Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank

Condensed Financial Statements (Unaudited) for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2024

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Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank Condensed Statement of Comprehensive Income For the three months ended March 31, 2024

In thousands of US Dollars	Note	For the three months ended March 31, 2024 (unaudited)	For the three months ended March 31, 2023 (unaudited)
		(undultou)	(unuuunou)
Interest income	C1	533,609	411,239
Interest expense	C1	(268,463)	(178,969)
Net interest income		265,146	232,270
		·	·
Net fee and commission income Net gain on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit	C2	8,984	8,118
or loss	C3	173,158	25,770
Net loss on financial instruments measured at amortized cost	C9	(161)	(2,178)
Share of gain on investment in	Ca	(101)	(2,170)
associates	C10	1,697	1,013
Impairment provision	C4	37,308	(13,968)
General and administrative expenses	C5	(58,316)	(46,704)
Net foreign exchange (loss)/gain		(81,772)	22,603
Operating profit for the period		346,044	226,924
Accretion of paid-in capital receivables	C11	188	366
Net profit for the period		346,232	227,290
Other comprehensive loss Items will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Unrealized loss on fair-valued			
borrowings arising from changes			
in own credit risk	C13	(120,961)	(57,864)
Total comprehensive income		225,271	169,426
Attributable to: Equity holders of the Bank		225,271	169,426
		220,27	100,420

Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank Condensed Statement of Financial Position As at March 31, 2024

In thousands of US Dollars	Note	March 31, 2024 (unaudited)	Dec. 31, 2023 (audited)
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	C6	6,193,390	1,839,122
Term deposits	C6	2,071,897	3,108,817
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	C7	17,211,930	16,576,859
Loan investments, at amortized cost	C8	23,245,706	21,969,382
Bond investments, at amortized cost	C9	9,757,594	8,266,365
Paid-in capital receivables	C11	243,435	262,637
Derivative assets	C14	550,249	616,242
Investment in associates	C10	118,963	58,799
Property and equipment		5,219	5,573
Intangible assets		5,982	6,208
Other assets	C12	1,462,152	1,082,969
Total assets		60,866,517	53,792,973
Liabilities			
Borrowings	C13	36,976,262	30,528,131
Derivative liabilities	C14	1,666,162	1,582,026
Prepaid paid-in capital	014	474	200
Other liabilities	C15	549,491	233,759
Total liabilities		39,192,389	32,344,116
Members' equity			
Paid-in capital Reserves	C16	19,405,400	19,405,400
Accretion of paid-in capital receivables		(806)	(994)
Unrealized loss on fair-valued borrowings arising from changes in own credit risk		(172,701)	(51,740)
Retained earnings		2,442,235	2,096,191
Total members' equity		21,674,128	21,448,857
Total liabilities and members' equity		60,866,517	53,792,973

Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank Condensed Statement of Changes in Equity For the three months ended March 31, 2024

						Reserves		
In thousands of US Dollars	Note	Subscribed capital	Less: callable capital	Paid-in capital	Accretion of paid-in capital receivables	Unrealized loss on fair- valued borrowings arising from changes in own credit risk	Retained earnings	Total members' equity
Jan. 1, 2023		96,964,700	(77,571,800)	19,392,900	(2,268)	9,548	1,065,545	20,465,725
Capital subscription and contribution		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net profit for the period		-	-	-	-	-	227,290	227,290
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	(57,864)	-	(57,864)
Paid-in capital receivables - accretion effect		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer of accretion	C11	-	-	-	366	-	(366)	-
March 31, 2023 (unaudited)	C16	96,964,700	(77,571,800)	19,392,900	(1,902)	(48,316)	1,292,469	20,635,151
Jan. 1, 2024		97,027,300	(77,621,900)	19,405,400	(994)	(51,740)	2,096,191	21,448,857
Capital subscription and contribution		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net profit for the period		-	-	-	-	-	346,232	346,232
Other comprehensive loss		-	-	-	-	(120,961)	-	(120,961)
Paid-in capital receivables - accretion effect		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer of accretion	C11	-	-	-	188	-	(188)	-
March 31, 2024 (unaudited)	C16	97,027,300	(77,621,900)	19,405,400	(806)	(172,701)	2,442,235	21,674,128

Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank Condensed Statement of Cash Flows For the three months ended March 31, 2024

In thousands of US Dollars	Note	For the three months ended March 31, 2024 (unaudited)	For the three months ended March 31, 2023 (unaudited)
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net profit for the period		346,232	227,290
Adjustments for:		,	,
Interest income from term deposits		(35,141)	(85,420)
Interest expense for borrowings	C13	255,475	172,781
Interest expense for leasing	C1	8	-
Issuance cost for borrowings	C5	6,876	2,793
Accretion of paid-in capital receivables	C11	(188)	(366)
Net (gain)/loss on financial instruments measured at fair			
value through profit or loss		(136,212)	4,073
Share of gain on investment in associates	C10	(1,697)	(1,013)
Impairment provision (release)/charge	C4	(37,308)	13,968
Depreciation and amortization		960	689
Increase in loan investments	C8	(1,238,419)	(798,856)
Decrease in bond in investment operations portfolio		` 49,954 [´]	2,514
Net cash paid for derivatives		(154,747)	(197,781)
(Increase)/decrease in other assets		(378,974)	317,398
Increase in other liabilities		315,158	375,101
Net cash (used in)/from operating activities		(1,008,023)	33,171
Cash flows from investing activities			
Increase in investment of funds, trust and others		(87,610)	(15,535)
Dividends received and return of capital contributions		`15 ,198	4,290
Bond at amortized cost purchased in treasury investment		,	,
portfolio		(1,522,800)	(761,250)
Bond at amortized cost matured, terminated or sold			
under treasury investment portfolio		10,061	-
Net purchase in other treasury investment		(576,553)	(2,367,628)
Decrease/(increase) in term deposits		1,030,000	(735,000)
Increase in investment in associates		(58,467)	-
Interest received from term deposits		42,062	61,993
Increase in intangible assets, property and equipment		(589)	(1,137)
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,148,698)	(3,814,267)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from borrowings, net	C13	8,180,904	6,192,561
Repayments of borrowings	C13	(1,420,594)	(676,050)
Interest payments on borrowings	C13	(268,985)	(92,043)
Capital contributions received	C11	19,390	19,390
Prepaid paid-in capital received		274	-
Net cash from financing activities		6,510,989	5,443,858
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		4,354,268	1,662,762
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		1,839,122	3,077,356
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	C6	6,193,390	4,740,118
			.,,

A General Information

The Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (the "Bank" or "AIIB") is a multilateral development bank. By the end of year 2015, representatives from 57 countries signed AIIB's Articles of Agreement (the "AOA") which entered into force on Dec. 25, 2015. The Bank commenced operations on Jan. 16, 2016. AIIB's principal office is in Beijing, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

As at March 31, 2024, the Bank's total approved membership is 109, of which 95 have completed the membership process and have become members of AIIB in accordance with the AOA.

AIIB's purpose is to (i) foster sustainable economic development, create wealth and improve infrastructure connectivity in Asia by investing in infrastructure and other productive sectors; and (ii) promote regional cooperation and partnership in addressing development challenges by working in close collaboration with other multilateral and bilateral development institutions.

The legal status, privileges and immunities for the operation and functioning of AIIB in the PRC are agreed in the AOA and further defined in the Headquarters Agreement between the government of the People's Republic of China (the "Government") and the Bank on Jan. 16, 2016.

The Bank's first overseas office, an Interim Operational Hub (the "Hub"), was established in Abu Dhabi, the United Arab Emirates, upon the government of the United Arab Emirates (the "UAE") and the Bank signing an agreement regarding the establishment of an office in the UAE on April 19, 2023. The Hub provides proximity to global financial centers and connectivity with the international infrastructure ecosystem which is important in maintaining AIIB's growth momentum.

B Accounting Policies

B1 Basis of preparation

These condensed interim financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2024 have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IFRS Accounting Standards"): IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*, and should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements for the year ended Dec. 31, 2023.

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those used in the Bank's annual financial statements for the year ended Dec. 31, 2023.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS Accounting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in its process of applying the Bank's accounting policies. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

B Accounting Policies

B2 New accounting pronouncements

The new accounting pronouncements, amendments and interpretations issued during the three months ended March 31, 2024, do not have any significant impact on the operating results, financial position and comprehensive income of the Bank, based on the assessment of the Bank.

B3 Comparatives

The comparative date of the Condensed Statement of Financial Position is as at Dec. 31, 2023, while the comparative period of the Condensed Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Condensed Statement of Changes in Equity and the Condensed Statement of Cash Flows are from Jan. 1, 2023 to March 31, 2023.

C Disclosure Notes

C1 Interest income and expense

·····	For the three months ended March 31, 2024	For the three months ended March 31, 2023
Interest income		
Loan investments ⁽¹⁾	370,432	251,588
Cash, cash equivalents, and		
deposits	85,320	131,080
Bond investments	77,857	28,571
Total interest income	533,609	411,239
Interest expense		
Borrowings ⁽²⁾	(268,455)	(178,969)
Lease	(8)	-
Total interest expense	(268,463)	(178,969)
Net interest income	265,146	232,270

⁽¹⁾ Interest income for loan investments includes amortization of front-end fees, and other incremental and directly related costs in relation to loan origination that are an integral part of the effective interest rate of those loans.

(2) Interest expense is accrued mainly based on the notional coupon rate. However, the Bank uses derivatives to manage interest rate and foreign currency risks, and hence, the actual borrowing cost for the Bank is swapped from fixed to floating rate. Please refer to Note C14 Derivatives for details.

C2 Net fee and commission income

	For the three months ended March 31, 2024	For the three months ended March 31, 2023
Loan and guarantee fees	9,370	8,761
Special Funds administration fee (Note C20)	155	38
MCDF administration fee ⁽¹⁾	589	517
Implementing entity administration fee ⁽²⁾	8	69
Total fee and commission income	10,122	9,385
Cofinancing service fee	(1,138)	(1,267)
Total fee and commission expense	(1,138)	(1,267)
Net fee and commission income	8,984	8,118

⁽¹⁾ According to the Governing Instrument of the Finance Facility of the Multilateral Cooperation Center for Development Finance ("MCDF Finance Facility") and the agreement on the terms and conditions of service as the administrator of the MCDF Finance Facility, the Bank provides administrative and financial services to the MCDF Finance Facility, including hosting of the secretariat of the Multilateral Cooperation Center for Development Finance ("MCDF"). Therefore, the Bank charges an administration fee for the services provided as the administrator of the MCDF Finance Facility. The MCDF serves as a multilateral initiative to foster high-quality infrastructure and connectivity investments in developing countries.

