical Conductivity; DO - Dissolved Oxygen; TSS - Total Suspended Solids; BOD - Biological Oxygen Demand; NAAQS - National Ambient Air Quality Standards; NWQS - National water Quality Standards; AEGCL - Assam Electricity Grid Corporation Limited; ORP – Oxidation Reduction Potential, PMC – Project Management Consultancy. PIU – Project Implementation Unit (AEGCL) IFC – International Finance Corporation (World Bank Group), HR – Human Resource PS – Performance Standards

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### 10 ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL MONITORING PLAN (ESMOP)

**Table - 15: Environmental and Social Monitoring Plan** 

	Table - 15: Environmental and Social Monitoring Plan							
Environmental component	Project stage	Parameters to be monitored	Location	Frequency <sup>2</sup>	Standards	Implementation	Supervision	
	A. Pre-Construction	PM10, PM2.5, along with Meteorological data-temperature Humidity, wind speed, wind direction.	Inside the substation	One time	National Air quality standards of CPCB	EPC by CPCB approved laboratory	AEGCL - PMU/ AEGCL Field officials & PMC	
1.Air Quality	B. Construction Stage	PM10, PM2.5, along with Meteorological data-temperature Humidity, wind speed, wind direction.	selected during		National Air quality standards of CPCB	EPC by CPCB approved laboratory	AEGCL - PMU/ AEGCL Field Officials & PMC	
	C. Operation Stage	, ,	Same location as selected during pre- construction period		National Air quality standards of CPCB	EPC by CPCB approved laboratory (Defect Liability Stage)	AEGCL - PMU/ AEGCL Field Officials & PMC	
2.Water Quality	A. Pre-Construction Stage		downstream spring/hand pump of substations	One time	National water quality standards of CPCB	EPC by CPCB approved laboratory	AEGCL - PMU/ AEGCL Field Officials & PMC	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Here the frequency means the frequency for the monitoring report. The ground data collection frequency should refer to those in the ESMP.

Environmental component	Project stage	Parameters to be monitored	Location	Frequency <sup>2</sup>	Standards	Implementation	Supervision
	B. Construction Stage	corrosivity, Taste).  As per IS:10500 {pH, Colour, TSS, Conductivity, Odour, Nitrate, Fluoride, Sulphates, Chloride, DO, BOD, T. coliform, E. coliform, Dissolved Iron, total pesticides, Floating materialswood, plastic, rubber etc.  Oil and grease, TDS, Turbidity, Total hardness, (as CaCO3), corrosivity, Taste}.	Nearest downstream spring/hand pump of substations	Twice a year	National water quality standards of CPCB	•	AEGCL - PMU/ AEGCL Field officials & PMC
	C. Operation Stage	As per IS: 10500 (PH, Colour, TSS, Conductivity, Odour, Nitrate, Fluoride, Sulphates, Chloride, DO, BOD, T. coliform, E. coliform, Dissolved Iron, total pesticides, Floating materialswood, plastic, rubber etc.  Oil and grease, TDS, Turbidity, Total hardness, (as CaCO3), corrosivity, Taste).	Nearest downstream spring/hand pump of substations	One Time	National water quality standards of CPCB	EPC by CPCB approved laboratory (Defect Liability Stage)	AEGCL Field
3.Noise/ Vibration		Noise level (dB level) On hourly basis for 24 hours	Inside the substation boundary	One Time	CPCB standards for Noise and vibrations	EPC by CPCB approved laboratory	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials & PMC
VIDIALIOII		Noise level (dB level) On hourly basis for 24 hours	Same location as selected during	Twice a year/ noise	CPCB standards for Noise and vibrations	EPC by CPCB approved	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field

Environmental component	Project stage	Parameters to be monitored	Location	Frequency <sup>2</sup>	Standards	Implementation	Supervision
			pre- construction period	assessments by demand		laboratory	officials& PMC
	C. Operation Stage	Noise level (dB level) On hourly basis for 24 hours	Same location as selected during pre- construction period		CPCB standards for Noise and vibrations	EPC by CPCB approved laboratory (Defect Liability Stage)	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials & PMC
		PH, Sulphate (SO3), Chloride, ORP, water Soluble salts EC, Organic Matter, Moisture Content.	Inside the substation boundary	One time	Technical specifications	,	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials & PMC
4. Soil	B. Construction Stage	PH, Sulphate (SO3), Chloride, ORP, water Soluble salts EC, Organic Matter, Moisture Content.	selected during	Twice a year	Technical specifications	,	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials& PMC
	C. Operation Stage	PH, Sulphate (SO3), Chloride, ORP, water Soluble salts EC, Organic Matter, Moisture Conten.t	selected during		Technical specifications	EPC by CPCB approved laboratory (Defect Liability Stage)	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials & PMC
	A. Pre-Construction Stage	Design specification	-	Once during final design approval	Safety Code, American	Contractor (designing), PMC and PMU (design review)	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials& PMC
5. EMF	B. Construction Stage	Adherence to Design specification during construction work.	Transmission line routes	Continuous activity	National Electrical Safety Code, American National Standard Institute, C2	Contractor	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials& PMC
	C. Operation Stage	Maintenance of conductor to	Transmission line	Continuous	National Electrical	AEGCL – Field Staff	AEGCL- PMU/

Environmental component	Project stage	Parameters to be monitored	Location	Frequency <sup>2</sup>	Standards	Implementation	Supervision
		ground, phase to phase and circuit to circuit clearances.	routes	activity	Safety Code, American National Standard Institute, C2		AEGCL Field officials& PMC
	A. Pre-Construction Stage	Visual inspection for substation locations	Substations	Continuous activity	Identification of carcass (animals/birds) to be reported to	Surveyor	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials& PMC
6. Carcass	B. Construction Stage	Visual Physical Inspection for substation.	Substations	Continuous activity	concerned forest/wildlife authority for identification of	Contractor	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials& PMC
	C. Operation Stage	Visual Physical Inspection for substation.	Substations	Continuous activity	species. Record to be	AEGCL – Field Staff	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials& PMC
	A. Pre-Construction Stage	Number & type of vehicles being used to access substation site.	Substations	Continuous activity	Record maintenance for being used for survey and increased traffic load in localities	Surveyor	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials& PMC
7. Traffic	B. Construction Stage	Number & type of vehicle being used for material transportation by EPC contractor.	Substations	Continuous activity	Maintenance of Logbook for in-out time of vehicle on site (substation).	Contractor	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials & PMC
	C. Operation Stage	Number & Type of vehicles being used for maintenance activity.		Continuous activity	Maintenance of Logbook for in-out time of vehicle on site (substation)	AEGCL – O&M staff	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials & PMC
8. Tree cutting	A. Pre-Construction Stage	Enumeration of trees after finalization of layout plan of selected substation area.	Substations	detailed survey	Documentary evidence to be maintained by surveyor for counting	Surveyor	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field

Environmental component	Project stage	Parameters to be monitored	Location	Frequency <sup>2</sup>	Standards	Implementation	Supervision
				design development	of trees.		officials & PMC
	B. Construction Stage	Development of inventory of tress before initiating the substation construction.		During the construction phase	Marking of tress by revenue authority in presence of Contractor and AEGCL officials Obtaining applicable clearance from forest department.	Revenue  Department /	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials & PMC
	C. Operation Stage	Pruning/cutting of tress after getting prior permission from the competent authority for maintenance activity.	Not Applicable	-	-	-	-
	A. Pre-Construction Stage	Mapping of stakeholders	Substations	Continuous activity	Keep record of the Consultation with mapped stakeholders (Keep minutes of Consultation and attendance sheet)	Survey Consultant/ Concerned revenue circle	
9.Stakeholder Engagement	B. Construction Stage	Listing of identified stakeholders (administrative and project affected people)		Continuous activity	Keep record of the Consultation with mapped stakeholders and PAPs ( Keep the record MOM of Consultation and attendance sheet)		
	C. Operation Stage	Identification of stakeholders	Substations	Continuous activity	Consultation with identified stakeholders	· ·	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field

Environmental component	Project stage	Parameters to be monitored	Location	Frequency <sup>2</sup>	Standards	Implementation	Supervision
					has to be kept and the copy of minutes of Consultation and attendance sheet also to be kept.	Officers	officials & PMC
	A. Pre-Construction Stage	Identification of officials, NGO, stakeholders to be part Grievance redressal committee.	Substation Locations	Continuous activity	Development of Grievance redress mechanism as per provisions Notification of formulation of GRM and GRC	AEGCL - PMU	AEGCL- PMU
10.Grievance Mechanism		Working files of GRC and GRM records.	Substation Locations	Continuous activity	' '	AEGCL – PMU, Concerned PIU,	GRC
	C. Operation Stage	Working files of GRC and GRM records.	Substation Locations	Continuous		Concerned field staff, concerned PIU	AEGCL- PMU/ PMC

Environmental component	Project stage	Parameters to be monitored	Location	Frequency <sup>2</sup>	Standards	Implementation	Supervision
	A. Pre-Construction Stage	Identification of project affected people	Substation locations	During identification of land parcel of substation	Not applicable, as land areas for all proposed S/S are	-	-
11. Compensation	B. Construction Stage	Mapping and listing of projects affected people (crop damage (if any area m2), zirat damage (marking of trees & development of inventory), land acquisition (area m2) –if applicable.	Not Applicable	-		-	-
Compensation	C. Operation Stage	Marking of trees (enumeration) to where pruning/cutting is required to maintain clearance between trees and conductor after obtaining prior permission from the competent authority  Damage to crop (area m² and Listing of the types of crop) during Stringing of line.	Not Applicable	AEGCL / transferred from APDCL.	-	-	
12. Livelihood	A. Pre-Construction Stage	Identification of any impact on livelihood due to acquisition of land, crop damage and zirat damage.	Substation	Once during identification of land parcel for substation.	Compensation is paid	Revenue Department & AEGCL -concerned divisional officer, PMC, EPC Contractor	AEGCL– PMU

Environmental component	Project stage	Parameters to be monitored	Location	Frequency <sup>2</sup>	Standards	Implementation	Supervision
	B. Construction Stage	Identification of any impact on livelihood due to loss of land (area m²) — land utilization pattern, crop damage (area m² and type of crop) and zirat damage (inventory development).	Substation locations	Once – before commencing construction work		Revenue Department & AEGCL -concerned divisional officer, PMC, EPC Contractor	AEGCL– PMU
	C. Operation Stage	Identification of any impact on livelihood due to acquisition of land, crop damage and zirat damage (inventory development).	Substation locations	Continuous activity		Revenue Department & AEGCL -concerned divisional officer, EPC Contractor (Defect Liability Stage)	AEGCL- PMU/ PMC
	A. Pre-Construction Stage	Identification of any damage to public utilities and public/private property to be envisaged during construction phase.		Once during identification of land Parcel for substation location.		Revenue Department & AEGCL -concerned divisional officer, PMC, EPC Contractor	AEGCL– PMU
13. Restoration	B. Construction Stage	Marking and listing of damage to public utilities / shifting of public utilities and public / private property.	Substation		Compensation is paid as per RPF	Revenue Department & AEGCL -concerned divisional officer, PMC	AEGCL– PMU
	C. Operation Stage (Defect Liability Stage)	ldamage to hilblic litilities /	Substation	Continuous activity		Revenue Department & AEGCL -concerned divisional officer	AEGCL- PMU/ PMC

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#### **Abbreviations**

PMU – Project Management Unit

PMC – Project Management Consultancy P&E Wing - Planning and Engineering Wing

SO2--Sulphur Dioxide; NO2- - Nitrogen Dioxide; CO- Carbon Monoxide; EC - Electric Conductivity;

Pb - Lead; PM2.5 - Particulate Matter < 2.5; PM10 - Particulate Matter < 10; TSPM- Total suspended Particulate Matter; EC - Electrical Conductivity; DO - Dissolved Oxygen; TSS - Total Suspended Solids;

BOD - Biological Oxygen Demand; NAAQS - National Ambient Air Quality Standards;

NWQS - National water Quality Standards; AEGCL - Assam Electricity Grid Corporation Limited; ORP - Oxidation Reduction Potential, PMC - Project Management Consultancy

IFC – International Finance Corporation (World Bank Group), HR – Human Resource, PS – Performance Standards

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#### 11 BUDGET FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF ESMP SPECIFIC FOR ACTIVITIES COVERED BY THE ESIA

ESMP cost to implement the key environmental & social measures and environmental & social monitoring plan which a part of Engineering Procurement Construction (EPC) Contractor's contract as included in Bill Of Quantity (BOQ) item and as part of their good Engineering practice. Estimation for different ESMP activities to be performed by EPC Contractor for the five S/S is tabulated as under.