⁽²⁾ Implementing entity refers to the Bank's role as either implementing partner, technical partner, or another analogous role, in a multilateral partnership facility.

C Disclosure Notes

C3 Net gain on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss For the three months For the three months

	ended March 31, 2024	ended March 31, 2023
Money Market Funds (Note C6)	36,946	29,843
Investments at fair value through pro	fit	
or loss (Note C7)	14,583	159,095
Borrowings (Note C13)	426,505	(277,000)
Derivatives (Note C14):		
 Borrowings associated 	(616,275)	103,184
 Loan investments associated 	70,394	(4,962)
 Treasury investment portfolio and 		
bond investments associated	241,005	15,610
Total	173,158	25,770

C4 Impairment provision

	For the three months ended March 31, 2024	For the three months ended March 31, 2023
- Loan investments (Note C8)	(37,264)	13,293
- Bond investments (Note C9)	34	675
- Guarantees	(78)	-
Total impairment provision	(37,308)	13,968

C5 General and administrative expenses

	For the three months ended March 31, 2024	For the three months ended March 31, 2023
Staff costs	30,818	26,394
Professional service expenses	7,899	6,825
Issuance cost for borrowings	6,876	2,793
IT services	5,041	3,659
Facilities and administration expenses	3,404	3,335
Travel expenses	2,005	1,756
Others	2,273	1,942
Total general and administrative		
expenses	58,316	46,704

Refer to Note C20 for details of key management remuneration.

C Disclosure Notes

C6 Cash, cash equivalents, and deposits with banks

	March 31, 2024	Dec. 31, 2023
Cash	-	-
Deposits with banks		
 Demand deposits ⁽¹⁾ 	102,258	60,308
 Term deposits with initial maturity 		
of three months or less	3,962,426	628,728
Money Market Funds ⁽²⁾	2,128,706	1,150,086
Total cash and cash equivalents	6,193,390	1,839,122
Add: term deposits with initial maturity		
more than three months ⁽³⁾	2,071,897	3,108,817
Total cash, cash equivalents, and		
deposits with banks	8,265,287	4,947,939

⁽¹⁾ USD117.85 million of demand deposits is segregated for the externally managed portfolios (Dec. 31, 2023: USD37.84 million).

⁽²⁾ Money Market Funds

	For the three months ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended Dec. 31, 2023
As at beginning of period/year	1,150,086	1,280,649
Additions	7,098,362	18,189,374
Disposals	(6,156,688)	(18,394,715)
Fair value gain, net	36,946	74,778
Total Money Market Funds	2,128,706	1,150,086

Money Market Funds ("MMFs") are rated triple-A equivalent and invest in a diversified portfolio of short-term high-quality assets. The objective of the investment is only to meet short-term cash commitments. The MMFs are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, with daily liquidity and an investment return comparable to normal USD denominated money market interest rates. The MMFs are exposed to credit, market and liquidity risks, and are measured at fair value.

⁽³⁾ Term deposits with initial maturity more than three months have maturities up to 24 months. As at March 31, 2024, USD2.07 billion of term deposits have remaining maturity within 12 months (Dec. 31, 2023: USD3.11 billion).

C Disclosure Notes

C7 Investments at fair value through profit or loss

	For the three months ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended Dec. 31, 2023
As at beginning of period/year	16,576,859	12,701,947
Additions, net	628,759	3,127,649
Return of capital contributions	(8,271)	(33,857)
Net gain of investments	14,583	781,120
Total investments at fair value		
through profit or loss	17,211,930	16,576,859

Analysis of investments at fair value through profit or loss:

	March 31, 2024	Dec. 31, 2023
External Managers Program (a)	4,297,083	4,267,303
Bond investments (b)	8,586,579	8,088,954
Certificates of deposit and commercial		
papers (c)	3,062,629	3,056,432
Investment operations fixed income		
portfolio (d)	237,298	242,553
Investment in funds, trust and others (e)	1,028,341	921,617
Total investments at fair value through profit or loss	17,211,930	16,576,859

- (a) The Bank has engaged external asset managers to invest in portfolios of high credit quality securities (the "External Managers Program"). The portfolios are fair value measured and securities are eligible for sale.
- (b) The Bank invests in bond securities of high credit quality, which are mostly actively managed within treasury investment portfolio. The bond investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Separately, the Bank also invests in securities for infrastructure and development purposes in its investment operations portfolio.
- (c) The Bank invests in certificates of deposit and commercial papers which are actively managed within treasury investment portfolio and measured at fair value through profit or loss. The certificates of deposit and commercial papers are of high credit quality.

C Disclosure Notes

C7 Investments at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)

- (d) The Bank has engaged an external asset manager to invest in a fixed-income portfolio. The objective of this portfolio is to develop the climate bond markets in Asia, composing of labeled green bonds and unlabeled climate-aligned bonds. The investment strategy targets climate bond issuers who rate high on the evaluation of three dimensions related to the Paris Agreement: (a) climate mitigation, (b) climate adaptation and (c) contribution to the transition to a low carbon, climate resilient economy.
- (e) The Bank invests in limited partnership funds ("LP Funds"), trust and others. LP Funds are managed by the general partners, who manage all investments on behalf of the limited partners. The Bank, along with other investors, has entered into the LP Funds as a limited partner. The investment in funds, trust and others do not have an expected maturity date within twelve months.

C8 Loan investments, loan commitments and related ECL allowance

Loan investments	March 31, 2024	Dec. 31, 2023
Gross carrying amount ECL allowance	23,466,570 (220,864)	22,250,589 (281,207)
Net carrying amount	23,245,706	21,969,382

Loan investments are carried at amortized cost. At initial recognition, loan investments are measured at fair value using the assumptions market participants of either sovereign-backed or nonsovereign-backed projects would use when pricing the loan assets. The market where the Bank enters into such transactions is considered to be the principal market. The transaction price normally represents the fair value of loans at their initial recognition.

All sovereign-backed loans to eligible members are subject to the same pricing, taking into account the "preferred creditor status" and other terms giving the Bank rights more favorable than those available to commercial creditors. The Bank applies commercial pricing practices to nonsovereign-backed loans. The Bank has no intention to sell sovereign-backed loans, nor does it believe there is a secondary market for such loans.

The Bank began offering variable spread loans in 2019 where the lending rate consists of a variable reference rate and a variable spread. The variable spread consists of a fixed contractual lending spread and maturity premium along with a variable borrowing cost margin. The reference rate and the borrowing cost margin are determined at each interest rate reset date and are applicable for the following six months. The borrowing cost margin is based on the cost of the underlying funding for these loans at the time of the reset. As at March 31, 2024, USD15,263.25 million of the total carrying amount of the Bank's loans are variable spread loans (Dec. 31, 2023: USD14,039.2 million).

As at March 31, 2024, USD1,558.2 million of the total carrying amount matures within 12 months (Dec. 31, 2023: USD1,537.5 million).

The following table sets out overall information about the credit quality of loan investments and loan commitments issued for effective contracts as at March 31, 2024. The gross amounts of loans are net of the transaction costs and fees that are capitalized through the effective interest method, or EIR method.

	March 31, 2024	Dec. 31, 2023
Loan investments, gross carrying amount	23,466,570	22,250,589
Loan commitments	13,595,768	11,959,440
	37,062,338	34,210,029
Total ECL allowance (a)	(221,525)	(281,227)
_	36,840,813	33,928,802

C8 Loan investments, loan commitments and related ECL allowance (Continued)

(a) As at March 31, 2024, total ECL allowance related to loan commitments is USD0.66 million (Dec. 31, 2023: USD0.02 million), and is presented as a provision in Note C15.

For the three months ended March 31, 2024, the impairment provision released on loan investments and loan commitments was USD37.26 million (impairment provision charged for the three months ended March 31, 2023: USD13.29 million), as disclosed in Note C4.

C9 Bond investments at amortized cost

	March 31, 2024	Dec. 31, 2023
Externally managed fixed-income portfolio (a)	439,654	450,047
Internally managed fixed-income portfolio (b)	8,642,518	7,119,718
Investment operations bond portfolios (c)	690,439	711,583
Gross carrying amount	9,772,611	8,281,348
ECL allowance	(15,017)	(14,983)
Net carrying amount	9,757,594	8,266,365

- (a) The Bank engaged an external asset manager to invest in a portfolio of high credit quality securities. The portfolio adopts a hold-to-maturity business strategy. The bonds are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost.
- (b) The Bank has an internally managed portfolio of high credit quality bonds. The portfolio adopts a hold-to-maturity business strategy. The bonds are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost.
- (c) The Bank has invested in a fixed income bond investment portfolio which comprises Asian infrastructure-related bonds and other bond investments through private placements. The bonds are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost.

For the three months ended March 31, 2024, USD0.16 million investment loss was recognized as a result of disposal of certain bonds in the portfolios (for the three months ended March 31, 2023: USD2.18 million).

Bond investments at amortized cost are subject to credit losses estimated by applying an ECL model, assessed on a forward-looking basis. As at March 31, 2024, ECL allowances of USD14.43 million and USD0.59 million have been provided respectively to bonds in investment operations and treasury investment portfolio (Dec. 31, 2023: USD14.47 million and USD0.51 million respectively).

As at March 31, 2024, USD3,470.14 million of the gross carrying amount matures within 12 months (Dec. 31, 2023: USD3,045.95 million).

C Disclosure Notes

C10 Investment in associates

In April 2020, the Bank has subscribed for a 30% economic interest in a private company incorporated in Singapore and limited by shares since 2020. The purpose of the investee is to acquire and securitize infrastructure loans.

In January 2024, the Bank acquired a 15% unitholding in a private-listed infrastructure investment trust which currently holds a portfolio consisting of operational solar power projects, with a nominated director to the board of investment manager for the infrastructure investment trust.