Table - 16: Environmental and Social Monitoring Plan budget

	Table - 10. Eliviroliniental and Social Monitoring Flan budget						
S. No.	Description	Quantity (in No.)	Rate (in INR approx.)	Amount (in INR approx.)			
A.	Environmental Monitoring (Pre-construction	n Stage)					
1	Air Quality*	5	7000	35,000			
2	Water Quality	5	7000	35,000			
3	Noise Levels	5	3500	17,500			
4	Soil	5	7000	35,000			
	Sub-Total Cost						
В.	Environmental Monitoring (Construction Sta	ige)					
1	Air Quality* (Twice/year for 3 year)	(2x3x5) = 30	7000	2,10,000			
2	Water Quality (Twice/year for 3 year)	(2x3x5) = 30	7000	2,10,000			
3	Noise Levels (Twice/year for 3 year)	(2x3x5) = 30	3500	1,05,000			
4	Soil (Twice/year for 3 year)	(2x3x5) = 30	7000	2,10,000			
5	Noise assessments by demand <sup>3</sup>						
	Sub-Total Cost	1					
C.	Environmental Monitoring (Defect Liability	period)					
1	Air Quality*	5	7000	35,000			
2	Water Quality	5	7000	35,000			
3	Noise Levels	5	3500	17,500			
4	Soil	5	7000	35,000			
	Sub-Total Cost						
	Total Cost						
D.	Training Workshops/Consultations/ Health	Awareness Camp					
1	Training on Implementation of ESMP for PMU, contractors and Divisional Nodal Officers	5x 5 = 25	50,000	12,50,000			
2	Public Consultation: Pre-Construction- Once, Construction- 2 times / year for 3 years, Defect Liability period - Once	8x 5= 40	10,000	4,00,000			
3	Health & Safety Awareness Camp: Pre- Construction- Once, Construction- 2 times / year for 3 years, Defect Liability period-	8x 5= 40	10,000	4,00,000			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Budget for this activity (if arises) will be used from contingency fund

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	Once			
4	Training on Implementation of GRM Pre- Construction- Once, Construction- 2 times / year for 3 years, Defect Liability period - Once	8x 5= 40	30,000	12,00,000
5	Training on Occupation Health and safety Pre-Construction- Once, Construction- 2 times / year for 3 years, Defect Liability period - Once	8x 5= 40	30,000	12,00,000
6	Training on fire safety and disaster management Pre-Construction- Once, Construction- 2 times / year for 3 years, Defect Liability period - Once	8x 5= 40	30000	12,00,000
E. BOQ it	ems			
7	Personal protective equipment's (Hard hats (with full/partial brims as necessary) Safety glasses with side shields. Face masks/shields. Suitable footwear (safety/steel-toed boots, rated dielectric footwear) Insulating gloves (rated, used along with leather/cloth linings for shock protection)) as per site requirement.	1 LOTx 5 S/S	10,00,000	50,00,000
8	SF6 retrieving arrangement as per site requirement.	1 LOTx 5S/S	5,00,000	25,00,000
F.	Cost of tree plantation <sup>4</sup>			
	Total (A+B+C+D+E)			1,41,30,000
	Contingency			7,06,500
	Grand Total			1,48,36,500

<sup>\*</sup> Meteorological data- temperature Humidity, wind speed, wind direction.

<sup>4</sup> Covered under BOQ item (Landscape item)

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#### 12 INSTITUTIONAL ARRANGEMENT FOR MONITORING AND REPORTING

#### **12.1** Monitoring of ESMP compliance

The proposed mitigation measures comprise of conducting environmental monitoring for Air Quality, Noise Level, Soil Quality and Water Quality during Pre-construction, construction and operational phases of the project. The Environment and Social staff of AEGCL shall ensure the monitoring of the environmental and social aspects. During the construction phase, the contractor should ensure that activities like handling of earth works, disposal of debris, storage of materials, labor camps, putting proper traffic signals is done properly to have minimum impact on the environment and affected communities. The PMC for the project will monitor these parameters with the supervision of PMU's E&S special staff. The PMU's E&S staff and Divisional official at divisional level will supervise the contractor. Other environmental good practices include sanitary waste management, noise abatement, maintaining hygienic conditions, maintenance of fire and safety equipment.

The Environmental and Social staff of PMU will ensure that site engineers and contractors adhere and comply with all measures and procedures identified in the ESMP. Activities to be monitored should include, but are not limited to:

- All planning, coordination and management activities related to the implementation of E&S safeguard issues;
- The identification of corrective and preventive actions;
- Records of health and safety matters and training activities;
- Consultations with project affected people (as and when needed, particularly during the implementation);
  - Feedback, trouble shooting and project related grievances;
  - Ensuring that livelihoods, where negatively impacted, are restored to pre-Project levels;
  - Preparation of progress and monitoring reports as required by the funding agency, and
  - Verifying the projects overall compliance with safeguard measures and its progress towards achieving the intended loan outcomes.

#### 12.2 Monitoring of ESMoP Compliance

Environmental Parameters to Be Monitored:

To ensure that project would not generate negative impacts to the environment and affected communities, monitoring of environmental and social parameters has to be performed by PMU- AEGCL and PMC as per contract provisions. The monitoring activities of the project include site supervision, verification of permits, monitoring of water quality, soil, noise and air, traffic disruptions, livelihood restorations, Occupational, Health and Safety, etc. Monitoring of the quality of water, soil, air and noise during the construction stage is the responsibility of the PMC. The ESMoP compliance will be monitored by E&S staff of PMU.

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#### 12.3 Reporting Line

Mitigation measures related to construction as specified in the ESMP to be incorporated into civil works contracts, and their implementation will be primarily the responsibility of the contractors. In addition, contractors are required to submit monthly progress reports on the implementation of ESMP measures to PMC/PMU. The PMU – AEGCL will report to the AIIB E&S experts on progress achieved against the ESMP activities and milestones on a half-yearly basis. Progress reports will include a description of implementable activities and their status; identify the responsible parties involved in their implementation; and provide project management schedules and timeframes for doing so, along with their associated costs. The lustrationof reporting line is provided in **Figure** below.

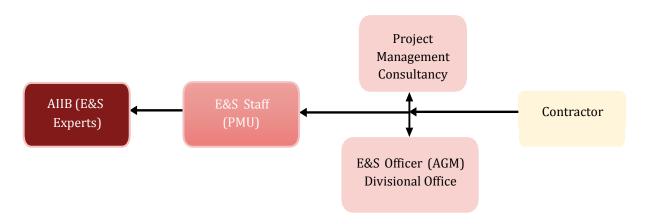


Figure -2: Illustration of Reporting Line

The environmental monitoring report will be submitted by the PMC- E&S staff to the PMU, which will include the result of environmental monitoring into its environmental report. The Environment and Social Staff of PMU after interaction with PMC E&S staff will ensure the adequacy of submitted monitoring reports and PMU will further submit these reports to AIIB twice in a year. This report will include the results of environmental monitoring to demonstrate that sound environmental management practices are applied, andthe set environments targets are achieved.

In case the implementation of ESMP measures is not satisfactory, AEGCL may engage external qualified experts to verify monitoring reports and assess the significant impacts and risks. These external monitoring experts shall recommend actions for AEGCL to enhance environmental compliance. Funding agency will continue to monitor project compliance with safeguard plans and requirements on an ongoing basis throughout the duration of the contract.

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#### 13 STAKEHOLDER & PUBLIC CONSULTATION AND INFORMATION DISCLOSURE

This chapter provides details of public consultation and way forward for continuous consultation with stakeholders and public in different phases of implementation for proposed substations and process of disclosure.

#### **13.1** Public Consultation

Public consultations were conducted with local habitants (30 participants in four S/S namely Jakhlabandha, Chhaygaon, Nagaon-2 and Burhigaon) like economically poor communities, women, vulnerable groups and other local community leaders nearby substation location on 3<sup>rd</sup>, 4<sup>th</sup>, 6<sup>th</sup> and 7<sup>th</sup> May 2021. Consultation with 7 numbers of participants of Shankardevnagar S/S was conducted on 01.02.2022. The consultation followed strict protocols to prevent the spread of Covid-19 and to reiterate awareness about safe behavior.

People participated in voluntary public consultation sessions to express their views about the proposed project. The community expressed their opinions freely on the project, its impact and suggestions for mitigating adverse impacts.

Community welcomed the construction of proposed sub- stations and associated activities. No major environmental issues were raised during the consultation process except in Chhaygaon substation, where it was said by the villagers that the alcohol factory releases stingy gases in the evening time and the smell of the gas is awkward. The intensity of smell is more during the rainy season. Local people are waiting eagerly for the implementation to start so they could receive better power and hoped for some employment generation. A summary of public consultations is attached in Table 17.

Details of consultation with public are provided in Annexure I. Participant's signatures were not taken because of restrictions for the Covid-19 pandemic appropriate behaviour issued by state government. However, awareness about the Covid-19 pandemic appropriate behaviour has been created to local habitants during consultation.