For the three months ended March 31, 2024, the associates recognized a total profit of USD5.66 million (for the year ended Dec. 31, 2023: profit of USD12.1 million). The Bank has recorded a net profit of USD1.70 million following the equity method (for the year ended Dec. 31, 2023: net profit of USD3.6 million).

	For the three months ended For the year ended		
	March 31, 2024	Dec. 31, 2023	
As at beginning of period/year	58,799	49,176	
Additions	58,467	6,000	
Share of gain for the period/year	1,697	3,623	
Total investment in associates	118,963	58,799	

C11 Paid-in capital receivables

According to the AOA, payments for paid-in capital (refer to Note C16) are due in five installments, with the exception of members considered as less developed countries, who may pay in ten installments. Paid-in capital receivables represent amounts due from members in respect of paid-in capital. These amounts are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost. The fair value discount is accreted through income using the effective interest method. For the three months ended March 31, 2024, none of discount (for the three months ended March 31, 2023: USD0.37 million) has been accreted through income in the current period.

As at March 31, 2024, overdue contractual undiscounted paid-in capital receivables amounted to USD202.89 million (Dec. 31, 2023: USD215.51 million) (Note C16) are not considered impaired.

C11 Paid-in capital receivables (Continued)

As at March 31, 2024, USD235.06 million (Dec. 31, 2023: USD248.03 million) of the paid-in capital balance is due within 12 months.

	For the three months ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended Dec. 31, 2023
As at beginning of period/year	262,637	304,862
Paid-in capital receivables originated	-	12,500
Contributions received	(19,390)	(55,999)
Accretion to profit or loss	188	1,274
Total paid-in capital receivables	243,435	262,637

C12 Other assets

C13

	March 31, 2024	Dec. 31, 2023
Cash collateral receivable (Note C14)	1,245,220	1,055,823
Receivable for unsettled trades	206,179	16,552
Prepayments	8,665	6,604
Receivable for Special Funds and MCD	F	
administration fees	589	2,459
Guarantee fee receivables	-	254
Others	1,499	1,277
Total other assets	1,462,152	1,082,969
Borrowings	March 31, 2024	Dec. 31, 2023
Borrowings carried at fair value	33,923,418	28,334,027
Borrowings carried at amortized cost	3,052,844	2,194,104
Total borrowings	36,976,262	30,528,131

The Bank raises funds through various markets to support its operations. The Bank's debt issuance programs include the SEC-registered Shelf, Global Medium-Term Notes Programme, Australian Dollar and New Zealand Dollar Debt Issuance Programme, Renminbi Bond Issuance Program, and Euro Commercial Paper Programme (the "ECP"). Among these funding sources, the SEC-registered fixed-rate global notes have been the primary program of the Bank's borrowing activities. These funding initiatives have enabled the Bank to access diverse sources of capital and strengthen its financial position.

C13 Borrowings (Continued)

The following table sets out the details of the outstanding amount by denominated currency.

Denominated currency	March 31, 2024	Dec. 31, 2023
USD	25,018,069	20,473,978
GBP	4,054,944	3,138,279
EUR	2,233,625	1,892,423
CNY	1,994,295	1,670,561
HKD	980,588	768,246
AUD	963,255	1,003,122
INR	553,707	267,864
TRY	442,863	482,371
CHF	235,701	251,756
Others	499,215	579,531
Total	36,976,262	30,528,131

Borrowings that are paired with swaps are designated as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. The designation significantly reduces accounting mismatches that would otherwise arise if the borrowings were carried at amortized cost while the related swaps are carried at fair value. Interest from borrowings is calculated based on outstanding balances of the borrowings and coupon rates and presented as interest expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Floating rate notes and ECP are carried at amortized cost with interest expenses recognized under the effective interest rate method.

The fair value changes for financial liabilities that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss that are attributable to changes in the Bank's own credit risk, are recognized in other comprehensive income in accordance with the requirements of IFRS 9. Fair value movements attributable to changes in the Bank's own credit risk are determined using the mark-to-market approach by applying an observable own credit spread curve to the Bank's exposure at the reporting date.

For the three months ended March 31, 2024, the fair value loss attributable to changes in the Bank's own credit risk included in the other comprehensive income amounted to USD120.96 million (for the three months ended March 31, 2023: fair value loss of USD 57.86 million). As of March 31, 2024, USD2.47 million of cumulative unrealized gain on fair-valued borrowings was reversed from the other comprehensive income at the derecognition (Dec. 31, 2023: USD3.89 million of cumulative unrealized loss).

C Disclosure Notes

C13 Borrowings (Continued)

The following table sets out information about changes in liabilities arising from borrowing activities, including changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes.

	For the three months For the year ender ended March 31, 2024 Dec. 31, 202	
As at beginning of period/year Changes arising from cash flows	30,528,131	24,475,728
- Proceeds from borrowings, net	8,180,904	13,184,003
- Repayment of borrowings	(1,420,594)	(8,111,728)
 Interest payments 	(268,985)	(583,347)
 Issuance cost for borrowings 	6,876	9,169
Non-cash changes		
 Accrued interest 	255,475	789,961
- Changes in fair values included in		
the other comprehensive income	120,960	61,288
- Changes in fair values included in		
profit or loss (Note C3)	(426,505)	703,057
Total borrowings	36,976,262	30,528,131

C Disclosure Notes

C14 Derivatives

As at March 31, 2024, the Bank has entered into several interest rate swap, foreign exchange forward and cross currency swap contracts. The Bank makes use of derivatives primarily to hedge the Bank's borrowings, so as to convert issuance proceeds into the currency and interest rate structure sought by the Bank. The Bank also uses derivatives to manage the net interest rate and foreign exchange risks arising from its financial assets including, but not limited to, loans, certificates of deposit and bond investments.

Derivative contracts are financial instruments valued at each reporting date using valuation techniques that consider observable market data such as yield curves, interest rates, and foreign currency rates. Net interest paid or received on these derivative contracts is included within the net gain on financial instruments.

The following table sets out the contractual notional amounts and fair values of the derivatives as at March 31, 2024 and Dec. 31, 2023. The payments under each of the derivative contracts are subject to enforceable master netting arrangements.

	As at March 31, 2024		
	Contractual notional Fair value		
	amount	Assets	Liabilities
Derivatives			
Interest rate swaps	37,040,986	172,657	818,592
Cross currency swaps	17,064,716	337,488	842,867
FX forwards	3,570,046	40,104	4,703
Total derivatives	57,675,748	550,249	1,666,162

	As at Dec. 31, 2023		
	Contractual notional	Fair value	
	amount	Assets	Liabilities
Derivatives			
Interest rate swaps	29,459,077	179,681	717,607
Cross currency swaps	15,127,846	436,303	823,460
FX forwards	2,334,500	258	40,959
Total derivatives	46,921,423	616,242	1,582,026

C14 Derivatives (Continued)

The table below presents the undiscounted cash flows in/(out) of the derivatives the Bank has entered into as at March 31, 2024 and Dec. 31, 2023.

			As at Marc	h 31, 2024		
Les	ss than 1 month	1-3 months	3-12 months	1-5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Derivatives						
Interest rate swaps	(119,728)	(136,754)	(259,035)	(141,136)	(419)	(657,072)
Gross settling cross currency swaps -	EE 700	501 102	2 522 002	14 005 675	1 904 202	10 200 070
inflow Gross settling cross currency swaps -	55,788	501,123	2,523,992	14,295,675	1,824,392	19,200,970
outflow	(86,945)	(537,356)	(2,656,163)	(14,505,129)	(1,566,630)	(19,352,223)
Gross settling FX forwards - inflow	570 000	4 707 000	4 000 000	050 470		0 504 044
Gross settling FX	579,688	1,727,838	1,000,339	256,479	-	3,564,344
forwards - outflow	(571,527)	(1,707,358)	(967,791)	(242,674)	-	(3,489,350)
Total derivatives	(142,724)	(152,507)	(358,658)	(336,785)	257,343	(733,331)

As at Dec. 31, 2023

L	ess than 1. month	1-3 months	3-12 months	1-5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Derivatives	(40.004)	(0= 0=0)	(0.07,000)	(40.000)		
Interest rate swaps Gross settling cross currency swaps -	(43,831)	(95,858)	(367,008)	(42,899)	1,933	(547,663)
inflow	64,112	950,949	2,179,876	12,287,630	1,848,326	17,330,893
Gross settling cross currency swaps - outflow	(92,825)(1,018,177)	(2,233,970)	(12,431,559)	(1,579,160)	(17,355,691)
Gross settling FX		, , ,	(,,,,,	(, , , ,	(,,,,,	(, , , ,
forwards - inflow	646,370	686,993	610,938	390,113	-	2,334,414
Gross settling FX forwards - outflow	v (663,649)	(696,344)	(606,812)	(376,581)	-	(2,343,386)
Total derivatives	(89,823)	(172,437)	(416,976)	(173,296)	271,099	(581,433)

C Disclosure Notes

C14 Derivatives (Continued)

The Bank requires collateral in the form of cash against the exposures to derivative counterparties. The Bank records cash collateral in respect of the interest rate swaps and cross currency swaps based on the fair value of the swaps. This amount is presented separately in the Bank's Statement of Financial Position as the cash flows are not applied towards the settlement of net interest payments. The collateral would only be applied against amounts due in the event that some or all the corresponding swaps are terminated early, including, but not limited to, as a result of a default by the relevant counterparty. As at March 31, 2024, the Bank has received cash collateral of USD112.43 million (Note C15) (Dec. 31, 2023: USD101.99 million) from the swap counterparties, and has paid cash collateral of USD1,245.22 million (Note C12) (Dec. 31, 2023: USD1,055.82 million) to the swap counterparties.

Due to the collateral arrangements in the Bank's derivatives contracts, the counterparty valuation adjustment ("CVA") and debt valuation adjustment ("DVA") do not have a material impact on the derivative valuations as at March 31, 2024 and Dec. 31, 2023.

As at March 31, 2024, the Bank makes use of derivatives with notional amount of USD39,023.19 million to hedge the borrowings with carrying amount of USD33,923.42 million. The Bank enters into derivatives with notional amount of USD3,786.33 million to hedge loans with carrying amount of USD3,475.49 million. The Bank makes use of derivatives with notional amount of USD572.51 million to hedge bonds in investment operations with carrying amount of USD587.87 million. Derivatives with notional amount of USD14,293.73 million are used to hedge financial instruments in treasury investment portfolio. The Bank's risk exposures have been well hedged. Therefore, the profit and loss are effectively managed on a net basis.

C Disclosure Notes

C15 Other liabilities

C16

	March 31, 2024	Dec. 31, 2023
Payable and advance receipt for unsettled trades	362,128	49,328
Cash collateral payable (Note C14)	112,426	101,994
Deferred interest (Note C20)	34,815	34,855
Accrued expenses	25,319	28,758
Staff costs payable	9,056	8,837
Financial guarantee liabilities	4,257	4,681
Payable to Special Fund Window relating to project		
cancellation (C20)	-	4,140
Lease liability	796	898
Deferred administration fee (Note C20)	15	170
Loan provision—ECL allowance (Note C8)	661	20
Others	18	78
Total other liabilities	549,491	233,759
Share capital Marc	h 31, 2024	Dec. 31, 2023
	, 	,

Authorized capital	100,000,000	100,000,000
 Allocated Subscribed Unsubscribed 	97,027,300 984,200	97,027,300 984,200
– Unallocated	1,988,500	1,988,500
Total authorized capital	100,000,000	100,000,000
Subscribed capital	97,027,300	97,027,300
Less: callable capital	(77,621,900)	(77,621,900)
Paid-in capital	19,405,400	19,405,400
Paid-in capital comprises:		
 amounts received 	19,161,159	19,141,769
 amounts due but not yet 	202,891	215,512
received		,
 amounts not yet due 	41,350	48,119
Total paid-in capital	19,405,400	19,405,400

In accordance with Articles 4 and 5 of the AOA, the initial authorized capital stock of the Bank is USD100 billion, divided into 1,000,000 shares, which shall be available for subscription only by members.

The original authorized capital stock is divided into paid-in shares and callable shares, with paid-in shares having an aggregate par value of USD20 billion and callable shares having an aggregate par value of USD80 billion.

Payment of the amount subscribed to the callable capital stock of the Bank shall be subject to call only as and when required by the Bank to meet its liabilities. Calls on unpaid subscriptions shall be uniform in percentage on all callable shares.

C16 Share capital (Continued)

In accordance with Article 37 of the AOA, any member may withdraw from the Bank at any time by delivering a notice in writing to the Bank at its principal office. A withdrawing member remains liable for all direct and contingent obligations to the Bank to which it was subject at the date of delivery of the withdrawal notice. At the time a country ceases to be a member, the Bank shall arrange for the repurchase of such country's shares by the Bank as a part of the settlement of accounts with such country.

Members	Total shares	Subscribed capital		Paid-in capital
Afghanistan	866	86,600	69,300	17,300
Algeria	50	5,000	4,000	1,000
Argentina	50	5,000	4,000	1,000
Australia	36,912	3,691,200	2,953,000	738,200
Austria	5,008	500,800	400,600	100,200
Azerbaijan	2,541	254,100	203,300	50,800
Bahrain	1,036	103,600	82,900	20,700
Bangladesh	6,605	660,500	528,400	132,100
Belarus	641	64,100	51,300	12,800
Belgium	2,846	284,600	227,700	56,900
Benin	50	5,000	4,000	1,000
Brazil	50	5,000	4,000	1,000
Brunei Darussalam	524	52,400	41,900	10,500
Cambodia	623	62,300	49,800	12,500
Canada	9,954	995,400	796,300	199,100
Chile	100	10,000	8,000	2,000
China	297,804	29,780,400	23,824,300	5,956,100
Cook Islands	5	500	400	100
Côte d'Ivoire	50	5,000	4,000	1,000
Croatia	50	5,000	4,000	1,000
Cyprus	200	20,000	16,000	4,000
Denmark	3,695	369,500	295,600	73,900
Ecuador	50	5,000	4,000	1,000
Egypt	6,505	650,500	520,400	130,100
Ethiopia	458	45,800	36,600	9,200
Fiji	125	12,500	10,000	2,500
Finland	3,103	310,300	248,200	62,100
France	33,756	3,375,600	2,700,500	675,100
Georgia	539	53,900	43,100	10,800
Germany	44,842	4,484,200	3,587,400	896,800
Ghana	50	5,000	4,000	1,000
Greece	100	10,000	8,000	2,000
Guinea	50	5,000	4,000	1,000
Hong Kong, China	7,651	765,100	612,100	153,000
Hungary	1,000	100,000	80,000	20,000
lceland	176	17,600	14,100	3,500
India	83,673	8,367,300	6,693,800	1,673,500
Indonesia	33,607	3,360,700	2,688,600	672,100
Iran	15,808	1,580,800	1,264,600	316,200
Iraq	250	25,000	20,000	5,000
Ireland	1,313	131,300	105,000	26,300
Israel	7,499	749,900	599,900	150,000
Italy	25,718	2,571,800	2,057,400	514,400
Jordan	1,192	119,200	95,400	23,800

C Disclosure Notes

C16 Share capital (Continued)

Members Kazakhstan	Total shares 7,293	Subscribed capital 729,300	Callable capital 583,400	Paid-in capital 145,900
Korea	37,387	3,738,700	2,991,000	747,700
	268			
Kyrgyz Republic	430	26,800	21,400	5,400 8,600
Lao PDR	430 50	43,000	34,400	
Liberia		5,000	4,000	1,000
Libya	526	52,600	42,100	10,500
Luxembourg	697	69,700	55,800	13,900
Madagascar	50	5,000	4,000	1,000
Malaysia	1,095	109,500	87,600	21,900
Maldives	72	7,200	5,800	1,400
Malta	136	13,600	10,900	2,700
Mongolia	411	41,100	32,900	8,200
Morocco	50	5,000	4,000	1,000
Myanmar	2,645	264,500	211,600	52,900
Nepal	809	80,900	64,700	16,200
Netherlands	10,313	1,031,300	825,000	206,300
New Zealand	4,615	461,500	369,200	92,300
Norway	5,506	550,600	440,500	110,100
Oman	2,592	259,200	207,400	51,800
Pakistan	10,341	1,034,100	827,300	206,800
Peru	1,546	154,600	123,700	30,900
Philippines	9,791	979,100	783,300	195,800
Poland	8,318	831,800	665,400	166,400
Portugal	650	65,000	52,000	13,000
Qatar	6,044	604,400	483,500	120,900
Romania	1,530	153,000	122,400	30,600
Russia	65,362	6,536,200	5,229,000	1,307,200
Rwanda	50	5,000	4,000	1,000
Samoa	21	2,100	1,700	400
Saudi Arabia	25,446	2,544,600	2,035,700	508,900
Serbia	50	5,000	4,000	1,000
Singapore	2,500	250,000	200,000	50,000
South Africa	50	5,000	4,000	1,000
Spain	17,615	1,761,500	1,409,200	352,300
Sri Lanka	2,690	269,000	215,200	53,800
Sudan	590	59,000	47,200	11,800
Sweden	6,300	630,000	504,000	126,000
Switzerland	7,064	706,400	565,100	141,300
Tajikistan	309	30,900	24,700	6,200
Thailand	14,275	1,427,500	1,142,000	285,500
Timor-Leste	160	16,000	12,800	3,200
Togo	50	5,000	4,000	1,000
Tonga	12	1,200	1,000	200
Tunisia	50	5,000	4,000	1,000
Türkiye	26,099	2,609,900	2,087,900	522,000
United Arab Emirates	11,857	1,185,700	948,600	237,100
United Kingdom	30,547	3,054,700	2,443,800	610,900
Uruguay	50,547	5,000	4,000	1,000
Uzbekistan	2,198	219,800	175,800	44,000
Vanuatu	2,198	219,800	400	44,000
Viet Nam	6,633	663,300	530,600	132,700
Total	970,273	97,027,300	77,621,900	19,405,400
		23	,	,,

C Disclosure Notes

C17 Reserves

Based on Article 18.1 of the AOA, the Board of Governors shall determine at least annually what part of the net income of the Bank shall be allocated, after making provision for reserves, to retained earnings or other purposes and what part, if any, shall be distributed to the members.

C18 Distribution

Retained earnings as at March 31, 2024 are USD2,442.24 million (Dec. 31, 2023: USD2,096.19 million). For the three months ended March 31, 2024, USD0.19 million (for the three months ended March 31, 2023: USD0.37 million) of retained earnings has been transferred to the reserve for accretion of the paid-in capital receivables.

No dividends were declared during the reporting period.

C19 Unconsolidated structured entities

Special Funds established and administered by the Bank based on Article 17.1 of the AOA are unconsolidated structured entities for accounting purposes. Consistent with Article 10 of the Bank's AOA, the resources of the Special Funds shall at all times and in all respects be held, used, committed, invested or otherwise disposed of entirely separately from the Bank's ordinary resources.

The Project Preparation Special Fund

The objective of the Project Preparation Special Fund is to support and facilitate preparatory activities during the preparation and early implementation of projects, on a grant basis, for the benefit of one or more members of the Bank that, at the time when the decision to extend the grant is made by the Bank, are classified as recipients of financing from the International Development Association ("IDA"), and other members of the Bank with substantial development needs and capacity constraints.

The resources of the Project Preparation Special Fund consist of: (a) amounts accepted from any member of the Bank, any of its political or administrative sub-divisions, or any entity under the control of the member or such sub-divisions or any other country, entity or person approved by the President may become a contributor to the Special Funds; (b) income derived from investment of the resources of the Special Funds; and (c) funds reimbursed to the Special Funds, if any.

The full cost of administering the Project Preparation Special Fund is charged to the Project Preparation Special Fund. The Bank charges an administration fee equal to 1% of any contribution, and the Project Preparation Special Fund bears all expenses appertaining directly to operations financed from the resources of the Project Preparation Special Fund.

As at March 31, 2024, the Project Preparation Special Fund has aggregate contributions received amounted to USD128 million (Dec. 31, 2023: USD128 million). For the three months ended March 31, 2024, fees recognized as income amounted to USD0.15 million (for the three months ended March 31, 2023: USD0.04 million) (Note C2). As at March 31, 2024, deferred administration fees recognized as other liabilities amounted to USD0.02 million (Dec. 31, 2023: USD0.17 million) (Note C15).