**Table - 17: Summary of Public Consultation** 

Issues Discussed	People's views and perceptions
General Perception	Majority communities (including ST/women) were aware of the proposed
	set up of substations and associated activities. Communities around some
	substation were not aware about it before and came to know about during
	the consultation. Some others have heard it but not sure about the details of
	the project components. Almost all the people were positive and supportive
	towards the construction of proposed substations and associated activities.
Support of local people	Most of the communities expressed their support during implementation of
for the construction of	the construction of proposed substations and associated activities, as it has
proposed substations	been perceived to be great potential for the people of the area. They are
and associated activities	happy for contribution of Government of India's effort towards rural
	electrification with proposed substations and associated activities. They are
	hopeful to address their electricity problem such as low voltage and

Issues Discussed	People's views and perceptions
	irregular power supply would resolve. Most of the communities expressed
	that there should be no adverse impact due to the project on their safety.
Critical issue and	Most of the communities expressed that there were no critical issues
concern by the local	regarding the establishment of new substations.
people for the	
substation locations	
Project site selection	The community held the view that the project should avoid/minimize harm
criteria	to vegetation's and places of community importance such as schools,
	community gathering places etc. Some of them suggested that necessary
	precautions must be taken to ensure safety of people during construction of
	sub- stations.
Employment potential	Across the communities, majority felt that, during construction/operation of
in the construction of	substations there may opportunities to local unemployed people for self-
substations	supporting business activity like establishment of small hotel/tea stall/
	grocery shop etc. Some of them requested that they should be involved not
	only in unskilled labour job but also in the supervisory work. They
	complained that the construction work is generally handed over to
	contractors who would bring their own labour force from outside. They
	hoped that instead of hiring people from outside the local people should be
	given employment. Some others felt that better distribution lines under the
	project will ensure proper and regular power and as a result small and
	medium scale business can be started in the area.
Socio economic	The major sources of livelihood for the communities were agriculture, wage
standing: land use,	labour and small business. Most of the communities practiced one time
cropping pattern	cropping in a year, mainly paddy and vegetable cultivation.
Source of drinking	The main sources of drinking water were hand pump. The other sources of
water	drinking water were water supply through PHE department and very few
	numbers of ring well and bore well. Some of the households reported that
	they experience little scarcity of water during the summer season. In other
	times, availability of water was good as the water table remained high.
	However, in few villages people complained about the taste of the drinking
	water due to high iron content in the water.
Negative impact on	• In general, the communities did not see any adverse impact on food/grain
food grain, availability	availability, as the constructions of proposed substation will be mostly in
/land use	the AEGCL land and land transferred from APDCL and IGC, AIIDC.
	Individual farmer at Nagaon – 2 sub- station location, the land is used for
	temporary cultivation by villagers staying near to the proposed substation
	under mutual understanding with APDCL Circle office. The cultivators
	vacated the land parcel on October 2021. As per the provision of

Issues Discussed	People's views and perceptions
	entitlement matrix of ESMPF, one time financial assistance of Rs. 25,000
	has been paid to the seven numbers of nontitle-holders (cultivators) who
	lose access to the land on 4 <sup>th</sup> March 2022.
Will project cause	Communities were not able to give a precise answer to this question as they
widespread imbalance	did not visualize the exact extent to which the trees would be cut-down due
by cutting fruit and	to construction of proposed substations. Almost all of them did not envisage
commercial trees in the	any imbalance coming out of the project. However, they suggested to
locality	avoid/minimize falling of commercial trees e.g. fruit trees, timber trees, as it
	would significantly affect the food chain, dependent on those trees.
Will project cause	Most of the communities did not foresee any health or safety issues from
health and safety issues	the construction of substations. Some of them suggested that necessary
	precautions must be taken to ensure safety of people during construction of
	sub- stations.
Protected areas	Most of the communities informed that protected areas including wetland
	were at a distance of more than 2.5km away (Rowmari beel is approx.
	2.5km, Gurguri beel is approx. 4km and Laokhuwa Wildlife Sanctuary is
	approx. 15km) from the Nagon -2 substations.
	There are some religious places like old Mosque and Eidgah field are within
	approx. 2km radius of the Nagon -2 substation.
Will project setting	None of the communities consulted were conscious of the presence of any
change migration	migrant birds or animals in their localities and nearby proposed substations.
pattern of animals	They therefore did not foresee any impacts on animals, birds or their
	habitats from the construction of substations.
Migration pattern	Majority of the communities reported outward migration of young
	generation especially the boys to big cities in search of work. The popular
	destinations of migration were Bangalore for security guard and helper jobs;
	and Gujarat, Maharashtra, Hyderabad etc. for factory jobs. There are very
	few cases of migration to capital cities of north eastern states in search of
	work.
Perceived benefits from	Across the communities majority of them viewed that the proposed
project	substations would contribute to minimize the prevailing energy crisis such as
	load shedding, and low voltage in the region. For some it will increase the
	rate of rural electrification and provide impetus to open small and medium
	business units in the area. At community level, the people hoped that
	project will address the problems of low voltage, and irregular power supply
	to the households.
Perceived loss	It is temporary in nature due to loss of crops and trees and can be
	compensated by AEGCL.

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Annexure – I gives the names of all participants including gender-breakdown of the public consultation conducted by the team. Annexure I also indicate a summary of village wise public consultations conducted during the field survey of project villages. The transcript of these discussions will help AEGCL and the EPC contractor to conduct a proper needs assessment to ensure the issues raised by people are addressed appropriately.

### 13.2 Continuous Consultation and Participation

AEGCL with PMC will carry out meaningful consultation as per requirement (Monthly consultation with local people nearby the S/S by PMU, PIU and PMC along with EPC Contractor) with affected people and other concerned stakeholders, including civil society and facilitate their informed participation. Consultation process undertaken under the directions of the PMU (i) will begin in the sub-project preparation stage and will be carried out on an on-going basis throughout the sub-project cycle (ii) will provide timely disclosure of relevant information that is understandable and readily accessible to groups and individuals, and specially women; (iii) is undertaken in an atmosphere free of intimidation or coercion; (iv) will be gender inclusive and responsive, and tailored to the needs of disadvantaged and vulnerable groups; and (v) shall enable the incorporation of all relevant views of affected people and other stakeholders into decision making, such as subproject design, mitigation measures, the sharing of development benefits and opportunities and implementation issues. Consultation will be carried out in a manner commensurate with the impacts on affected communities. The consultation process and its results will be documented and reflected in the environmental and social monitoring report. Feedback about project should be obtained time to time from PAPs during consultation. PAPs may approach GRC if any grievances arise.

#### 13.3 Public Consultation Information Disclosure

AEGCL will submit to AIIB the following documents for disclosure on AIIB's website: (i) the final ESIA; (ii) a new or updated ESIA and corrective action plan prepared during sub-project implementation, if any; and (iii) the environmental monitoring reports.

AEGCL will provide relevant environmental information, including information from the above documents in a timely manner, in an accessible place and in a form and local language(s) understandable to affected people and other stakeholders in accordance with the AIIB's ESP 2019.

ESIA results will also be communicated to the local community before commencement of construction through posting on the website of AEGCL and other suitable means as well as providing a mechanism for the receipt of comments.

ESIA - ESMP will be disclosed online on the website of AIIB and AEGCL. Their hardcopies in English are available at the following locations:

1. PMU: Project Director,

Address: 1st Floor, AEGCL, Bijulee Bhawan,

Contact No.: 0361-2739520 Website: www.aegcl.co.in

Contact Person: Mr. Lokhnath Choudhury

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2. PIU (Refer Table, Page no 140 of main report)

This executive summary in English and Assamese can be found at the following locations:

1. PMU: Project Director,

Address: 1st Floor, AEGCL, Bijulee Bhawan,

Contact No.: 0361-2739520 Website: www.aegcl.co.in,

Contact Person: Mr. Lokhnath Choudhury

2. PIU: (Refer Table, Page no 140 of main report)

3. GRC

#### Tier 2:

(i) Chief General Manager (CGM, PP&D), AEGCL

Address: 1<sup>st</sup> Floor, AEGCL, Bijulee Bhawan,

Contact No.: 0361-2739520 Website: www.aegcl.co.in,

Contact Person: Mr. Lokhnath Choudhury

(ii) PMU: Project Director,

Address: 1st Floor, AEGCL, Bijulee Bhawan,

Contact No.: 0361-2739520 Website: www.aegcl.co.in,

Contact Person: Mr. Lokhnath Choudhury

Tier 1: (Refer Table, Page no 140 of main report)

ESMPF is disclosed in AEGCL website: https://www.aegcl.co.in/aiib-project-details/

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#### 14 COVID-19 PRECAUTION MEASURES TO BE IMPLEMENTED BY PMU/PIU/PMC/EPC

#### SOP on preventive measures to contain spread of COVID-19 in Workplaces

**A. Preventive Measures for Self** – The preventive measures include simple public health measures that are to be followed to reduce the risk of infection with COVID-19. These measures need to be observed by all (employees and visitors) at all times. These include:

- Wash your hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds especially after you have been in a public place, or after blowing your nose, coughing, or sneezing.'
- If soap and water are not readily available, use a hand sanitizer that contains at least 60% alcohol. Cover all surfaces of your hands and rub them together until they feel dry.
- Avoid touching your eyes, nose, and mouth with unwashed hands.
- Avoid close contact with people who are sick
- Individuals must maintain a minimum distance of 6 feet (2 gaj ki doori) in common places as far as feasible
- Use of face covers/masks at all times. They must be worn properly to cover nose and mouth. Touching the front portion of mask/face covers to be avoided.
- Self-monitoring of health by all and reporting any illness at the earliest to the immediate supervisory officer.
- Spitting shall be strictly prohibited.

#### B. Preventive Measures for Workplace -

- Entrance to have mandatory hand hygiene (sanitizer dispenser) and thermal screening provisions.
- Only asymptomatic staff/visitors shall be allowed entry.
- There shall be provision for disinfection at-least twice a day of the interior of the vehicle using 1% sodium hypochlorite solution/spray. A proper disinfection of frequently touched surfaces i.e. steering, door handles, keys, etc. should be taken up.
- All officers and staff / visitors to be allowed entry only if using face cover/masks. The face cover/mask has to be worn at all times inside the work premises.
- Meetings, as far as feasible, should be done through video conferencing.
- Proper crowd management in the working premises duly following physical distancing norms are ensured.
- Specific markings may be made with sufficient distance to manage the queue and ensure physical distancing in the premises.
- Ensure regular supply of hand sanitizers, soap and running water in the washrooms.
- Cleaning and regular disinfection (using 1% sodium hypochlorite) of frequently touched surfaces (doorknobs, elevator buttons, handrails, benches, washroom fixtures, etc.) shall be done in office premises and in common areas at-least twice a day.
- Proper disposal of face covers / masks / gloves left over by visitors and/or employees in covered bins shall be ensured.
- The seating arrangement to ensure a distance of at least 6 feet between patrons as far as feasible.
- Large physical gatherings continue to remain prohibited.

#### C. Measures to be taken on occurrence of case-

Despite taking the above measures, the occurrence of cases among the employees working cannot be

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ruled out. The following measures will be taken in such circumstances, when one or few people(s) who share a room/close office space is/are found to be suffering from symptoms suggestive of COVID-19:

- Place the ill person in a room or area where they are isolated from others at the workplace. Provide a mask/face cover till such time he/she is examined by a doctor.
- Immediately inform the nearest medical facility (hospital/clinic) or call the state or district helpline.
- If there are one or two cases reported, the disinfection procedure will be limited to places/areas occupied and visited by the patient in past 48 hours and work can be resumed after disinfection of the work.
- In case of larger number of cases are being reported at the workplace, the whole block or building, as the case may be, should be disinfected.
- Other members to wear disposable gloves when serving and helping affected person in self-isolation
- Avoid visiting public places like entertainment restaurant, malls, market etc.
- **D. Vaccination:** The concerned person of GRC/PMU/PIU/ PMC/EPC Contractor will ensure that, all project related personals must be double vaccinated.

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#### 15 GRIEVANCE REDRESS MECHANISM

# General overview of the Grievance Redress Mechanism Assam Intra-State Transmission System Enhancement Project

#### **Objectives**

The Assam Intra-State Transmission System Enhancement Project (the Project) aims to strengthen Assam's electricity transmission system. As the Project is funded by the Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB), it complies with the Environmental and Social Framework and the Policy on the Project-affected People's Mechanism of the AIIB.