C19 Unconsolidated structured entities (Continued)

The Special Fund Window for Less Developed Members (the "Special Fund Window")

The Special Fund Window provides interest rate buy-down to eligible sovereign-backed financing aligned with AIIB's Corporate Strategy in eligible members according to the approved Rules and Regulations. The Special Fund Window is funded by the amounts transferred by the Bank from its Project Preparation Special Fund, and voluntary contributions from the Bank's Members.

As at March 31, 2024, there was no administration fee receivable by the Bank (Dec. 31, 2023: USD0.04 million), and the interest rate buy-down balance for eligible sovereignbacked loans from Special Fund Window amounted to USD34.82 million (Dec. 31, 2023: USD34.86 million) (Note C15).

As of March 31, 2024, there was no payable amount to Special Fund Window due to partial cancellation of loan commitment (Dec. 31, 2023: USD4.14 million) (Note C15).

The Project-Specific Window

On March 19, 2024, the Bank established the Project-Specific Window for the Bank to accept, manage, and disburse external grants for the co-financing of eligible projects in the Bank's low- and middle-income members and small island members as defined in the Rules and Regulations of the AIIB Project-Specific Window.

The resource of the Project-Specific Window consists of contributions from eligible contributors to co-finance specific eligible projects approved by the contributors. Contributions received will be channeled and disbursed to the approved specific projects. The full cost of administration shall be charged to the Project-Specific Window.

As of March 31, 2024, no contribution has been received in Project-Specific Window.

AllB External Special Funds

Special Fund resources received by AIIB in its role as implementing entity of multilateral partnership facilities are considered as AIIB External Special Funds collectively. AIIB became the Global Infrastructure Facility Technical Partner ("GIF TP") on June 23, 2021 after executing the Financial Procedures Agreement; the MCDF Implementing Partner ("MCDF IP") on Aug. 9, 2021 after executing the Implementing Partner Agreement; and the Pandemic Prevention, Preparedness and Response Trust Fund Implementing Entity ("PPR IE") on Feb. 10, 2023 after executing the Financial Procedures Agreement. Resources from the multilateral partnership facilities are administrated in separate External Special Funds.

The Bank is not obliged to provide financial support to the Special Funds.

C20 Related party transactions

Parties are generally considered to be related if the parties are under common control, or one party has the ability to control the other party or can exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operational decisions. In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, not merely to the legal form.

Major outstanding balances with related parties are as follows:

	March (31, 2024	Dec. 31, 2023		
	PRC related entities	Other related parties	PRC related entities	Other related parties	
Loan investments LP Fund Equity and bond investment in	1,488,056 66,210	-	1,508,033 67,830	-	
associates	-	250,118	-	205,043	
Other assets	-	59	-	37	
Other liabilities		34,830	-	39,165	

The income and expense items affected by transactions with related parties are as follows:

	e	hree months nded 1 31, 2024	For the three months ended March 31, 2023		
	PRC related entities	Other related parties	PRC related entities	Other related parties	
Income from loan investments	18,806	-	15,056	-	
Net (loss)/gain on LP Fund Net gain on equity and	(4,939)	-	2,118	-	
bond investment in associates	-	4,186	-	3,331	
Income from Special Funds (Administration Fee)	-	155	-	38	

C Disclosure Notes

C20 Related party transactions (Continued)

Shareholder with significant influence

The Bank considers PRC as the member that has a significant influence over the Bank's financial and operating policies through its ability to exercise its voting powers in the Board. As of March 31, 2024, the Government of the PRC (the "Government") owned approximately 30.69% of the paid-in capital of the Bank (Dec. 31, 2023: approximately 30.69%).

The Bank enters into transactions with enterprises ultimately controlled by the Government (State-owned Entities), including but not limited to, lending, bond investments, equity and fund investments, deposits and interbank placements, goods and services.

The Bank considers the transactions with PRC state-owned entities are activities conducted in the ordinary course of business, and the dealings of the Bank have not been significantly or unduly affected by the fact that these entities are ultimately controlled by the Government.

Significant transactions with the PRC related entities are as follows:

⁽¹⁾ Loan investments

The Bank has loan facilities to nonsovereign borrowers that are ultimately controlled by State-owned Entities with a total outstanding balance of USD226.07 million as at March 31, 2024. The Bank entered into the agreement with the borrowers in the ordinary course of business under normal commercial terms and at market rates.

The Bank has sovereign-backed facilities to PRC with a total outstanding balance of USD1,261.99 million equivalent as of March 31, 2024. The Bank's standard interest rate for sovereign-backed loans has been applied. PRC sovereign-backed loans and nonsovereign-backed loan on USD LIBOR have been transitioned to SOFR.

(2) LP Fund

In July 2019, the Bank approved a USD75 million investment into a limited partnership fund organized under the laws of Hong Kong, China and subscribed to an interest therein in November 2019. In addition to the Bank, the Government and other entities related therewith are also limited partners of the Fund. The Bank will not take part in the management of the Fund. As at March 31, 2024, the fair value of the Bank's interest in the Fund is USD66.21 million (Dec. 31, 2023: USD67.83 million).

C Disclosure Notes

C20 Related party transactions (Continued)

Transactions with other related parties are as follows:

⁽¹⁾ Equity and bond investment in associates

The Bank subscribed for USD118.96 million in associates (Note C10). As at March 31, 2024, the Bank holds USD131.16 million of infrastructure asset-backed securities issued by the associate.

⁽²⁾ Transactions with Special Funds

As at March 31, 2024, the outstanding balance of other receivables from the Special Funds is USD0.06 million (Dec. 31, 2023: USD0.04 million).

As at March 31, 2024, other liabilities relate to the Project Preparation Special Fund deferred administration fee of USD0.02 million (Dec. 31, 2023: USD0.17 million), the interest rate buy-down balance of USD34.82 million from Special Fund Window (Dec. 31, 2023: USD34.86 million), and there was no payable amount (Dec. 31, 2023: USD4.14 million) to Special Fund Window due to a partial cancellation of loan commitment. (Note C19).

Key management personnel

Key management personnel are those persons who have the authority and responsibility to plan, direct, and control the activities of the Bank. Key management personnel of the Bank is defined as the members of the Bank's Executive Committee, that is, in accordance with the Terms of Reference of the Executive Committee dated Jan. 5, 2022, the President, the Vice Presidents, the General Counsel, the Chief Risk Officer, the Chief Financial Officer and the Chief Economist.

For the three months ended March 31, 2024 and the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Bank has no material transactions with key management personnel.

The compensation of key management personnel during the year comprises short-term employee benefits of USD0.99 million (for the three months ended March 31, 2023: USD1.02 million) and defined contribution plans of USD0.20 million (for the three months ended March 31, 2023: USD0.20 million).

C Disclosure Notes

C20 Related party transactions (Continued)

Use of office building

In accordance with Article 5 of the Headquarters Agreement, Government will provide a permanent office building ("Permanent Premises") and temporary office accommodation to the Bank, free of charge. The Permanent Premises and temporary office accommodation are provided to the Bank for the purposes of carrying out its Official Activities, as defined in Article 1(k) of the Headquarters Agreement. The Bank does not have legal ownership of the Permanent Premises. Please refer to Headquarters Agreement disclosed on public domain of AIIB website.

The provision of the Permanent Premises and temporary office accommodation is not subject to any consideration payable by the Bank, or any conditions relating to the Bank's lending or investing activities. The Bank, however, remains responsible for the management of the Premises and/or for the associated costs, including that of utilities and services.

On June 1, 2020, the Bank officially moved to the Permanent Premises. The temporary office was returned to the Government on June 5, 2020.

The Permanent Premises of the Bank are located at Towers A and B, Asia Financial Center, No.1 Tianchen East Road, Chaoyang District, Beijing 100101 and, as of the reporting date, provides the Bank with approximately 81,580 square meters of office space and associated facilities and equipment.

On September 11, 2019, the People's Government of Tianjin Municipality (the "Tianjin Municipality") and the Bank entered into a Memorandum of Understanding (the "MOU"), in accordance with Article 5 of the Headquarters Agreement, to set out the arrangements regarding the premises of the Bank as its back-up business office in Tianjin (the "Tianjin Premises"). Specifically, according to the MOU, Tianjin Municipality will provide the Tianjin Premises to the Bank for its use, free of charge, similar to the arrangements for the Permanent Premises.

On March 31, 2021, Tianjin Municipality officially handed over the Tianjin Premises to the Bank. The Tianjin Premises are located at Level 25, Level 26, 3-14, No. 681, Ronghe Road, Binhai New Area, Tianjin, and provide the Bank with approximately 4,258 square meters of office space.

C21 Segment reporting

The Bank has only one reportable segment since financial results are reviewed and resource allocation decisions are made at the entity level.

The table below illustrates the geographic distribution of the Bank's loan and guarantee revenue by destination for the three months ended March 31, 2024, and March 31, 2023.

Loan and guarantee revenue comprises loan interest income, loan commitment fee, guarantee fee and other service fees.

9	For the t	For th	the three months ended March 31, 2023			
Region	Sovereign -backed loans and guarantees	Nonsovereign -backed loans	Total	Sovereign -backed Ioans	Nonsovereign Total -backed Ioans	
Central Asia	31,851	4,596	36,447	14,637	2,206 16,843	
Eastern Asia Southeastern	19,828	3,402	23,230	12,324	4,625 16,949	
Asia	66,923	6,838	73,761	45,877	2,963 48,840	
Southern Asia	137,033	6,671	143,704	93,044	6,282 99,326	
Western Asia	59,827	19,719	79,546	44,170	14,923 59,093	
Oceania	1,904	-	1,904	1,723	- 1,723	
Other Regional	-	4,152	4,152	-	5,099 5,099	
Total Regional	317,366	45,378	362,744	211,775	36,098 247,873	
Total Non-						
Regional	12,920	4,138	17,058	8,855	3,621 12,476	
Total	330,286	49,516	379,802	220,630	39,719 260,349	

C22 Events after the end of the reporting period

There have been no other material events since the reporting date that would require disclosure or adjustment to these financial statements.