The Environmental and Social Management and Planning Framework (ESMPF) of the Project provides for the establishment of a Grievance Redress Mechanism (GRM). The GRM is a free system that registers and attempts to resolve concerns or complaints by Project-affected people (PAPs) or construction workers. This process aims to quickly resolve disputes and avoid litigation, thus ensuring the smooth implementation of the project activities.

At all levels of the project Grievance Redress Mechanism, the Grievance Redress Committee members should uphold the objectives of the GRM and strive to achieve them. The primary objectives of GRM are:

- Provide an accessible, transparent, efficient and predictable mechanism for resolution of grievances to all project by:
  - o Popularizing the GRM and how it can be accessed for free.
  - Receiving grievances in various possible forms (Written, Verbal, Electronic, Email, Social Media, Telephone, Fax, Suggestion Box)
  - Establishing clear procedures for redress that covers:
    - Registration in the GRM log all grievances (including minor and verbal).
    - Acknowledgement to the complainant, explaining expected duration for resolution.
    - Investigation of the grievance, proposing a solution to the complainant and if acceptable closure of the complaint. OR
    - Escalation of the grievance to Tier II which should be communicated to the complaint.
    - Investigation of the grievance, proposing a solution to the complainant
    - Provision of feedback and closure of the grievance in the GRM Log.
  - Complaint should be made aware that:
    - There is no retribution or intimidation for complainants.
    - Access of the GRM is free for the complainants.
    - The GRM does not replace the judicial system.
- Observe for any repeated complaints and inform PMU of such for their systemic resolution.
- Providing an environment that fosters free and honest exchange of information, views, and ideas.

#### **Stakeholders with Grievances**

It is likely the following categories of stakeholders may have grievances and file the grievances for redressal. They are

- Individuals, both men and women
- Communities/ Groups of individuals
- Project workers local and migrant
- Community Based Organizations or Common Interest Groups
- Firms, Companies, Enterprises, Service Providers, and other businesses
- National/International NGOs

#### **Roles and Responsibilities of GRC Members**

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#### **PMU/ PIU GRC Members**

### Receives grievance from complainant and record them in a logbook.

- Acknowledge receipt of complaints with a written record.
- Arrange for GRC meetings to consider the grievances.
- Work closely with the GRC members to develop and implementing actions to resolve grievances.
- Prepare minutes of GRC meetings and record solutions.
- Provide feedback information on the status of resolution to the complainant within assigned timeline.
- Review grievance response and submit to Contractor/PIU/PMU for approval or implementation.
- ➤ Submit proposed solutions to the complainant within assigned timeline.
- ➤ Ensure proper logging, escalation, tracking, reporting, and following up on all project specific grievances.
- Swiftly escalate any grievances that cannot be resolved at the project level or may pose a big reputational risk to the project. This includes any complaints related to the health, safety, dignity, and wellbeing of any person (both men and women).
- Notify PMU within 12 hours of any grievances that require investigation or intervention by the police or other relevant authorities.
- Provide monthly update to a member of the PMU who will track grievances and always include a section on grievance management in the monthly progress report.

#### **Community GRC Members**

- Popularize the existence, functions, and accessibility of the GRM among all project-affected people, **both men and women.**
- Encourage key community members to facilitate submission of complaints, if needed.
- Attend regularly and actively participate in GRM meetings to review and provide solutions to project related grievances.
- Facilitate and mediate resolution of grievance.
- Accept and record grievances from community members.
- Facilitate the communication of the response of the GRC to complainants/ aggrieved.
- Keep communicating project related matters to GRC/ PIU.

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### Most Common Grievances and Redressal<sup>5</sup>

Common Grievance Categories	Issues and Likely Solutions
Technical/ Engineering	<ul> <li>Design related – Suit the design to the site. Restrict the width according to the available land and modify the design accordingly</li> <li>Alignment related – Always use GPS coordinates. In case of problem contact Revenue department to correct the alignment</li> <li>Quality related – Get the materials and finished product tested at reputed laboratories and publicize the results</li> </ul>
Environmental	<ul> <li>Storm water – Do not obstruct or divert natural drainage. Provide for culverts or bridges where necessary</li> <li>Stone blasting – Take precautions as per law and inform the communities accordingly</li> <li>Dust – Keep watering as required so that dust doesn't spread or rise.</li> <li>Noise – Use barriers at sensitive receptors and take up work at appropriate timings.</li> <li>Uncovered borrow areas – Dig barrow pits as per specifications.</li> <li>Waste Disposal – Dispose of waste at designated places only.</li> </ul>
Social	<ul> <li>Disruption of other existing public services e.g. hospitals, schools, Water and electricity supply – Consult communities and minimize the disruption of service. Provide alternative supplies.</li> <li>Historical and Cultural sites – Follow the government guidelines on this. Do not deface any historical or cultural sites.</li> <li>HIV/AIDS/ Covid-19 issues – Follow the government SoP for these. Conduct awareness campaigns among the communities and workers.</li> <li>Child labour – Avoid child labour. No children below 14 years on work. No children below 18 years on hazardous work.</li> <li>Rape / sexual and Gender-Based Violence – Conduct awareness camps among workers and community. Have a code of conduct. Set up Internal Complaints Committees to redress gender related grievances.</li> </ul>
Land, Compensation and Resettlement	<ul> <li>Non-payment of compensation money – Do not take possession of land before paying full compensation</li> <li>Underpayment of compensation money – All compensation valuation has to be done as per the LA Act 2013 and verified before payments</li> <li>Disputes of land ownership – Refer to Revenue Department for measurement and survey to decide on the ownership</li> <li>Injurious affections such as cracks in buildings, damages to properties – Do take care not to cause damage to houses. Repair all damages and</li> </ul>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Site specific ESIA report for five nos. of Sub-Station (S/S) has been submitted to AIIB for further needful. The remaining site specific ESIA report for three nos. of S/S will be prepared after revision/ approval of submitted ESIA report from AIIB. Site specific ESIA report for Transmission lines will be initiated in due course of time.

The following table will be updated according to the expected impacts and risks of the Project.

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Common Grievance Categories	Issues and Likely Solutions
	bring them back to original status.
	Boundary queries between PAPs – Do not get involved in this. Leave these matters to PAPs to decide themselves.
Road Safety	Accidents – Report immediately to PIU/ PMU.
,	<ul> <li>Humps – Do not erect humps without the permission of PIU. The hump has to be as per the design. No private person can built humps</li> <li>Signage – All signage has to be fixed by PIU/ Contractor.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Cutting of pavement by utility companies – No utility company can cut the pavement without the permission</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Overloaded vehicles/ Road littering – Such incidents to be reported to PIU for action.</li> </ul>
Occupational Health and Safety	Protective gear – The workers must wear protective gear at all times during the work.
and surety	➤ HIV/AIDS / Covid-19 services — The workers and communities must be educated about these. They should follow the SoP.
Governance	<ul> <li>Procurement – To be transparent and all matters related to procurement to be disclosed</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Contractor highhandedness – All contractors to be instructed not to deal with the communities directly. Always involve PIU in dialogue with communities</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Corruption – Such cases to be sent to the respective agencies for enquiring and investigation.</li> </ul>

#### DOs and DON'Ts for GRC Members

<ul> <li>DON'Ts</li> <li>Respect complaints.</li> <li>Follow the established GRM procedures</li> <li>Popularize the GRM's existence, accessibility, and free access.</li> <li>Establish accessible compliant receipt locations and channels for vulnerable groups considering their constraints.</li> <li>Maintain logbooks.</li> <li>Establish clear timetables for resolving grievances.</li> <li>Assign each compliant a unique ID, track and report its resolution.</li> <li>Mork with the complainant to find a</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Follow the established GRM procedures</li> <li>Popularize the GRM's existence, accessibility, and free access.</li> <li>Establish accessible compliant receipt locations and channels for vulnerable groups considering their constraints.</li> <li>Maintain logbooks.</li> <li>Establish clear timetables for resolving grievances.</li> <li>Assign each compliant a unique ID, track and report its resolution.</li> <li>Set unrealistic redress durations.</li> <li>Exclude vulnerable groups.</li> <li>Create constraints in filing grievances.</li> <li>Create barriers or compound the procedures for grievance filing receipt.</li> <li>Disclose aggrieved identity to others.</li> <li>Make false promises to the complainant.</li> <li>Expect or seek any compensation or benefits from complainants.</li> </ul>
resolution throughout the GRM.  > Keep complainant informed of resolution process.  > Seek feedback from the complainant to

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# <u>General overview of the Grievance Redress Mechanism</u> Assam Intra-State Transmission System Enhancement Project

### **Project Introduction**

The Assam Intra-State Transmission System Enhancement Project (the Project) aims to strengthen Assam's electricity transmission system. The Project will facilitate connection of remote areas, enhance the capacity and reliability of the system, improve voltage profile, and reduce losses and ultimately enhance satisfaction for all categories of consumers. As the Project is funded by the Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB), it complies with the Environmental and Social Framework and the Policy on the Project-affected People's Mechanism of the AIIB.

The construction activities under the Project may cause some minor disturbances to the physical environment and communities. These are typical of civil works, such as generating dust, noise, air pollution, and construction debris, influx of construction workers and limited need to acquire permanently or temporary land. Thus, a multi-tiered Grievance Redressal Committee (GRC) will be applicable to the project in its entirety. To honor the GRM, Assam Electrical Grid Corporation Limited (AEGCL) will adopt the practice to resolve any major/ minor grievances, where AEGCL shall accept, review and address issues or problems raised by Project Affected Persons (PAPs), local people and project workers related to project works. GRC will review grievances involving all resettlement benefits, compensation, relocation, replacement cost, other additional assistance for vulnerable groups including Indigenous Peoples (IPs) and grievances related to environmental issues (if any).

The Environmental and Social Management and Planning Framework (ESMPF) provides guidelines how to reduce potential risks and mitigate impacts. Site-specific Environmental and Social Management Plans (ESMP) <sup>6</sup>gives specific measures for specific locations.

#### **Overview of the Grievance Redress Mechanism**

The Project provides for the establishment of a Grievance Redress Mechanism (GRM). The GRM is a free system that registers and attempts to resolve concerns or complaints by Project-affected people (PAPs) or workers/employees arising from project activities. This process aims to quick resolve of disputes and avoid litigation, thus ensuring the smooth implementation of the project activities.

Every person, man, woman, or construction worker employed in Project activities, who feels that they have been adversely affected by the Project, can file their concerns for free to the GRM. The Project guarantees that there will be no reprisals or retributions for raising grievances. The GRM process does not prevent project affected people to seek their rights through the judicial system but provides an additional and free way to resolve problems. Anonymous grievances are acceptable, but it will be impossible to inform the complainant of the outcome. In this case, the grievance and the proposed resolution will be publicized on site.

Complaints which may be arises during the project implementation period (Pre Construction, During Construction and Post Construction) will be handled according to the following procedure:

1. Project-affected person approaches a member of the CGRC (Tier-1) in person or via the phone/WhatsApp. (Dedicated phone number will be assigned)

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The site specific HSESMP (Health, Safety, Environment and Social Management Plan) to be prepared by EPC after finalization of ESMP template from AIIB's end.