D Financial Risk Management

D1 Overview

The Bank adopts a proactive and comprehensive approach to risk management that is instrumental to the Bank's financial viability and success in achieving its mandate. The ability to identify, mitigate, and manage risk begins with the Bank's policies established with a strong risk culture. In addition to establishing appropriate risk parameters and a thorough and robust project review and monitoring process, the risk management function provides independent oversight of credit and other investment risk, market risk, liquidity risk, counterparty credit risk, model risk, operational risk, and compliance and integrity risk in the Bank's activities. It is also designed to manage assets and liabilities to minimize the volatility in its equity value and to maintain sufficient liquidity.

For further information, please refer to the accompanying notes D Financial Risk Management included in the Bank's financial statements for the year ended Dec. 31, 2023.

D2 Market risk

IBOR reform

All sovereign loans and swaps have been transitioned to a SOFR reference rate.

As of March 31, 2024, the Bank has successfully completed the majority of the transition for nonsovereign-backed loans. There are a few legacy projects with a carrying amount of USD193.00 million and a commitment amount of USD6.2 million that now have synthetic LIBOR reset rates but have yet to transition to standard SOFR terms. The Bank is actively considering additional approaches to solve the legacy portfolio which leaves the Bank with minimal exposure to residual interest rate risk.

D3 Credit and other investment risks

Credit quality analysis

Except for loan investments, bond investments and issued guarantee commitments, other financial assets are paid-in capital receivables, deposits with banks and MMFs, for which the credit risk is not material.

The following table sets out the loans and loan commitments for sovereign-backed loans, nonsovereign-backed loans exclusive of any received sovereign guarantees, bond investments at amortized cost and issued guarantees, with their respective ECL allowance balance as of March 31, 2024.

D Financial Risk Management

D3 Credit and other investment risks (Continued)

Credit quality analysis (Continued)

	M Gross	larch 31, 2024		Gross	Dec. 31, 2023	
	Carrying amount	Commitments	ECL	Carrying amount	Commitments	ECL
Sovereign- backed loans Nonsovereign-	21,179,615	12,906,549	(183,755)	19,944,062	11,443,983	(185,867)
backed loans	2,286,955	689,219	(37,770)	2,306,527	515,457	(95,360)
Loan investments	23,466,570	13,595,768	(221,525)	22,250,589	11,959,440	(281,227)
Bond investments	9,772,611	-	(15,017)	8,281,348	-	(14,983)
Total	33,239,181	13,595,768	(236,542)	30,531,937	11,959,440	(296,210)

The maximum credit risk exposure of the issued financial guarantees as at March 31, 2024 is USD1,187.08 million (Dec. 31, 2023: USD1,190.28 million), with an associated ECL allowance of USD0.78 million (Dec. 31, 2023: USD0.86 million). The issued financial guarantees are classified as Stage 1.

D **Financial Risk Management**

D3 Credit and other investment risks (Continued)

Credit quality analysis (Continued)

(i) Concentration of credit risk in investment operations portfolio

The geographical distribution by the destination of the Bank's loan investments (gross carrying amount of loans and exposure of loan commitments), issued guarantee commitments and associated ECL is as follows:

	Ма	arch 31, 20	24	Dec. 31, 2023			
Region	Stage 1	Stage 2	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Total	
Sovereign- backed loans and guarantees ⁽¹⁾							
Central Asia	2,900,635	50,510	2,951,145	2,806,901	50,041	2,856,942	
Eastern Asia	2,537,414	-	2,537,414	2,574,924	-	2,574,924	
Southeastern Asia	7,902,061	69,914	7,971,975	5,296,931	70,690	5,367,621	
Southern Asia	14,036,750	808,680	14,845,430	14,060,498	806,141	14,866,639	
Western Asia	4,304,319	610,377	4,914,696	4,222,254	604,114	4,826,368	
Oceania	118,926	-	118,926	117,023	-	117,023	
Total Regional	31,800,105	1,539,481	33,339,586	29,078,531	1,530,986	30,609,517	
Total							
Non-Regional	1,933,662	-	1,933,662	1,968,811	-	1,968,811	
Subtotal	33,733,767	1,539,481	35,273,248	31,047,342	1,530,986	32,578,328	
	Mar	March 31, 2024			Dec. 31, 2023		
Region	Stage 1	Stage 2	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Total	
ECL allowance							
Central Asia	1,128	7,320	8,448	1,079	7,503	8,582	
Eastern Asia	646	-	646	627	-	627	
Southeastern Asia	682	20,661	21,343	608	20,553	21,161	

131,202

19,401

181,650

184,537

2,887

610

21,335

5,769

30,014

2,790

32,804

596

133,096

19,875

183,937

186,727

2,790

596

111,761

153,923

153,923

-

14,106

(1) The issued financial guarantees are classified as Stage 1.

108,330

13,571

149,882

149,882

-

22,872

5,830

31,768

2,887

34,655

610

Southern Asia

Western Asia

Total Regional

Non-Regional

Oceania

Subtotal

Total

D Financial Risk Management

D3 Credit and other investment risks (Continued)

Credit quality analysis (Continued)

(i) Concentration of credit risk in investment operations portfolio (Continued)

	March 31, 2024				Dec. 31, 2023			
Region	Stage 1	Stage 2 S	Stage 3 ⁽¹⁾	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	5 Total
Nonsovereign- backed loans								
Central Asia	390,631	98,859	-	489,490	245,424	-	-	245,424
Eastern Asia	340,704	-	-	340,704	346,258	-	-	346,258
Southeastern								
Asia	350,910	-	-	350,910	348,976	-	67,255	416,231
Southern Asia	382,090	-	-	382,090	427,462	-	-	427,462
Western Asia	766,257	104,347	-	870,604	709,028	112,351	-	821,379
Other Regional	-	264,714	-	264,714	-	270,070	-	270,070
Total Regional	2,230,592	467,920	-	2,698,512	2,077,148	382,421	67,255	2,526,824
Total Non-								
Regional	171,175	106,485	-	277,660	181,065	114,095	-	295,160
Subtotal	2,401,767	574,405	-	2,976,172	2,258,213	496,516	67,255	2,821,984
Total	36,135,534	2,113,886	- :	38,249,420	33,305,555	2,027,502	67,255	35,400,312

March 31, 2024

Dec. 31, 2023

Region	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3 ⁽¹⁾	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
ECL allowance								
Central Asia	359	6,125	-	6,484	1,025	-	-	1,025
Eastern Asia	271	-	-	271	192	-	-	192
Southeastern								
Asia	839	-	-	839	802	-	62,751	63,553
Southern Asia	623	-	-	623	626	-	-	626
Western Asia	5,899	1,148	-	7,047	3,967	1,810	-	5,777
Other Regional	-	9,920	-	9,920	-	11,104	-	11,104
Total Regional	7,991	17,193	-	25,184	6,612	12,914	62,751	82,277
Total Non-								
Regional	797	11,789	-	12,586	817	12,266	-	13,083
Subtotal	8,788	28,982	-	37,770	7,429	25,180	62,751	95,360
Total	43,443	178,864	-	222,307	40,233	179,103	62,751	282,087

(1) A credit impaired nonsovereign-backed loan was derecognized after the Bank exited in full in March 2024.

D Financial Risk Management

D3 Credit and other investment risks (Continued)

Credit quality analysis (Continued)

(i) Concentration of credit risk in investment operations portfolio (Continued)

The sector distribution of the proceeds of the Bank's projects for loan investments (gross carrying amount of loans and exposure of loan commitments), issued guarantee commitments and associated ECL is as follows:

	March	31, 2024		De	c. 31, 2023	
Sector	Stage 1	Stage 2	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Total
Sovereign-						
backed loans and guara	ntees					
CRF ⁽¹⁾ -Economic						
Resilience/PBF ⁽²⁾	10,758,554	-	10,758,554	9,124,604	-	9,124,604
CRF-Finance/Liquidity	1,181,513	213,407	1,394,920	1,207,390	210,323	1,417,713
CRF-Public Health	3,233,483	-	3,233,483	3,288,501	-	3,288,501
Education Infrastructure	251,947	-	251,947	249,860	-	249,860
Energy	3,973,776	908,967	4,882,743	3,970,868	900,944	4,871,812
Transport	6,263,769	134,817	6,398,586	6,310,317	139,451	6,449,768
Urban	1,617,855	201,798	1,819,653	1,549,584	200,244	1,749,828
Water	3,636,000	-	3,636,000	3,673,042	-	3,673,042
Health Infrastructure	1,042,833	-	1,042,833	-	-	-
Multi-sector	1,691,157	-	1,691,157	1,590,894	-	1,590,894
Others	82,880	80,492	163,372	82,282	80,024	162,306
Subtotal	33,733,767	1,539,481	35,273,248	31,047,342	1,530,986	32,578,328
		81, 2024			. 31, 2023	
Sector	March 3 Stage 1	31, 2024 Stage 2	Total	Dec Stage 1	. 31, 2023 Stage 2	Total
Sector ECL allowance		,	Total			Total
		,	Total			Total
ECL allowance		,	Total 24,049			Total 22,727
ECL allowance CRF-Economic	Stage 1	,		Stage 1		
ECL allowance CRF-Economic Resilience/PBF	Stage 1 24,049	Stage 2	24,049	Stage 1 22,727	Stage 2	22,727
ECL allowance CRF-Economic Resilience/PBF CRF-Finance/Liquidity	Stage 1 24,049 2,069	Stage 2	24,049 23,239	Stage 1 22,727 2,376	Stage 2	22,727 25,518
ECL allowance CRF-Economic Resilience/PBF CRF-Finance/Liquidity CRF-Public Health	Stage 1 24,049 2,069 1,532	Stage 2	24,049 23,239 1,532	Stage 1 22,727 2,376 1,486	Stage 2	22,727 25,518 1,486
ECL allowance CRF-Economic Resilience/PBF CRF-Finance/Liquidity CRF-Public Health Education Infrastructure	Stage 1 24,049 2,069 1,532 12	Stage 2 - 21,170 - -	24,049 23,239 1,532 12	Stage 1 22,727 2,376 1,486 11	Stage 2	22,727 25,518 1,486 11
ECL allowance CRF-Economic Resilience/PBF CRF-Finance/Liquidity CRF-Public Health Education Infrastructure Energy	Stage 1 24,049 2,069 1,532 12 2,481	Stage 2 21,170 - 35,487	24,049 23,239 1,532 12 37,968	Stage 1 22,727 2,376 1,486 11 2,342	Stage 2	22,727 25,518 1,486 11 38,778
ECL allowance CRF-Economic Resilience/PBF CRF-Finance/Liquidity CRF-Public Health Education Infrastructure Energy Transport	Stage 1 24,049 2,069 1,532 12 2,481 720	Stage 2 21,170 - 35,487 25,893	24,049 23,239 1,532 12 37,968 26,613	Stage 1 22,727 2,376 1,486 11 2,342 598	Stage 2	22,727 25,518 1,486 11 38,778 26,744
ECL allowance CRF-Economic Resilience/PBF CRF-Finance/Liquidity CRF-Public Health Education Infrastructure Energy Transport Urban	Stage 1 24,049 2,069 1,532 12 2,481 720 1,405	Stage 2 21,170 - 35,487 25,893	24,049 23,239 1,532 12 37,968 26,613 50,394	Stage 1 22,727 2,376 1,486 11 2,342 598 1,216	Stage 2	22,727 25,518 1,486 11 38,778 26,744 50,664
ECL allowance CRF-Economic Resilience/PBF CRF-Finance/Liquidity CRF-Public Health Education Infrastructure Energy Transport Urban Water	Stage 1 24,049 2,069 1,532 12 2,481 720 1,405 904	Stage 2 21,170 - 35,487 25,893	24,049 23,239 1,532 12 37,968 26,613 50,394 904	Stage 1 22,727 2,376 1,486 11 2,342 598 1,216	Stage 2	22,727 25,518 1,486 11 38,778 26,744 50,664
ECL allowance CRF-Economic Resilience/PBF CRF-Finance/Liquidity CRF-Public Health Education Infrastructure Energy Transport Urban Water Health Infrastructure	Stage 1 24,049 2,069 1,532 12 2,481 720 1,405 904 1	Stage 2 21,170 - 35,487 25,893	24,049 23,239 1,532 12 37,968 26,613 50,394 904 1	Stage 1 22,727 2,376 1,486 11 2,342 598 1,216 828	Stage 2	22,727 25,518 1,486 11 38,778 26,744 50,664 828

(1) Crisis Recovery Facility (CRF) is to support AIIB's members and clients in alleviating and mitigating economic, financial and public health pressures arising from COVID-19.

(2) PBF refers to policy-based financing.

D Financial Risk Management

D3 Credit and other investment risks (Continued)

Credit quality analysis (Continued)

(i) Concentration of credit risk in investment operations portfolio (Continued)

	March 31, 2024 Dec. 31, 2023							
Sector	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Nonsovereign- backed loans CRF-Finance/								
Liquidity	375,617	264,714	-	640,331	379,354	270,070	-	649,424
CRF-Public Health	99,762	-	-	99,762	99,927	-	-	99,927
Digital Infrastructure	;							
and Technology	137,760	-	-	137,760	137,837	-	67,255	205,092
Energy	746,845	309,691	-	1,056,536	642,654	226,446	-	869,100
Multi-sector	283,037	-	-	283,037	296,198	-	-	296,198
Transport	453,858	-	-	453,858	392,793	-	-	392,793
Urban	304,888	-	-	304,888	309,450	-	-	309,450
Subtotal	2,401,767	574,405	-	2,976,172	2,258,213	496,516	67,255	2,821,984
Total	36,135,534	2,113,886	-	38,249,420	33,305,555	2,027,502	67,255	35,400,312

March 31, 2024

Dec. 31, 2023

Sector	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
ECL allowance								
CRF-Finance/								
Liquidity	2,396	9,920	-	12,316	2,494	11,103	-	13,597
CRF-Public Health	83	-	-	83	73	-	-	73
Digital Infrastructure								
and Technology	183	-	-	183	187	-	62,751	62,938
Energy	1,522	19,062	-	20,584	2,129	14,077	-	16,206
Multi-sector	799	-	-	799	850	-	-	850
Transport	3,018	-	-	3,018	836	-	-	836
Urban	787	-	-	787	860	-	-	860
Subtotal	8,788	28,982	-	37,770	7,429	25,180	62,751	95,360
Total	43,443	178,864	-	222,307	40,233	179,103	62,751	282,087

D Financial Risk Management

D3 Credit and other investment risks (Continued)

Credit quality analysis (Continued)

(ii) Reconciliation of gross carrying amount of loans and exposure of loan commitments, issued guarantee commitments, bond investments, and ECL

An analysis of the changes in the gross carrying amount of loans and exposure of loan commitments, with the related changes in ECL allowances is as follows:

Sovereign-backed loans and issued	Stage 1	Stage 2	Total
Gross carrying amount of loans	Stage	Stage 2	IOtai
and exposure of loan/			
guarantee commitments as at	04 047 040	4 500 000	00 570 000
Jan. 1, 2024	31,047,342	1,530,986	32,578,328
New loans, commitments and			
guarantees originated	2,810,695	-	2,810,695
Repayments	(88,578)	(3,122)	(91,700)
Movement in net transaction costs,			
fees, and related income			
through EIR method	94,280	11,617	105,897
Cancelled commitment	(15,653)	-	(15,653)
Foreign exchange movements	(114,319)	-	(114,319)
Transfer to stage 1	-	-	-
Transfer to stage 2	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2024	33,733,767	1,539,481	35,273,248
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Total
ECL allowance as at Jan. 1,			
2024	32,804	153,923	186,727
Additions	370	-	370
Change in risk parameters ⁽¹⁾	1,486	(4,041)	(2,555)
Change from lifetime (stage 2) to			(· · ·)
12-month (stage 1) ECL	(5)	-	(5)
Change from 12-month (stage 1)			(-)
to lifetime (stage 2) ECL	-	_	-
Reversal of ECL allowance	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2024	34,655	149,882	184,537

Sovereign-backed loans and issued guarantee commitments

⁽¹⁾ The change in the loss allowance is due to change in the Probability of Default, Loss Given Default and Exposure at Default used to calculate the expected credit loss for the loans.

D Financial Risk Management

D3 Credit and other investment risks (Continued)

Credit quality analysis (Continued)

Nonsovereign-backed loans Stage 1 Stage 2 Stage 3 Total Gross carrying amount of loans and exposure of loan commitments as at Jan. 1, 2024 2,258,213 496,516 67,255 2,821,984 New loans and commitments originated 311,324 311,324 Repayments (10, 897)(9,807)(20,704)-Movement in net transaction costs, fees, and related income through EIR method (3,234)(599)(170)(4,003)Derecognition and cancelled (41,742)commitment (67, 085)(108, 827)Foreign exchange movements (13,038)(10,564)(23,602)-Transfer to stage 1 Transfer to stage 2 (98, 859)98,859 2,401,767 As at March 31, 2024 574,405 -2,976,172 Stage 1 Stage 2 Stage 3 Total ECL allowance as at Jan. 1, 2024 7.429 25,180 62,751 95,360 Additions 676 676 Change in risk parameters ⁽¹⁾ 1,378 (2, 324)(946)Change from lifetime (stage 2) to 12month (stage 1) ECL _ Change from 12-month (stage 1) to lifetime (stage 2) ECL (695)6,126 5,431 Reversal of ECL allowance (62, 751)(62, 751)As at March 31, 2024 8.788 28,982 37.770 Total gross carrying amount of loans and exposure of loan commitments as at March 31, 2024 36,135,534 2,113,886 - 38,249,420

Total ECL allowance as at March 31,				
2024	43,443	178,864	-	222,307

D Financial Risk Management

D3 Credit and other investment risks (Continued)

Credit quality analysis (Continued)

Sovereign-backed loans and issued guarantee commitments Stage 1 Stage 2 Total							
Gross carrying amount of loans and exposure of loan/ guarantee commitments as at	otage i		lotai				
Jan. 1, 2023	26,875,054	1,555,893	28,430,947				
New loans, commitments and							
guarantees originated	4,977,828	-	4,977,828				
Repayments	(348,992)	(27,782)	(376,774)				
Movement in net transaction costs, fees, and related income							
through EIR method	103,011	2,875	105,886				
Cancelled commitment	(691,755)	-	(691,755)				
Foreign exchange movements	132,196	-	132,196				
Transfer to stage 1	-	-	-				
Transfer to stage 2	-	-	-				
As at Dec. 31, 2023	31,047,342	1,530,986	32,578,328				
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Total				
ECL allowance as at Jan. 1,							
2023	42,109	134,320	176,429				
Additions	5,582	-	5,582				
Change in risk parameters	(14,815)	19,603	4,788				
Change from lifetime (stage 2) to							
12-month (stage 1) ECL	-	-	-				
Change from 12-month (stage 1)							
to lifetime (stage 2) ECL	-	-	-				
Reversal of ECL allowance	(72)	-	(72)				
As at Dec. 31, 2023	32,804	153,923	186,727				

D Financial Risk Management

D3 Credit and other investment risks (Continued)

Credit quality analysis (Continued)

Nonsovereign-backed loans

Gross carrying amount of loans and exposure of loan commitments as at Jan. 1,	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
2023	1,839,122	629,988	74,068	2,543,178
New loans and commitments				
originated	751,030	-	-	751,030
Repayments	(377,611)	(27,335)	(6,000)	(410,946)
Movement in net transaction costs, fees, and related income through				
EIR method	5,985	1,680	(813)	6,852
Derecognition and cancelled				
commitment	(1,798)	-	-	(1,798)
Foreign exchange movements	(7,702)	(58,630)	-	(66,332)
Transfer to stage 1	105,165	(105,165)	-	-
Transfer to stage 2	(55,978)	55,978	-	-
As at Dec. 31, 2023	2,258,213	496,516	67,255	2,821,984

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
ECL allowance as at Jan. 1, 2023	6,206	44,892	66,909	118,007
Additions	1,758	-	-	1,758
Change in risk parameters ⁽¹⁾	(976)	(15,497)	(4,158)	(20,631)
Change from lifetime (stage 2) to				
12-month (stage 1) ECL	740	(4,810)	-	(4,070)
Change from 12-month (stage 1) to				
lifetime (stage 2) ECL	(299)	595	-	296
As at Dec. 31, 2023	7,429	25,180	62,751	95,360
Total gross carrying amount of loans and exposure of loan commitments as at Dec. 31,				
2023	33,305,555	2,027,502	67,255	35,400,312
Total ECL allowance as at				
Dec. 31, 2023	40,233	179,103	62,751	282,087