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- 2. The Circle level GRC (Tier 1) member receives the grievances and records the details in the GRM logbook.
- 3. The CGRC (Tier-1) acknowledges the receipt of the grievance and provides a dated proof (official slip, text or WhatsApp message).
- 4. The CGRC (Tier-1) gathers information, visits site and interviews people to evaluate if they can find a resolution of the grievance within 10 working days.
- 5. The CGRC (Tier-1) informs grieved party of the proposed resolution in writing.
  - a. Grieved party can accept the proposed solution, which is duly recorded.
  - b. Grieved party may not accept the proposed solution, which is duly recorded.
- 6. If the CGRC (Tier-1) is unable to find a solution, or if the grieved party does not accept the proposition, the CGRC can automatically escalate the issue to the Tier -2 GRC, if grieved party agrees.
- 7. The Tier-2 GRC acknowledges the receipt of the grievance and provides a dated proof (official slip, text or WhatsApp message).
- 8. The Tier 2 GRC gathers information, visits site and interviews people to evaluate if they can find a resolution of the grievance within 20 working days.
- 9. The Tier 2 GRC informs grieved party of the proposed resolution in writing.
  - a. Grieved party can accept the proposed solution, which is duly recorded.
  - b. Grieved party may not accept the proposed solution, which is duly recorded.
- 10. The grieved party may seek their rights in the court of law.

#### The members of the Tier-1 GRC and their communication details in the project Districts are

Name of the T&T Circle	Name of the Project Districts	Package	Sub-Projects	Focal point / Nominated Official	Contact number (Mobile and WhatsApp)*	Communication Address
Tezpur	Nagaon	Α	Jakhlabandha S/S	Sri Bitupawan Muktiar, AM	9101200875	O/o The DGM, AEGCL, Near Dhanua Nagar SBI
Тегриі	Ivagaon	В	Nagaon S/S	Sri Bikash Joshi, JM	7085845022	ATM, Dhanua Nagar, Tezpur, 784001
Mirza	Kamrup (R)	В	Chhaygaon S/S	Mr. Priyam Das, AM	7002176019	O/o The DGM, 400kV Kukurmara Grid, AEGCL, Mirza 781125
Tezpur	Darang and Hojai	С	Burhigaon S/S	Sri Debopriyo Dey, AM	8638666021	O/o The DGM, AEGCL, Near Dhanua Nagar SBI
Tezpui		E	Shankardev Nagar S/S	Sri Rahul Das Boruah, RE	8638691764	ATM, Dhanua Nagar, Tezpur, 784001

#### The members of the Tier-2 GRC and their communication details in the corporate level

SL. No.	Designation	Position in the Committee		unication dress	Website & Email id
1.	Chief General Manager(PP&D), AEGCL	Chairman	Assam Electricity Grid Corporation	Contact No.: 0361-2739520	Website: www.aegcl.co.in
2.	Project Director(EAP) Projects, AEGCL	Deputy Chairman	Ltd, (AEGCL) First Floor,	Mobile No.: 9859181640	Mail Id: gm.eap@aegcl.co.in

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

SL. No.	Designation	Position in the Committee	Communication Address		Website & Email id
3.	Dy. General Manager (EAP), PMU, AEGCL	Member	Bijuli Bhawan Guwahati-	Mobile No.: 7002649012	
4.	E & S Safeguard Specialist, PMU, AEGCL	Member	781001	Mobile No.: 985433922	
5.	Project Related AGMs(EAP), AEGCL	Members		Mobile No.: 9706078551 9864602779 9864577672	
6	Joint Secretary (Power, Electricity), GoA	Member	GoA, Power (Electricity Dept.), Assam Secretariat, Dispur, Guwahati-781006 Contact No.: 0361-2237260		dy.secy.powe@gmail .com
7	Team Leader, Environment Expert and Social Expert, PMC	Members	2B, Saroj Enclav Road. Ulubari, G Mobile No. 9960	Guwahati-781007	loka.reddy@feedba ckinfra.com

If any unwanted situation like danger, sexual harassment and other life threatening, the victim person may reach to the concerned officials who belong to the Tier-1 and Tier-2 committee and may contactfor further needful action or the matter should be informed to AIIB immediately.

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

### **Grievance Register**

	Grievance Register
	* The mobilisation of EPC is awaiting and once EPC starts
Date of Grievance Recorded	their work in the S/S as well as in T/L, then the grievances
	may arises if any, the record will be maintained accordingly
Grievance Recorder	
Grievance submitted through	
Name of Complainant	
Complainant Preferred Contact	
Complainant Address	
Type of Grievance	
Describe Grievance	
Date of Grievance Occurrence	
Date of Acknowledgement	
Mode of Acknowledgement	
Brief Outline of Proposed Resolution	
Action Taken	
Action Taken on	
Outcome	
Outcome communicated to PAH on	
Status Update	
Mode of Complainant Update	
Acknowledged by	
Date Closed	
Days to Close Grievance	
Date of Grievance Received to Tier 2	
Date of GRC meeting (2nd Tier)	
Estimated Time for Resolution	
Action Taken	
Action Taken on	
Outcome	
Outcome communicated to PAH on	
Status Update	
Mode of Complainant Update	
Acknowledged by	
Date Closed	
Days to Close Grievance	

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

#### 16 SUMMARY & CONCLUSION

The project scope involves construction of substations and associated transmission lines, augmentation, up gradation and installation of equipment of substations.

As the Project is funded through the AIIB, the Bank's Environmental and Social Policy (ESP) applies. The Project has been assigned to "Category B" as per the ESP, as substations are not located in sensitive areas.

**ESS 1** will be applicable to the Project as civil works may cause a limited number of potentially adverse environmental and social impacts. These impacts are not unprecedented and are limited to the Project area.

**ESS 2 and ESS 3** does not trigger in five substations namely Jakhlabandha, Nagaon-2, Chhaygaon, Burhigaon and Shankardevnagar.

The detail of the various regulatory frameworks pertaining to the project has already been discussed / considered in ESMPF.

AEGCL's working operation safety manual also serves as its commitment towards fulfilling the E&S responsibilities including occupation health and safety.

A baseline study to assess the environmental and socio-economic conditions within the five substations premises and adjoining areas has been conducted on 3<sup>rd</sup>, 4<sup>th</sup>, 6<sup>th</sup> and 7<sup>th</sup> May 2021 to gather baseline information of the environmental and social profile. The detail of the baseline conditions of substations are provided in main report.

Environmental sensitive sites are away from the proposed substation sites. Environmental conditions of most of the substation sites are quite good except Chhaygaon substation which is located in industrial area.

As assessed from the baseline condition, the impacts are manageable as no major environmental issues have been recorded during site visit. Details of impact and mitigation measures are discussed in the main report. ESMP cost to implement the key environmental & social measures and environmental & social monitoring plan which a part of Engineering Procurement Construction (EPC) Contractor's contract as included in Bill Of Quantity (BOQ) item and as part of their good Engineering practice. An amount of INR 1,48,36,500 is estimated to be required for implementation of ESMP.

The land for construction for five S/S namely Jakhlabandha, Chhaygaon, Nagaon-2, Burhigaon and Shankardevnagar are AEGCL / transferred from APDCL and IGC, AIIDC. The substations are largely situated on plain terrain under mostly on barren land except Nagaon 2 S/S which is plain low land of AEGCL (transferred from APDCL) used for agriculture by villagers. Substation location does not fall under any protected areas/ reserved forests or wildlife corridors as notified by GoI.

No Resettlement and Rehabilitation issues are identified at substation locations. The overall E&S risks associated with the construction of substations will be insignificant, whereas it will contribute to major economic development in the relevant areas.

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

Construction activities will cause minimal environmental impacts which are temporary in nature and can be easily mitigated through management plan during implementation.

Overall, the environmental impacts associated with construction of substations are limited mostly to the construction period and insignificant in operation period and can be mitigated to an acceptable level by implementation of recommended measures and by best engineering and environmental practices. Details of impact and mitigations are discussed in the main report.

The detailed design by the EPC contractor will ensure the inclusion of any such environmental impacts that could not be specified or identified at this stage are taken into account and mitigated where necessary. Those impacts can be reduced through the use of mitigation measures such as improvement in work practices at the construction site.

One round of public consultation was conducted at the adjoining villages of all substation sites. The outcome indicates broad support for the project based on perceived economic and social benefits.

The project implementation will lead to the development of distribution projects, which involve distribution of power and overall energy efficiency improvement. Some of the important project benefits are - strengthen the electricity transmission network, improve reliability to power supply, reduce the transmission losses, reduce the length of transmission lines from power generation utilities to the distribution utilities, improve livelihood and boosts the economic growth of the region and nation as a whole.

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

#### ANNEXURE – I: Details of Public Consultation at Proposed substation sites

### A. Jakhlabandha substation

Site/Location: Jakhlabandha, Village - Garubandha, Circle/Block - Kaliabor, District - Nagaon,

Date of Consultation: 03.05.2021

Type of Area (Urban/Rural/Highly Congested Urban: Rural

S.No.	ISSUES	PARTICIPANTS' OPINION, COMMENTS AND SUGGESTIONS
SOCIAL		
1.	Have you heard about the Project or Do youhave any information about the project?	Yes , substation construction
2.	What is your opinion about this Project?	Good for us
3.	Do you support this Project?	Yes
4.	Do you think that the Project is necessary?	Yes
5.	What are your main concerns/issues about the project?	No issues
6.	Can you suggest how best to address your concerns/issues?	No
7.	The proposed new land which may be government or privately owned. Would you volunteer to donate or sell the land for the Project?	Government land
8.	Do you expect any kind of compensation if there is loss to land or crops or trees during construction?	No
9.	If you need compensation, what kind of compensation will you be expecting (cash or kind) in case of land acquisition?	No
10.	Health status, Availability of Hospitals and over all environmental condition. Is there any chronic disease prevalent in this area and are you aware about HIV/AIDS and STP?	No Chronic disease , Aware about COVID-19/HIV/AIDS disease
11.	What positive impacts and/or benefits do you think the project will have?	Whole day power supply
12.	What negative impacts do you think the project will have?	No negative
13.	How safe do you think or consider the distribution feeder?	No
14.	Any criteria you would like to be considered for project design, construction and operation stage?	No
15.	How long have you been living in this area?	From childhood
16.	Are there any indigenous people/ tribal people or ethnic minority living in this area? If yes, how far and what is the name of tribe group and what is their number of Households etc.?	No
17.	If you are from indigenous people/tribal do you expect any impacts from projects on your culture, territory, and livelihood impacts?	No
ENVIRO	NMENT	
1	Protected areas (national park, protected forest, religiously	Laokhuwa Wildlife Sanctuary is

2 3	Access to the forest land and the use of the forest land (if any)  Current environmental conditions in the area – air, dust, noise	approx. 20km from the substation.  Kaziranga Nation Park is approx. 20km from the substation.  Secunee Pahar (Hill) is approx. 5km from the proposed substation.  No Excellent
	conditions in the area.	2.000.00.00
4	Will the project siting adversely impact the water or soil resource in the locality	No
5	Type of trees in the area: Fruit/non fruit/forest/ rare/endangered species etc.	Mixed trees with Fruit/non fruit etc. species in the village and S/S area.
6	Wild, endemic, endangered animals in the area.	No
7	Is the consultation useful	Yes
8	Would you support and participate during the implementation of Project	Yes
9	Any other Suggestions?	Local people suggested to avoid/minimize falling of commercial trees e.g. fruit trees, timber trees, as it would significantly affect the food chain, dependent on those trees. Some of them suggested that necessary precautions must be taken to ensure safety of people during construction of sub- stations. Involvement of local public during implementation of the project.

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		List o	f Partici	pants	
S. no	Name of the Participant	Sex (M/F)	(Y/N)	Project Affected Person (yes/No)	Signature
1	Jahanddin Sheikh.	M	N.	7	JOHUKWOIT
2 .	Abdul Gaffas Cherke				
3.	Alena Bahkas Siddiqu	e .			
4.	Abdal Barak.				
5	Jaminuddin Sheikh				
G .	Calatura Shah.	·F	N	N	
1 .	Sanaya Khatur	٠ ٤	N	N	
8.	Manara Begum.	F	N	2	
9.	Jekina Khalien	F	N	N.	
		(+	2.00		
				NA PARTIES	7

#### **Photographs**





Photo plate 1&2: Public consultation along with people adjacent to the area of proposed substation

Date: 03.05.2021

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#### B. Nagaon – 2 substation

Site/Location: Nagaon -2, Village-Laogoan, Circle/Block-Sadar, District - Nagaon

Date of Consultation: 03.05.2021

Type of Area (Urban/Rural/Highly Congested Urban: Rural

S.No.	ISSUES	PARTICIPANTS' OPINION, COMMENTS AND SUGGESTIONS
SOCIAL		
1.	Have you heard about the Project or Do you haeany information about the project?	Yes
2.	What is your opinion about this Project?	Good for power supply
3.	Do you support this Project?	yes
4.	Do you think that the Project is necessary?	Yes
5.	What are your main concerns/issues about the project?	No issue
6.	Can you suggest how best to address your concerns/issues?	Good for people
7.	The proposed new land which may be government or privately owned. Would you volunteer to donate or sell the land for the Project?	Government land
8.	Do you expect any kind of compensation if there is loss to land or crops or trees during construction?	No
	If you need compensation, what kind of compensation will you	No
9.	be expecting (cash or kind) in case of land acquisition?	
10.	Health status, Availability of Hospitals and over all environmental condition. Is there any chronic disease prevalent in this area and are you aware about HIV/AIDS and STP?	No , Aware about HIV/AIDS
11.	What positive impacts and/or benefits do you think the project will have?	Power supply whole day
12.	What negative impacts do you think the project will have?	Agriculture loss
13.	How safe do you think or consider the distribution feeder?	Safety precautions required
14.	Any criteria you would like to be considered for project design, construction and operation stage?	No
15.	How long have you been living in this area?	From Childhood
16.	Are there any indigenous people/ tribal people or ethnic minority living in this area? If yes, how far and what is the name of tribe group and what is their number of Households etc.?	No
17.	If you are from indigenous people/tribal do you expect any impacts from projects on your culture, territory, and livelihood impacts?	No
ENVIRO	NMENT	
1	Protected areas (national park, protected forest, religiously	Wetland were at a distance of

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

	sensitive sites, historical or archaeological sites), if any	more than 2.5km away (Rowmari
		beel is approx. 2.5km, Gurguri beel is approx. 4km and Laokhuwa
		Wildlife Sanctuary is approx.
		15km) from the proposed sub-
		stations.
2	Access to the forest land and the use of the forest land (if any)	No
3	Current environmental conditions in the area – air, dust, noise conditions in the area.	Excellent
4	Will the project sitting adversely impact the water or soil resource in the locality	No
5	Type of trees in the area: Fruit/non fruit/forest/	Mixed trees with Fruit/non fruit
	rare/endangered species etc.	etc. species in the village of S/S.
6	Wild, endemic, endangered animals in the area.	No
7	Is the consultation useful	Yes
8	Would you support and participate during the implementation of Project	Yes
9	Any other Suggestions?	Individual farmer at Nagaon – 2
		sub- station location, where they
		are growing paddy and other
		crops in AEGCL land, requested to
		provide advance notice and give
		time prior to construction activity
		for harvesting their crops.
		Involvement of local public during
		implementation of the project.

### \*OFFICIAL USEONLY

### **List of Participants**

S. no	Name of the Participant	Sex (M/F)	IP (Y/N)	Project Affected Person (yes/No)	Signature
1	Jonah Ali	M	N	No	समय आ या
2	Amia Hamza	М.	Ν,	No	
3	Abdul Motleb	М	N	No	3
٧.	Akash Ali	М	N	No	
<u>S.</u>	Rahman	M	0	No	Anne Carlotte
6.	Hakiz.	М	N	No	

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#### **Photographs**



Photo plate 3 & 4: Public consultation along with people adjacent to the area proposed substation

Date: 03.05.2021

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### C. Chhaygaon substation

Site/Location: Chhaygaon, Village- Jambhari-2, Circle/Block - Chhaygaon, District -Kamrup (Rural)

Date of Consultation: 04.05.2021

Type of Area (Urban/Rural/Highly Congested Urban: Rural

S.No.	ISSUES	PARTICIPANTS' OPINION,
		COMMENTS AND SUGGESTIONS
SOCIAL		
1.	Have you heard about the Project or Do you have any information	Yes
	about the project?	
2.	What is your opinion about this Project?	Good for public
3.	Do you support this Project?	Yes
4.	Do you think that the Project is necessary?	Yes
5.	What are your main concerns/issues aboutthe project?	No issue
6.	Can you suggest how best to address your concerns/issues?	No
	The proposed new land which may be government or privately	Government Land
7.	owned. Would you volunteer to donate or sell the land for the	
	Project?	
	Do you expect any kind of compensation if there is loss to land or	No
8.	crops or trees during construction?	
	If you need compensation, what kind of compensation will you be	No
9.	expecting (cash or kind) in case of land acquisition?	
	Health status, Availability of Hospitals and over all environmental	No Chronic disease , Aware about
	condition. Is there any chronic disease prevalent in this area and are	COVID-19/HIV/AIDS disease
10.	you aware about HIV/AIDS and STP?	
	What positive impacts and/or benefits do you think the project will	Regular power supply
11.	have?	
12.	What negative impacts do you think the project will have?	No
13.	How safe do you think or consider the distribution feeder?	No idea
14.	Any criteria you would like to be considered for project design,	No
	construction and operation stage?	
15.	How long have you been living in this area?	From Childhood
16.	Are there any indigenous people/ tribal people or ethnic minority	No
	living in this area? If yes, how far and what is the name of tribe group	
	and what is their number of Households etc.?	
17.	If you are from indigenous people/tribal do you expect any impacts	No
	from projects on your culture, territory, and livelihood impacts?	
ENVIRO	DNMENT	
1	Protected areas (national park, protected forest, religiously sensitive	No
	sites, historical or archaeological sites), if any	
2	Access to the forest land and the use of the forest land (if any)	No
3	Current environmental conditions in the area – air, dust, noise	
	, , ,	, ,

	conditions in the area.	alcoholic factory releases stingy
		gases in the evening time.
4	Will the project siting adversely impact the water or soil resource in	n No
	the locality	
5	Type of trees in the area: Fruit/non fruit/forest/ rare/endangered	Mixed trees in the S/S area.
	species etc.	Mixed trees with Fruit/non fruit etc.
		species in the village of S/S area.
6	Wild, endemic, endangered animals in the area.	No
7	Is the consultation useful	Yes
8	Would you support and participate during the implementation of	f Yes
	Project	
9	Any other Suggestions?	The local people suggested that
		necessary precautions must be
		taken to ensure safety of people
		during construction of sub-
		stations. They also suggested to
		avoid/minimize falling of
		commercial trees e.g. fruit trees,
		timber trees, as it would
		significantly affect the food chain,
		dependent on those trees.

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

		List of	Participa	nts	the latest the latest terms of the latest term
S. no	Name of the Participant	Sex (M/F)	1P (Y/N)	Project Affected Person (yes/No)	Signature
2.	Rosanara Bibi	t	2	No.	
2.	dlauddin dli	М.	N	No.	
3.	Md. Ali	М	N	No.	
4.	Zohuran Biki	F	7)	ND	
<i>S</i> .	Laytun Biki	r	10	No.	
G.	Loyhun Biki Muhfida Bibi	F	10	No.	The state of the s
7	· Fouzila Biki	F	N	No.	4 4 3 3
8.	Hairul Bibi	t	N	No.	A WAS
9.		М.	N	No.	A. A.M. Holy
	16 3			A har	

### **Photographs**





Photo plate 5&6: Public consultation along with people adjacent to the area of proposed substation

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#### **D. Burhigaon substation**

Site/Location: Burhigaon, Village- Burhigaon, Circle/Block – Dalgaon, District – Darrang,

**Date of Consultation:** 06.05.2021

Type of Area (Urban/Rural/ Highly Congested Urban: Rural

S.No.	ISSUES	PARTICIPANTS'OPINION,CO MMENTSAND SUGGESTIONS
SOCIAL		
1.	Have you heard about the Project or Do you have any information about the project?	Yes
2.	What is your opinion about this Project?	Good for public
3.	Do you support this Project?	Yes
4.	Do you think that the Project is necessary?	Yes
5.	What are your main concerns/issues about the project?	No issue
6.	Can you suggest how best to address your concerns/issues?	NA
7.	The proposed new land which may be government or privately owned. Would you volunteer to donate or sell the land for the Project?	Government Land
8.	Do you expect any kind of compensation if there is loss to land or crops or trees during construction?	NA
9.	If you need compensation, what kind of compensation will you be expecting (cash or kind) in case of land acquisition?	NA
10.	Health status, Availability of Hospitals and over all environmental condition. Is there any chronic disease prevalent in this area and are you aware about HIV/AIDS and STD?	No Chronic disease , Aware about COVID-19/HIV/AIDS disease
11.	What positive impacts and/or benefits do you think the project will have?	Regular power supply with improve voltage level.
12.	What negative impacts do you think the project will have?	No negative impact from substation.
13.	How safe do you think or consider the distribution feeder?	NA
14.	Any criteria you would like to be considered for project design, construction and operation stage?	No idea
15.	How long have you been living in this area?	From Childhood
16.	Are there any indigenous people/ tribal people or ethnic minority living in this area? If yes, how far and what is the name of tribe group and what is their number of Households etc.?	No
17.	If you are from indigenous people/tribal do you expect any impacts from projects on your culture, territory, and livelihood impacts?	No
ENVIRO	NMENT	
1	Protected areas (national park, protected forest, religiously T	he proposed substation site is

	sensitive sites, historical or archaeological sites), if any	approx. 15km away from Orang National Park.
2	Access to the forest land and the use of the forest land (if any)	No No
	1 11	
3	Current environmental conditions in the area – air, dust, noise conditions in the area.	Good
4	Will the project siting adversely impact the water or soil resource in the locality	No
5	Type of trees in the area: Fruit/non fruit/forest/rare/endangered species etc.	No trees and vegetation in proposed substation area.  Mixed Fruit/non fruit trees in the village nearby area of substation.
6	Wild, endemic, endangered animals in the area.	No
7	Is the consultation useful	Yes
8	Would you support and participate during the implementation of Project	Yes
9	Any other Suggestions?	Suggested that necessary precautions must be taken to ensure safety of people during construction of sub- stations. Involvement of local public during implementation of the project.