D Financial Risk Management

D3 Credit and other investment risks (Continued)

Credit quality analysis (Continued)

Bond investments

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Bond investments as at	_	_	_	
Jan. 1, 2024	8,266,858	-	14,490	8,281,348
New bond investments	1,639,485	-	-	1,639,485
Accrual and amortization	48,226	-	112	48,338
Foreign exchange movements	(272)	-	-	(272)
Transfer to stage 1	-	-	-	-
Transfer to stage 2	-	-	-	-
Transfer to stage 3	-	-	-	-
Derecognition	(196,288)	-	-	(196,288)
As at March 31, 2024	9,758,009	-	14,602	9,772,611
	01	01	010	-
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
ECL allowance as at				
Jan. 1, 2024	1,224	-	13,759	14,983
Additions	103	-	-	103
Change in risk parameters	(37)	-	(24)	(61)
Change from lifetime (stage 2)				
to 12-month (stage 1) ECL	-	-	-	-
Change from 12-month (stage				
1) to lifetime (stage 2) ECL	-	-	-	-
Change from 12-month (stage				
1) to lifetime (stage 3) ECL	-	-	-	-
Reversal of ECL allowance	(8)	-	-	(8)
As at March 31, 2024	1,282	-	13,735	15,017

D Financial Risk Management

D3 Credit and other investment risks (Continued)

Credit quality analysis (Continued)

Bond investments

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Bond investments as at	_	_	_	
Jan. 1, 2023	4,564,046	-	14,061	4,578,107
New bond investments	3,695,031	-	-	
				3,695,031
Accrual and amortization	79,327	-	429	79,756
Foreign exchange movements	(1,345)	-	-	(1,345)
Transfer to stage 1	-	-	-	-
Transfer to stage 2	-	-	-	-
Transfer to stage 3	-	-	-	-
Derecognition	(70,201)	-	-	(70,201)
As at Dec. 31, 2023	8,266,858	-	14,490	8,281,348
	-			
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
		-	-	
ECL allowance as at		-		
Jan. 1, 2023	1,122	-	11,807	12,929
Jan. 1, 2023 Additions	513	-	-	513
Jan. 1, 2023 Additions Change in risk parameters	-	- -	11,807 - 1,952	
Jan. 1, 2023 Additions Change in risk parameters Change from lifetime (stage 2)	513	- - -	-	513
Jan. 1, 2023 Additions Change in risk parameters Change from lifetime (stage 2) to 12-month (stage 1) ECL	513	- - -	-	513
Jan. 1, 2023 Additions Change in risk parameters Change from lifetime (stage 2) to 12-month (stage 1) ECL Change from 12-month (stage	513	- - -	-	513
Jan. 1, 2023 Additions Change in risk parameters Change from lifetime (stage 2) to 12-month (stage 1) ECL Change from 12-month (stage 1) to lifetime (stage 2) ECL	513		-	513
Jan. 1, 2023 Additions Change in risk parameters Change from lifetime (stage 2) to 12-month (stage 1) ECL Change from 12-month (stage 1) to lifetime (stage 2) ECL Change from 12-month (stage	513	- - -	-	513
Jan. 1, 2023 Additions Change in risk parameters Change from lifetime (stage 2) to 12-month (stage 1) ECL Change from 12-month (stage 1) to lifetime (stage 2) ECL Change from 12-month (stage 1) to lifetime (stage 3) ECL	513 161 - -		-	513 2,113 - -
Jan. 1, 2023 Additions Change in risk parameters Change from lifetime (stage 2) to 12-month (stage 1) ECL Change from 12-month (stage 1) to lifetime (stage 2) ECL Change from 12-month (stage	513		-	513

The majority of the Bank's assets and liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position are financial assets and financial liabilities. Fair value measurement of nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities does not have a material impact on the Bank's financial position and operations, taken as a whole.

The Bank does not have any financial assets or financial liabilities subject to nonrecurring fair value measurements for the three months ended March 31, 2024 (for the three months ended March 31, 2023: none).

The fair value of the Bank's financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- If traded in active markets, fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities with standard terms and conditions are determined with reference to quoted market bid prices and ask prices, respectively.
- If not traded in active markets, fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models or discounted cash flow analysis using prices from observable current market transactions for similar instruments or using unobservable inputs relevant to the Bank's assessment.

Fair value hierarchy

The Bank classifies financial assets and financial liabilities into the following three levels based on the extent to which inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value of the financial assets and financial liabilities are observable:

- Level 1: Fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in an active market for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: Fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices); and
- Level 3: Fair value measurements are based on models, and unobservable inputs are significant to the entire measurement.

Financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value on the Statement of Financial Position

The table below summarizes the carrying amounts and fair values of those financial instruments not measured in the Statement of Financial Position at their fair value:

	March 31, 2024 Carrying		Dec. 31, 2023 Carrying		
	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value	
Financial assets					
- Loan investments, at					
amortized cost	23,245,706	23,577,146	21,969,382	22,362,852	
-Bond investments, at					
amortized cost	9,757,594	9,584,057	8,266,365	8,017,915	
- Paid-in capital					
receivables	243,435	241,475	262,637	260,503	
Financial liabilities					
- Borrowings	3,052,844	3,055,259	2,194,104	2,194,534	

As at March 31, 2024, other than those disclosed above, the Bank's balances of financial instruments not measured at fair value but with short-term maturity approximate their fair values.

Fair value of loan investments and paid-in capital receivables measured at amortized cost has been calculated using Level 3 inputs by discounting the cash flows at a current interest rate applicable to each loan and paid-in capital receivable.

The significant input used in the fair value of loan are risk-free rate, credit default swap spreads, expected recovery rate and foreign exchange rates. Management makes certain assumptions about the unobservable inputs to the model. These are regularly assessed for reasonableness and impact on the fair value of loans. An increase in the level of forecast cash flows in subsequent periods would lead to an increase in the fair value and an increase in the discount rate used to discount to forecast cash flow would lead to a decrease in the fair value of loans.

Fair value of bond investments held at amortized cost are generally based upon quoted market prices, if available. If the market prices are not readily available, fair values are estimated using either values obtained from independent parties offering pricing services or adjusted quoted market prices of comparable investments or using the discounted cash flow methodology.

Fair value of borrowings held at amortized cost are generally based upon quoted market prices, if available. If the market prices are not readily available, fair values are determined using discounted cash flow models.

Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value on the Statement of Financial Position (Continued)

The table below summarizes the fair values of the financial assets and financial liabilities measured in the Statement of Financial Position at their fair value:

As at March 31, 2024

Financial constructed financial	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets and financial liabilities				
Investments at fair value through profit				
or loss - External Managers Program	4,026,149	270,934		4,297,083
- Investment in funds, trust and others	4,020,149	270,934	- 1,028,341	
- Bond investments	8,416,996	169,583		8,586,579
- Certificates of deposit and	0,110,000	100,000		0,000,070
commercial papers	-	3,062,629	-	3,062,629
- Investment operations				
fixed-income portfolio	237,298	-	-	237,298
Money Market Funds	-	2,128,706	-	2,128,706
Derivative assets	-	550,249	-	550,249
Total financial assets	12,680,443	6,182,101	1,028,341	19,890,885
Borrowings	-	(33,923,418)	-	(33,923,418)
Derivative liabilities	-	(1,666,162)	-	(1,666,162)
Total financial liabilities	-	(35,589,580)	-	(35,589,580)
As at Dec. 31, 2023				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets and financial				
liabilities				
Investments at fair value through profit				
or loss - External Managers Program	3,793,772	473,531	_	4,267,303
- Investment in funds, trust and others			921,617	921,617
- Bond investments	7,751,602	337,352		8,088,954
- Certificates of deposit and		,		
commercial papers	-	3,056,432	-	3,056,432
- Investment operations				
fixed-income portfolio	242,553	-	-	242,553
Money Market Funds Derivative assets	-	1,150,086 616,242	-	1,150,086 616,242
	-		-	
Total financial assets	11,787,927	5,633,643	921,617	18,343,187
Borrowings Derivative liabilities	-	(28,334,027)	-	(28,334,027)
	-	(1,582,026)	-	(1,582,026)
Total financial liabilities	-	(29,916,053)	-	(29,916,053)

Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value on the Statement of Financial Position (Continued)

The MMFs' shares are not traded in any market. The fair value of the MMFs is derived from that of the net assets value, therefore MMFs are classified as Level 2 instruments.

Certificates of deposit, External Managers Program, bond investments and commercial papers have been valued either using the discounted cash flow method based on observable market input, or obtained from market price. Derivative instruments and borrowings have been valued using discounted cash flow methodology based on observable market inputs. Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets are typical Level 1 inputs, while inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset and liability, either directly or indirectly, are typically Level 2 inputs.

In some situations, the inputs used to measure fair value might fall in different level of the fair value hierarchy. The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement falls shall be determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. When unobservable inputs are significant to the fair value measurement, those financial instruments are to be categorized as level 3.

The table below provides a reconciliation of the fair values of the Bank's Level 3 financial assets for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and the year ended Dec. 31, 2023.

	For the three months ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended Dec. 31, 2023
As at beginning of period/year	921,617	608,912
Additions	87,610	318,318
Return of capital contributions	(8,271)	(33,857)
Fair value gain, net	27,385	28,244
Total investment in funds, trust and o	thers 1,028,341	921,617

Investment in funds, trust and others:

The fair value gains or losses are attributable to the change in unrealized gains or losses relating to those financial assets held at the end of the reporting period. For the three months ended March 31, 2024, the realized gain arising from the Bank's Level 3 financial assets amounted to USD6.93 million (for the three months ended March 31, 2023: USD1.36 million).

The fair value of the investment in funds, trust and others is mainly based on an adjusted net assets method. To assess the fair value of the underlying assets of the funds, trust and others, discounted cash flow valuation technique is mainly adopted. The unobservable inputs mainly include weighted average cost of capital, liquidity discount and projected cash flows.

There has been no transfer among Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the three months ended March 31, 2024 (for the year ended Dec. 31, 2023: none).