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT



#### **Photographs**



Photo plate 7- Discussion about the land with project affected people

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#### E. Sankardevnagar substation

Site/Location: Sankardevnagar, Village-Shankar Basti, Circle/Block - Hojai, District - Hojai,

Date of Consultation: 01.02.2022

Type of Area (Urban/Rural/ Highly Congested Urban: Rural

S.No.	ISSUES	PARTICIPANTS' OPINION, COMMENTS AND SUGGESTIONS
SOCIAL		
1.	Have you heard about the Project or Do you have any information about the project?	Yes, majority of the local people were aware of the proposed project and associated activities.
2.	What is your opinion about this Project?	Useful for public as the people hoped that project will address the problems of low voltage and irregular power supply to the households. Also this will improve economic condition of the area.
3.	Do you support this Project?	Yes, there is a broad support for the project based on perceived economic and social benefits.
4.	Do you think that the Project is necessary?	Yes, it will enhance rural electrification and provide impetus to open small and medium business units in the area.
5.	What are your main concerns/issues about the project?	No issue. The establishment of GRM which registers and attempts to resolve concerns or complaints by local people/workers/employees arising from project activities is a welcome step.
6.	Can you suggest how best to address your concerns/issues?	Every person, man, woman, or construction worker employed in project activities, who feels that they have been adversely affected by the project, can file their concerns for free to the GRM.
7.	The proposed new land which may be government or privately owned. Would you volunteer to donate or sell the land for the Project?	AEGCL land
8.	Do you expect any kind of compensation if there is loss to land or crops or trees during construction?	Not Applicable
9.	If you need compensation, what kind of compensation will you be expecting (cash or kind) in case of land acquisition?	Not Applicable
10.	Health status, Availability of Hospitals and over all environmental condition. Is there any chronic disease prevalent in this area and are you aware	Kapasbari State Dispensary, Hojai District Civil Hospital. No Chronic disease, Aware about COVID 19, HIV/AIDS.

		-
	about HIV/AIDS and STD?	The workers and communities must be
		educated about COVID-19 rules and guidelines.
		They should follow the Government SoP.
	What positive impacts and/or benefits do you	The people hoped that project will address the
11.	think the project will have?	problems of low voltage, and irregular power
		supply to the households.
12.	What negative impacts do you think the project	No negative impact from substation.
	will have?	
13.	How safe do you think or consider the	Not Applicable
	distribution feeder?	
14.	Any criteria you would like to be considered for	Not Applicable
	project design, construction and operation stage?	
15.	How long have you been living in this area?	From Birth
16.	Are there any indigenous people/ tribal people or	Yes, they are away from the proposed S/S.
	ethnic minority living in this area? If yes, how far	
	and what is the name of tribe group and what is	
	their number of Households etc.?	
17.	If you are from indigenous people/tribal do you	No
	expect any impacts from projects on your culture,	
	territory, and livelihood impacts?	
ENVIRO	NMENT	
		T
1	Protected areas (national park, protected forest,	No
	religiously sensitive sites, historical or	
	archaeological sites), if any	
2	Access to the forest land and the use of the forest	No
	land (if any)	
3	Current environmental conditions in the area –	Good
	air, dust, noise conditions in the area.	
4	Will the project siting adversely impact the water	Temporary deterioration of surface water
	or soil resource in the locality	quality may occur due to runoff from land
		filling area.
5	Type of trees in the area: Fruit/non fruit/forest/	Mixed Fruit/non fruit trees in the village nearby
	rare/endangered species etc.	area of substation.
6	Wild, endemic, endangered animals in the area.	Not observed
7	Is the consultation useful	Yes
8	Would you support and participate during the	Yes, local people wish for early implementation
	implementation of Project	of the project.
		t
9	Any other Suggestions?	Necessary safety precautions must be taken
9	Any other Suggestions?	Necessary safety precautions must be taken and involvement of local people should be

LIS	ST OF PARTICIPAN	TS
Name of the Project: Assam Intra State Location: & hankardwager	Transmission System	Exharument Project. Date: 01/02/2022

SI. No.	Name	Age	Sex (M/F)	IP (Y/N)	Education	Occupation	Project Affected (yes/No)	Signature
1	Sukhiran Schao	62	М.	N	HS.LC.	Village Head	No.	Scalo 2
2	Moteral Keel	50	М.	N	B.A.	Teacher	No.	ber
3	Haripraid Kest.	36	M .	N	H.S.	Ward Member	No	Heni Per least
4	Rita Kest.	38	P	N	BSc.	High School That	910,125	Tunc Ip,
5	Sonu Kest.	45	M.	N	-	Farmer	No	
6	Amrit Sahu	40	M	N	H.S.L.C	_	No.	
7	Japas Das	30	M.	N	H.S.	Ward	No.	Popash ba
8	enter in the contract of							TOPASO VXC



Photo Plate 8- Consultation with local people of the village



Photo Plate 9- Site visit of AEGCL officials along with PMC officials



Photo Plate 10- Consultation with Village Head (Gaon Bura)



Photo Plate 11-Consultation with Ward Member of the Village

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

### **Annexure – II: Some Site Photographs**

#### A. Jakhlabandha Substation



Photo plate 12: Proposed substation Area



Photo plate 13: Area where angle points are marked for transmission lines



Photo plate 14: Glimpse of the trees to be removed from proposed substation area



Photo plate 15: Measuring the girth of marked tree in proposed substation location

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#### B. Nagaon – 2 substation





Photo plate 16 & 17: Area along the proposed substation site



Photo plate 18: Area where the Transmission Lines will pass through

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#### C. Chhaygaon substation



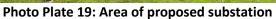




Photo plate 20: Trees to be removed from proposed substation area



Photo plate 21: Area of proposed residential colony

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#### **D. Burhigaon substation**





Photo plate 22: Area of proposed substation

Photo plate 23: Abandoned quarters to be demolished



Photo plate 24: Discussion with officials about the proposed site

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### <u>Annexure – III: Tree enumeration details</u>

### A. Jakhlabandha Substation

Village/Mouza Name	Survey No. /Plot No.	Owner/Party Name	Tree I.D	Tree Name (Local Name)	Scientific Name	Girth (BHG) in cm	Approx. Height in m	Remarks (falling reqd. or not)
			1	Segun (Teak)	Tectona grandis	120	12	6
			2	Jamun (Java Plum)	Syzygium cumini	80	3	2
			3	Jamun (Java Plum)	Syzygium cumini	50	3	1
			4	Aam (Mango)	Mangifera indica	120	5	1
			5	Aam (Mango)	Mangifera indica	140	6	2
			6	Aam (Mango)	Mangifera indica	135	3	1
			7	Tamul (Betel Nut)	Areca catechu	120	3	5
		APDCL (a sister	8	Hilikha (Black Myrobalan)	Terminalia chebula	130	3	1
Garubandha	139(Dag No.)	company of	9	Jolpai (Olive)	Elaeocarpus serratus L.	50	2	1
		AEGCL)	10	Neem	Azadirachta indica	70	3	1
			11	Neem	Azadirachta indica	30	3	1
			12	Dharapaat or Malli	Jasminum Sambac.	60	3	1
			13	Litchi	Litchi chinensis	70	3	1
			14	Moz	Mozambique tilapia	120	5	1
			15	Ghonta Phul (Golden Trumpet)	Allamanda nerifolia	50	2	1
			16	Gamari (White Teak)	Gmelina arborea	50	2	1

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#### **B.** Chhaygaon substation

	Details measure	ment of standing	trees on the plot of P.P. la	Annexure nd covered by			
	Dag No.						
11.7	4000	Girth	Height (Approx.) in				
SI No.	Species	(Mtr.)	(Mtrs.)	Remarks			
1	Kadaro	0.80	7-00	10/11/2			
2	2)	0.70	5.00				
3	7	1.00	6-00				
4	Gohora	0.60	4.00				
5	Kadam	0.60	5:00	110 700			
6	Kndam	0.90	5.00	W. 31841			
7	ton	0.60	2.00				
8	Knowi	0.65	4-00				
9	Raiovinee	0.95	400				
10	Radhassira	0.60	4.00				
11	"	0.60	3.00				
12	,,	0.65	4-00				
13	Eshere Nim	0.60	5-00				
14	Jam	0.60	2.00				
15	Raintnee	1.00	4.00				
16	Kanoi	0.85	6.00				
17	Jam	0.60	3.00	100			
18	Karri	0.60	4'00	100			
19	Lanubandha	0.60	3.00				
20	y	0.65	2.00				
21	Jam	0-60	4-00				
22	"	0.60	3:00	the matter			
23	Raintnee	0.60	300				
24	Bongas	1-10	5.00	10 10 10			
25	Kanai	0.80	5.00				
26	>)	0.80	5.00	Yes the same			
27	Simole	0.70	4.00	100			
28	Karai	0.75	5.00				
29	Kadam	0.60	4.00				

i No.	Species	Girth (Mtr.)	Height (Approx.) in (Mtrs.)	Remarks
62	Karrai	0.70	5-00	
63	Jam	0.60	2:00	
64	Raintru	0.70	3-00	
65	Knowi	0.75	5.00	
66	Raignfree	0.95	400	
6F	In Chan	0.60	3.00	
68	Raintene	0-85	4.00	The state of the s
69	n	10.75	4.00	108
70	Ranni	0.65	4.00	
71	Reminstere	0.85	4-00	
72	whichora	0-60	2.00	
73	Knowie	0.60	4.00	
74	y	0.60	3.00	
75	Jam	0.60	3-00	
76	KARRE	0.60	3-00	
77	Jam	0.60	2:00	AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON
78	"	10.60	3.00	
79	v	01060	2:00	
			Submitte	<u>d</u>
			Asstt.Conservator of Kamup West Di Bamunigao	Forests vision

SI No.	Species	Girth (Mtr.)	Height (Approx.) in (Mtrs.)	Remarks
30	Karoi	0.60	5.00	
31	n	0.60	5.00	
32	17	0.65	5.00	
33	Cassia Bema	0.60	4.00	
1000	The state of the s	0.60	2.00	A COMPANY
34	3)	0.60	3.00	
36	Raiorfree	0.80	4-00	
37	- ( <b>)</b>	1.00	3.00	
38	7 7 7 7	0.85	4.00	
37	Gohana	0.60	3.00	100
40	3)	0.60	2.00	1
41	Rainfree	0.60	2:00	
42	Kanoi	0.75	5.00	
43	Rainfree	0.65	300	
44	Kanoi	0.70	4.00	
45	Kanoi	0.90	4.00	ALCOHOLD STATE
46	Karai	0.80	4-00	
47	Cassia Soma	0.70	4:00	
48	Grohona	0.60	3.00	
49	Jam	0.70	5.00	
50	Rainforce	0.80	4.00	
51	Karai	0.60	4.00	
52	Shat	0.60	3-00	
53.	Rainfree	1.00	5.00	
54	Karai	0.60	4.00	
55	Kadam	0.90	5.00	
56	Karoi	0.65	4.00	
57	Raintnee	0.75	3:00	
58	Kanai	8.65	5.00	100
59	10 m	0.60	3.00	
60	71	0-60	4-00	
61	y y	0.75	5.00	100

Post Office: SANKARD

### Environment and Social Impact Assessment - Environment and Social Management Plan report for five substations (Jakhlabandha, Nagaon-2, Chhaygaon, Burhigaon and Shankardevnagar)

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#### C. Shankardevnagar substation

### Joint Verification Report

1 Date of joint verification 02/01/2022

2 Name of pattadar/Khantindar/Owner/and Adress

Sri, AEGCL

VILLAGE: SANKARDEV HAGER

Police Station: SANKARDEN NAMAL

Revenue Circle: LANKA

3 Father's Name: ---

Patta No.: 😁 Dag No.: 630 4 Details of Plot: Mauza: LANKA Circle: LANK A

5 Nature of Patta/Khatian and Year iof issue

(Annual/Periodic/Special Grant/Tenatated/Land Under religious or chartitable institution)

6 Area of Plot (in Bigha or Hectare) 50 BIGHA

7 Minimum distance from plot from nearest RF/PRF/Santuary: ——

8 Whether any value has already been paid agaiunst the tree. If sogive details:

SI. No. of	Specie	Girth at breast	Approx Height of	Remarks
Tree	Specie	Height (in Meter)	tree ( in Meter)	THE THIS HA
1	Akashiya	1.7	7	
2	Akashiya	1.4	7	
3	Faris	1.6	9	
4	Faris	1.1	8	
5	Faris	0.4	9	
6	Faris	1.3	8	
7	Eucalyptus	0.8	12	
8	Faris	1.5	7	
9	Devdaru	0.75	5	
10	Devdaru	0.8	5	
11	Ahoth/Peepal	4.5	7	
12	Sunaru	0.85	5	
13	Silver	0.85	7	
14	Silver	0.8	10	
15	Faris	1.1	12	
16	Gokul	1.05	4	
17	Akashiya	1.3	13	
1.8	Krishna Chura	1.25	3	
19	Jackfruit	2.3	5	
20	Eucalyptus	1.8	15	
21	Jamun	1.7	7	
22	Aamlakhi	1.2	5	
23	Eucalyptus	1.5	20	
24	Aalosafa	1.75	10	
25	Eucalyptus	1.35	15	
26	Eucalyptus	1.6	15	
27	Eucalyptus	1.4	7	
28	Eucalyptus	1.75	9	
29	Jamun	0.7	9	
30	Eucalyptus	1.2	10	
31	Jamun	1.35	7	
32	Jamun	1.15	11	
33	Jamun	1.21	9	

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SI. No. of Tree	Specie	Girth at breast Height (in Meter)	Approx Height of tree ( in Meter)	Remarks
34	Jamun	1.4	7	
		1.35	7	
35	Jamun		4	
36	Jackfruit	0.7	6	
37	Jamun	1.3	4	
38	Khaura	0.95		
39	Khaura	0.45	1.5	
40	Khaura	1	4	
41	Aamlakhi	1.3	10	
42	Mango	0.85	4	
43	Jackfruit	0.8	4	
44	Mango	0.55	4	
45	Kadam	1.4	5	
46	Mango	0.7	4	
47	Jackfruit	0.65	3	
48	Mango	0.95	3	
49	Mango	0.85	7	
50	Jackfruit	0.95	3	
51	Amara	1.3	5	
52	Jackfruit	1.05	5	
53	Mango	0.9	5	
54	Jackfruit	0.75	4	
55	Faris	0.8	4	
56	Faris	0.75	6	
57	Samkatal	1.4	6	
58	Gokul	1.2	4	
59	Gokul	0.95	3	
60	Gokul	1	3	
61	Eucalyptus	2	15	
62	Karai	0.9	7	
63	Jamun	1.5	5	
64	Mukatitli	0.29	20	

Certified that number of trees as described above have been found physically standing within the plot of land specified above.

Signature, Name (in capital) and Designation of forest Officer with date and Seal Signature, Name (in capital) and Designation of The Revenue Officer with dateand Seal

Signature and Names in full of the witnesses, if any with date:

1) Rhalphank Raha Das Branch (Randonk Engineer, 122 KV Sankardenninger GSS)

2) (In - Chimney Mothern (Junior Hanager, 132 KV GSS Sankardenninger)

3) (Ve ved program parkey) (Electrical engly, Gedrej and Boyce)

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

#### ANNEXURE-IV: CODE OF CONDUCT FOR CONTRACTOR'S WORKERS

As Bona fide Contractor, [enter name of Contractor] for the project (enter name of the project) we have signed a contract with [enter name of Employer] for [enter specific description of the Works]. These Works will be carried out at [enter the Site and other locations where the Works will be carried out]. Our contract requires us to implement measures to address environmental and social risks related to the Services and Works, including the risks of misdemeanor in workplace / worker's camps, sexual exploitation, abuse, harassment, and gender-based violence.

This Code of Conduct is part of the measures to deal with environmental and social risks related to the Works. This involves all workers, labor camps and the workplace. It applies to all our staff, laborers and other employees at the Works Site or other places where the Works are being carried out. It also applies to the personnel of each subcontractor and any other personnel assisting us in the execution of the Works. All such persons are referred to as "Contractor's Personnel" and are subject to this Code of Conduct.

This Code of Conduct identifies the conduct that is required from all Contractor's Personnel.

In our workplace, unsafe, offensive, abusive, or violent behavior will not be tolerated, and all persons should feel comfortable raising issues or concerns without fear of retaliation.

Contractor's Personnel shall:

#### **General Conduct**

- Make earnest efforts to understand his/her responsibilities detailed in this Code of Conduct and any other documents and trainings, as directed by the Employer. Proactively seek clarifications to enable work to be undertaken in strict compliance with this Code of Conduct.
- 2. Carry out his/her duties competently and diligently.
- 3. Comply with this Code of Conduct and all applicable laws, regulations, and other requirements, including requirements to protect the health, safety and well-being of other Contractor's Workers, colleagues working under the same contractor and any other person.
- 4. Maintain a safe working environment by:
  - a. Abiding by safety guidelines to ensure that workplaces, machinery, equipment, and processes under each person's control are safe and without risk to health.
  - b. Using required Personal Protective Equipment.
  - c. All works are conducted with safety clearance and under appropriate supervision.
  - d. Using appropriate measures relating to chemical, physical, and biological substances, and agents.
  - e. Following applicable emergency operating procedures.
  - f. Providing separate, safe, and easily accessible working and accommodation facilities for women and men working on the site.
- 5. Report to the Supervisor about work situations that he/she believes are not safe or healthy and remove himself/herself from a work situation which he/she believes presents an imminent and danger to his/her life or health.

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- 6. Treat other people with respect, and not discriminate against specific groups such as women, persons with different sexual orientation, people with disabilities, migrant workers, or children.
- 7. Not engage in sexual harassment which includes unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other unwanted verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature in the workplace or with respect to neighboring communities.
- 8. Engage with the community and/or project affected persons with utmost respect. Intimidation, threats, and coercive behavior will not be tolerated.
- 9. Not engage in sexual exploitation and abuse, which means any actual or attempted abuse of position of vulnerability, differential power, or trust, for sexual purposes, including, but not limited to, profiting monetarily, socially, or politically from the sexual exploitation of another.
- 10. Not engage in sexual assault, which means any form and/or threat of non-consensual sexual contact.
- 11. Not engage in any form of sexual activity with individuals under the age of 18.
- 12. Not make any inappropriate and unwanted sexual advances to people in the adjoining (host) communities or settlements.
- 13. Not work or be present in the worksite(s) under the influence of any intoxicating substances, such as alcohol or drugs.
- 14. Not possess alcohol or any other illegal/ intoxicating substances while on duty or in the labor camps.
- 15. Return to the labor camp no later than 22:00, unless working on night shift.
- 16. Participate and complete relevant training courses that will be provided related to the environmental and social aspects of the Contract, including on health and safety matters, Gender-based violence (GBV), Sexual Exploitation, Abuse and Harassment (SEAH).
- 17. Report violations of this Code of Conduct.
- 18. Not retaliate against any person who reports violations of this Code of Conduct, whether to AIIB or the Employer, or who makes use of the grievance mechanism for Contractor's Workers or the project's Grievance Redress Mechanism.

**RAISING CONCERNS (Please refer to section on GRM in the bidding document and provide information as needed:** An appropriate GRM shall be constituted by the contractor for grievances in the worksite. This should include an effective mechanism for receiving and promptly addressing allegations of SEA and/or SH from the Contractor's or Employer's Personnel or any other person including third parties.)

If any person observes a behavior that he/she believes may represent a violation of this Code of Conduct, or that otherwise concerns him/her, he/she should raise the issue promptly. This can be done in either of the following ways:

- 1. Contact [enter name of the Contractor's Social Expert] in writing at this address [X] or by telephone at [X] or in person at [X]; or
- 2. Call [X] to reach the Contractor's hotline (if any) and leave a message.

The Complainant's identity will be kept confidential, unless reporting of allegations is mandated by the country law. Anonymous complaints or allegations may also be submitted and will be given all due and appropriate consideration. We take seriously all reports of possible misconduct and will investigate and take appropriate action. We will provide warm referrals to service providers that may help support the person who experienced the alleged incident, as appropriate.

There will be no retaliation against any person who raises a concern in good faith about any behavior prohibited by this Code of Conduct. Such retaliation would be a violation of this Code of Conduct.

#### **CONSEQUENCES OF VIOLATING THE CODE OF CONDUCT**

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Any violation of this Code of Conduct by Contractor's Personnel may result in serious consequences, up to and including termination and possible referral to legal authorities.

The information contained in this note will be disseminated to all Contractor's Personnel. At the time of engagement of any worker/ personnel, the above information will be provided verbally, and a copy of the Code of Conduct will be provided signed by the Personnel and countersigned by the Contractor. A prototype is provided below:

------

#### FOR CONTRACTOR'S PERSONNEL:

I have received a copy of this Code of Conduct written in [X] language that I understand. I recognize that if I have any questions about this Code of Conduct, I can contact [enter name of Contractor's contact person with relevant background in handling gender-based violence] requesting an explanation.

Name of Contractor's Personnel: [insert name]
Signature:
Date: (day month year):
Countersignature of authorized representative of the Contractor: [insert name]
Signature:
Date: (day month year):

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ATTACHMENT 1: Behaviors constituting Sexual Exploitation and Abuse (SEA) and behaviors constituting Sexual Harassment (SH)

The following non-exhaustive list is intended to illustrate types of prohibited behaviors:

- 1. Examples of sexual exploitation and abuse include, but are not limited to:
- A Worker/Expert tells a member of the community that he/she can get them jobs in the work site (e.g., cooking and cleaning) in exchange for sex.
- A Worker/Expert that is connecting electricity input to households says that he can connect women headed households to the grid in exchange for sex.
- A Worker/Expert rapes, or otherwise sexually assaults a member of the community.
- A Worker/Expert denies a person access to the Site unless he/she performs a sexual favor.
- A Worker/Expert tells a person applying for employment under the Contract that he/she will only hire him/her if he/she has sex with him/her.
- 2. Examples of sexual harassment in a work context
- A Worker/Expert comment on the appearance of another Worker/Expert (either positive or negative) and sexual desirability.
- When a Worker/Expert complains about comments made by another Worker/Expert on his/her appearance, the other Worker/Expert comment that he/she is "asking for it" because of how he/she dresses.
- Unwelcome touching of a Worker/Expert or Employer's Personnel by another Worker/Expert.
- A Worker/Expert tells another Worker/Expert that he/she will get him/her a salary raise or promotion if he/she sends him/her naked photographs of himself/herself.